

MISSISSIPPI

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120 RESIDENT CARE

120.01 Service Beyond Capability of the Home. Whenever a resident requires hospitalization or medical, nursing, or other care beyond the capabilities and facilities of the home, prompt effort shall be made to transfer the patient/resident to a hospital or other appropriate medical facility.

120.02 Activities of daily living. Each resident shall receive assistance as needed with activities of daily living to maintain the highest practicable well being. These shall include, but not be limited to:

1. Bath, dressing and grooming;
2. Transfer and ambulate;
3. Good nutrition, personal and oral hygiene; and
4. Toileting.

120.03 Pressure sores. Residents with a pressure sore shall receive necessary treatment and service to promote healing and prevent the development of new pressure sores. Residents without pressure sores will not develop pressure sores unless the residents' clinical condition indicates they were unavoidable.

120.04 Urinary incontinence. Residents with urinary incontinence shall be assessed for need of bladder retraining program. An indwelling catheter will not be used unless the resident's clinical condition indicates that catheterization is necessary. These residents shall receive treatment and services to prevent urinary tract infections.

120.05 Range of motion. Residents with limited range of motion shall receive treatment and services to increase range of motion or prevent further decline in range of motion.

120.06 Mental and psycho-social. A resident who displays adjustment difficulty receives appropriate treatment and services to address the assessed problem.

120.07 Gastric feeding. Residents who are eating alone or with assistance are not fed by a gastric tube unless their clinical condition indicates that the use of a gastric feeding tube is unavoidable. The residents who are fed by a gastric tube receive the treatment and services to prevent complications or to restore if possible, normal eating skills.

120.08 Accidents. The facility shall ensure that the residents' environment remains as free of accident hazards as possible, and adequate supervision shall be provided to prevent accidents. If an unexplained accident occurs, this injury must be investigated and reported to appropriate state agencies.

120.09 Nutrition. Residents shall maintain acceptable parameters of nutritional status, such as body weight and protein levels, unless residents' clinical condition indicates that this is unavoidable. All residents shall receive diets as orders by their physician or nurse practitioner. Residents identified

with significant nutritional problems shall receive appropriate medical nutrition therapy based on current professional standards.

120.10 Hydration. Each resident shall be provided sufficient fluid intake to maintain proper hydration and health.

120.11 Special needs. Each resident with special needs shall receive proper treatment and care. These special needs shall include, but are not limited to injections; parenteral and enteral fluids; colostomy, ureterostomy, ileostomy care; tracheostomy care; tracheal suction; respiratory care; foot care; and prostheses.