8:39-4.1 Resident rights

(a) Each resident shall be entitled to the following rights:

1. To retain the services of a physician or advanced practice nurse the resident chooses, at
the resident’s own expense or through a health care plan;

2. To have a physician or advanced practice nurse explain to the resident, in language that
the resident understands, his or her complete medical condition, the recommended
treatment, and the expected results of the treatment, except when the physician deems it
medically inadvisable to give such information to the resident and records the reason for
such decision in the resident’s medical record; and provides an explanation to his or her
next of kin or guardian;

3. To participate, to the fullest extent that the resident is able, in planning his or her own
medical treatment and care;

4. To refuse medication and treatment after the resident has been informed, in language
that the resident understands, of the possible consequences of this decision. The resident
may also refuse to participate in experimental research, including the investigations of new
drugs and medical devices. The resident shall be included in experimental research only
when he or she gives informed, written consent to such participation;

5. To be free from physical and mental abuse and/or neglect;

6. To be free from chemical and physical restraints, unless they are authorized by a
physician or advanced practice nurse for a limited period of time to protect the resident or
others from injury. Under no circumstances shall the resident be confined in a locked room
or restrained for punishment, for the convenience of the nursing home staff, or with the use
of excessive drug dosages;

7. To manage his or her own finances or to have that responsibility delegated to a family
member, an assigned guardian, the nursing home administrator, or some other individual
with power of attorney. The resident’s authorization must be in writing, and must be
witnessed in writing;

8. To receive a written statement or admission agreement describing the services provided
by the nursing home and the related charges. Such statement or admission agreement must
be in compliance with all applicable State and Federal laws. This statement or agreement
must also include the nursing home’s policies for payment of fees, deposits, and refunds.
The resident shall receive this statement or agreement prior to or at the time of admission,
and afterward whenever there are any changes;
9. To receive a quarterly written account of all resident's funds and itemized property that are deposited with the facility for the resident's use and safekeeping and of all financial transactions with the resident, next of kin, or guardian. This record shall also show the amount of property in the account at the beginning and end of the accounting period, as well as a list of all deposits and withdrawals, substantiated by receipts given to the resident or his or her guardian;

10. To have daily access during specified hours to the money and property that the resident has deposited with the nursing home. The resident also may delegate, in writing, this right of access to his or her representative;

11. To live in safe, decent, and clean conditions in a nursing home that does not admit more residents than it can safely accommodate while providing adequate nursing care;

12. To be treated with courtesy, consideration, and respect for the resident's dignity and individuality;

13. To receive notice of an intended transfer from one room to another within the facility or a change in roommate, including a right to an informal hearing with the administrator prior to the transfer as well as a written statement of the reasons for such transfer. The nursing home shall not move the resident to a different bed or room in the facility if the relocation is arbitrary and capricious. A transfer would not be considered arbitrary and capricious if a facility can document a clinical necessity for relocating the resident, such as a need for isolation or to address behavior management problems, or there is a hardship to an applicant for admission through a delay caused by inefficient distribution of beds by gender;

14. To wear his or her own clothes, unless this would be unsafe or impractical. All clothes provided by the nursing home shall fit in a way that is not demeaning to the resident;

15. To keep and use his or her personal property, unless this would be unsafe, impractical, or an infringement on the rights of other residents. The nursing home shall take precautions to ensure that the resident's personal possessions are secure from theft, loss, and misplacement;

16. To have physical privacy. The resident shall be allowed, for example, to maintain the privacy of his or her body during medical treatment and personal hygiene activities, such as bathing and using the toilet, unless the resident needs assistance for his or her own safety;

17. To have reasonable opportunities for private and intimate physical and social interaction with other people, including arrangements for privacy when the resident's spouse visits. If the resident and his or her spouse are both residents of the same nursing home, they shall be given the opportunity to share a room, unless this is medically inadvisable, as documented in their records by a physician or advanced practice nurse;

18. To confidential treatment of information about the resident. Information in the resident's records shall not be released to anyone outside the nursing home without the resident's approval, unless the resident transfers to another health care facility, or unless the release of the information is required by law, a third-party payment contract, or the New Jersey State Department of Health and Senior Services;
19. To receive and send mail in unopened envelopes, unless the resident requests otherwise. The resident also has a right to request and receive assistance in reading and writing correspondence unless it is medically contraindicated, and documented in the record by a physician or advanced practice nurse;

20. To have unaccompanied access to a telephone at a reasonable hour to conduct private conversations, and, if technically feasible, to have a private telephone in his or her living quarters at the resident's own expense;

21. To stay out of bed as long as the resident desires and to be awakened for routine daily care no more than two hours before breakfast is served, unless a physician recommends otherwise and specifies the reasons in the resident's medical record;

22. To receive assistance in awakening, getting dressed, and participating in the facility's activities, unless a physician or advanced practice nurse specifies reasons in the resident's medical record;

23. To meet with any visitors of the resident's choice between 8:00 A.M. and 8:00 P.M. daily. If the resident is critically ill, he or she may receive visits at any time from next of kin or a guardian, unless a physician or advanced practice nurse documents that this would be harmful to the resident's health;

24. To take part in nursing home activities, and to meet with and participate in the activities of any social, religious, and community groups, as long as these activities do not disrupt the lives of other residents;

25. To leave the nursing home during the day with the approval of a physician or advanced practice nurse and with the resident's whereabouts noted on a sign-out record. Arrangements may also be made with the nursing home for an absence overnight or longer;

26. To refuse to perform services for the nursing home;

27. To request visits at any time by representatives of the religion of the resident's choice and, upon the resident's request, to attend outside religious services at his or her own expense. No religious beliefs or practices shall be imposed on any resident;

28. To participate in meals, recreation, and social activities without being subjected to discrimination based on age, race, religion, sex, nationality, or disability. The resident's participation may be restricted or prohibited only upon the written recommendation of his or her physician or advanced practice nurse;

29. To organize and participate in a Resident Council that presents residents' concerns to the administrator of the facility. A resident's family has the right to meet in the facility with the families of other residents in the facility;

30. To discharge himself or herself from the nursing home by presenting a release signed by the resident. If the resident is an adjudicated mental incompetent, the release must be signed by his or her next of kin or guardian;

33. To be given a written statement of all resident rights as well as any additional regulations established by the nursing home involving resident rights and responsibilities.
The nursing home shall require each resident or his or her guardian to sign a copy of this document. In addition, a copy shall be posted in a conspicuous, public place in the nursing home. Copies shall also be given to the resident’s next of kin and distributed to staff members. The nursing home is responsible for developing and implementing policies to protect resident rights;

34. To retain and exercise all the constitutional, civil, and legal rights to which the resident is entitled by law. The nursing home shall encourage and help each resident to exercise these rights; and

35. To voice complaints without being threatened or punished. Each resident is entitled to complain and present his or her grievances to the nursing home administrator and staff, to government agencies, and to anyone else without fear of interference, discharge, or reprisal. The nursing home shall provide each resident and his or her next of kin or guardian with the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the government agencies to which a resident can complain and ask questions, including the Department and the Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly. These names, addresses, and telephone numbers shall also be posted in a conspicuous place near every public telephone and on all public bulletin boards in the nursing home.

(b) Each resident, resident’s next of kin, and resident’s guardian shall be informed of the resident rights enumerated in this subchapter, and each shall be explained to him or her. None of these rights shall be abridged or violated by the facility or any of its staff.

SUBCHAPTER 9. MANDATORY ADMINISTRATION

8:39-9.5 Mandatory policies and procedures for residents’ accounts

(a) The facility shall maintain a written record of all financial arrangements with each resident, next of kin who has entered into financial arrangements with the facility on behalf of the resident, and/or guardian. Copies of the record shall be accessible to the resident, next of kin who has entered into financial arrangements with the facility on behalf of the resident, or guardian during normal business hours or by prior arrangement.

(b) The facility shall provide the resident with 30 days prior written notice of charges, expenses, or other financial liabilities that are in addition to the agreed per diem rate. The resident’s prior written approval for additional charges shall not be required in the event of a health emergency that requires the resident to receive immediate special services or supplies.

(c) Funds deposited with a facility for a particular resident’s use and safekeeping shall be held in an account which is separate from any of the facility’s operating accounts.

1. Funds in excess of $50.00 shall be deposited in an interest bearing account(s) and all interest earned on resident’s funds shall be credited to that account.

2. If a resident’s personal funds do not exceed $50.00, they shall be maintained in a separate interest bearing account, a non-interest bearing account, or a petty cash fund.
3. The facility shall assure the security of all personal funds of residents deposited with the facility, through purchase of a surety bond or an alternative that provides protection equivalent to a surety bond.

(d) All residents who have advanced a security deposit to a facility prior to or upon admission shall be entitled to receive interest earnings which accumulate on such funds or property.

1. The facility shall hold such funds or property in trust for the resident and they shall remain the property of the resident. All such funds shall be held in an interest-bearing account as established under the requirements of N.J.S.A. 30:13-1 et seq.

2. The facility may deduct an amount not to exceed one percent per annum of the amount so invested or deposited for costs of servicing and processing the accounts.

3. The facility, within 60 days of establishing an account, shall notify the resident, in writing, of the name of the bank or investment company holding the funds and the account number. The facility shall thereafter provide a quarterly statement to each resident it holds security funds in trust for, identifying the balance, interest earned, and any deductions for charges or expenses incurred in accordance with the terms of the contract or agreement of admission.

8:39-9.6 Mandatory policies and procedures for advance directives

(a) The facility shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that there is a routine inquiry made of each adult resident, upon admission to the facility and at other appropriate times, concerning the existence and location of an advance directive. If the resident is incapable of responding to this inquiry, the facility shall have procedures to request the information from the resident's family or in the absence of a family member, another individual with personal knowledge of the resident. The procedures shall assure that the resident or family's response to this inquiry is documented in the medical record. Such procedures shall also define the role of facility admissions, nursing, social service and other staff as well as the responsibilities of the attending physician or advanced practice nurse.

(b) The facility shall develop and implement procedures to promptly request and take reasonable steps to obtain a copy of currently executed advance directives from all residents. These shall be entered when received into the medical record of the resident.

(c) A resident shall be transferred to another health care facility only for a valid medical reason, in order to comply with other applicable laws or Department rules, to comply with clearly expressed and documented resident choice, or in conformance with the New Jersey Advance Directives for Health Care Act, N.J.S.A. 26:2H-53 et seq., in the instance of private, religiously affiliated health care institutions who establish policies defining circumstances in which it will decline to participate in the implementation of advance directives. Such institutions shall provide notice to residents or their families or health care representatives prior to or upon admission of their policies. A timely and respectful transfer of the individual to another institution which will implement the resident's advance directive shall be effected. The facility's inability to care for the resident shall be considered a valid
medical reason. The sending facility shall receive approval from a physician or advanced practice nurse and the receiving health care facility before transferring the resident.

(d) The facility shall, in consultation with the attending physician or advanced practice nurse, take all reasonable steps to effect the appropriate, respectful and timely transfer of residents with advance directives to the care of an alternative health care professional in those instances where a health care professional declines as a matter of professional conscience to participate in withholding or withdrawing life-sustaining treatment. In those instances where the health care professional is the resident's physician or advanced practice nurse, the facility shall take reasonable steps, in cooperation with the physician or advanced practice nurse, to effect the transfer of the resident to another physician's or advanced practice nurse's care in a responsible and timely manner. Such transfer shall assure that the resident's advance directive is implemented in accordance with their wishes within the facility, except in cases governed by (c) above.

(e) The facility shall have procedures to provide each adult resident upon admission, and where the resident is unable to respond, to the family or other representative of the resident, with a written statement of their rights under New Jersey law to make decisions concerning the right to refuse medical care and the right to formulate an advance directive. Such statement shall be issued by the Commissioner. Appropriate written information and materials on advance directives and the institution's written policies and procedures concerning implementation of such rights shall also be provided. Such written information shall also be made available in any language which is spoken as a primary language, by more than 10 percent of the population served by the facility.

(f) The facility shall develop and implement procedures for referral of residents requesting assistance in executing an advance directive or additional information to either staff or community resource persons who can promptly advise and/or assist the resident.

(g) The facility shall develop and implement policies to address application of the facility's procedures for advance directives to residents who experience an urgent life-threatening situation.

(h) The facility shall develop and implement policies and procedures for the declaration of death of residents, in instances where applicable, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 26:6-1 et seq. and the New Jersey Declaration of Death Act, N.J.S.A. 26:6A-1 et seq. (P.L. 1991, c.90). Such policies shall also be in conformance with rules promulgated by the New Jersey Board of Medical Examiners which address declaration of death based on neurological criteria (N.J.A.C. 13:35-6A), including the qualifications of physicians or advanced practice nurses authorized to declare death based on neurological criteria and the acceptable medical criteria, tests, and procedures which may be used. The policies and procedures shall also accommodate a resident's religious beliefs with respect to declaration of death.

(i) The facility shall establish procedures for considering disputes among the resident, health care representative and the attending physician concerning the resident's decision-making capacity or the appropriate interpretation and application of the terms of an advance directive to the resident's course of treatment. The procedures may include consultation with an institutional ethics committee, a regional ethics committee or another
type of affiliated ethics committee, or with any individual or individuals who are qualified by their background and/or experience to offer clinical and ethical judgments.

(j) The facility shall establish a process for residents, families, and staff to discuss and address questions and concerns relating to advance directives and decisions to accept or refuse medical treatment.

(k) The facility shall provide periodic community education programs, individually or in coordination with other area facilities or organizations, that provide information to consumers regarding advance directives and their rights under New Jersey law to execute advance directives.

(l) At least one education or training program each year shall be held and documented for all administrative and resident care staff regarding the rights and responsibilities of staff under the New Jersey Advance Directives for Health Care Act (P.L. 1991, c.201) and the Federal Patient Self Determination Act (P.L. 101-508), and internal facility policies and procedures to implement these laws.

SUBCHAPTER 13. MANDATORY COMMUNICATION

8:39-13.1 Mandatory communication policies and procedures

... (c) The facility shall notify any family promptly of an emergency affecting the health or safety of a resident.

(d) The facility shall notify the attending physician or advanced practice nurse promptly of significant changes in the resident’s medical condition.

(e) The facility shall promptly notify a family member, guardian or other designated person about a resident’s death.

1. Notification shall be made at the time of the pronouncement of the resident’s death, and the time between the pronouncement of the resident’s death and notification shall not exceed one hour unless the family member, guardian or other designated person to be contacted provided other instructions as to when the required notification is to occur.

2. The facility shall enter any alternate instructions in the resident’s record alongside the contact information.

3. The facility shall maintain confirmation and written documentation of that notification.

4. The facility shall adopt and maintain in its manual of policies and procedures a delineation of the responsibilities of the facility’s staff in making such prompt notification regarding the death of a resident as required by this paragraph.

8:39-13.2 Mandatory resident communication services
(b) Before or on the day of admission, residents and families shall be informed in writing about services provided by the facility, charges imposed for services at the facility, the availability of financial assistance, the rights and responsibilities of residents and families, and the role of each service on the health care team; and they shall be given a tour of resident care units in the facility.

(c) The facility shall listen to the views and act upon or respond to the grievances and recommendations of residents and families concerning proposed policy and operational decisions affecting resident care and life in the facility.

8:39-13.3 Mandatory staff communication qualifications

(b) The facility shall ensure that all staff, including staff members not fluent in English, are able to communicate effectively with residents and families.

8:39-27.4 Mandatory post-mortem policies and procedures

(b) The next of kin, guardian, or other designated person shall be promptly notified at the time of the pronouncement of the resident’s death.

(f) Personal effects and financial accounts of deceased residents shall be safeguarded.

8:39-29.2 Mandatory drug administration policies and procedures

(a) The pharmacy and therapeutics committee shall establish and enforce procedures for documenting drug administrations in accordance with law.

(b) The facility shall have a system to accurately identify recipients before any drug is administered.

(c) Self-administration of drugs shall be permitted by qualified residents only as specified by the policy of the pharmacy and therapeutics committee and the assessment of the interdisciplinary team. Self-administration procedures shall include, at a minimum, the following:

1. The written order of the prescriber;
2. Storage of medications in the resident’s room, based on resident assessments;
3. Specifications for labeling, including directions for use;
4. Methods for documentation in the medical record, based on resident assessment;
5. Training of residents in self-administration by the nursing staff or the consultant pharmacist; and
6. Policies for individual assessment of residents’ ability to self-administer medications.