



KANSAS DEPARTMENT ON AGING

Statutes and Regulations for the Licensure and Operation of  
**Nursing Facilities**

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Licensure, Certification, and Evaluation Commission



**KANSAS**  
DEPARTMENT ON AGING

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**KANSAS**

**STATUTES**

**ANNOTATED**

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**39-923**  
**Chapter 39--MENTALLY ILL, INCAPACITATED AND DEPENDENT**  
**PERSONS; SOCIAL WELFARE**  
**Article 9.--ADULT CARE HOMES**

**39-923. Definitions.**

(a) As used in this act:

(1) "Adult care home" means any nursing facility, nursing facility for mental health, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility, residential health care facility, home plus, boarding care home and adult day care facility, all of which classifications of adult care homes are required to be licensed by the secretary of aging.

(2) "Nursing facility" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week, caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments, need skilled nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(3) "Nursing facility for mental health" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments, need skilled nursing care and special mental health services to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(4) "Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments caused by mental retardation or related conditions need services to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(5) "Assisted living facility" means any place or facility caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator, operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, by choice or due to functional impairments, may need personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations and in which the place or facility includes apartments for residents and provides or coordinates a range of services including personal care or supervised nursing care available 24 hours a day, seven days a week for the support of resident independence. The provision of skilled nursing procedures to a resident in an assisted living facility is not prohibited by this act. Generally, the skilled services provided in an assisted living facility shall be provided on an intermittent or limited term basis, or if limited in scope, a regular basis.

(6) "Residential health care facility" means any place or facility, or a contiguous portion of a place or facility, caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator, operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, by choice or due to functional impairments, may need personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations and in which the place or facility includes individual living units and provides or coordinates personal care or supervised nursing care available on a 24-hour, seven-day-a-week basis for the support of resident independence. The provision of skilled nursing procedures to a resident in a residential health care facility is not prohibited by this act. Generally, the skilled services provided in a residential health care facility shall be provided on an intermittent or limited term basis, or if limited in scope, a regular basis.

(7) "Home plus" means any residence or facility caring for not more than eight individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage unless the resident in need of care is approved for placement by the secretary of the department of social and rehabilitation services, and who, due to functional impairment, needs personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations. The level of care provided residents shall be determined by preparation of the staff and rules and regulations developed by the department on aging. An adult care home may convert a portion of one wing of the facility to a not less than five-bed and not more than eight-bed home plus facility provided that the home plus facility remains separate from the adult care home, and each facility must remain contiguous.

(8) "Boarding care home" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week, caring for not more than 10 individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairment, need supervision of activities of daily living but who are ambulatory and essentially capable of managing their own care and affairs.

(9) "Adult day care" means any place or facility operating less than 24 hours a day caring for individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairment need supervision of or assistance with activities of daily living.

(10) "Place or facility" means a building or any one or more complete floors of a building, or any one or more complete wings of a building, or any one or more complete wings and one or more complete floors of a building, and the term "place or facility" may include multiple buildings.

(11) "Skilled nursing care" means services performed by or under the immediate supervision of a registered professional nurse and additional licensed nursing personnel. Skilled nursing includes administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed physician or dentist; and other nursing functions which require substantial nursing judgment and skill based on the knowledge and application of scientific principles.

(12) "Supervised nursing care" means services provided by or under the guidance of a licensed nurse with initial direction for nursing procedures and periodic inspection of the actual act of accomplishing the procedures; administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed physician or dentist and assistance of residents with the performance of activities of daily living.

(13) "Resident" means all individuals kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in any adult care home.

(14) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association or joint-stock association, and the legal successor thereof.

(15) "Operate an adult care home" means to own, lease, establish, maintain, conduct the affairs of or manage an adult care home, except that for the purposes of this definition the word "own" and the word "lease" shall not include hospital districts, cities and counties which hold title to an adult care home purchased or constructed through the sale of bonds.

(16) "Licensing agency" means the secretary of aging.

(17) "Skilled nursing home" means a nursing facility.

(18) "Intermediate nursing care home" means a nursing facility.

(19) "Apartment" means a private unit which includes, but is not limited to, a toilet room with bathing facilities, a kitchen, sleeping, living and storage area and a lockable door.

(20) "Individual living unit" means a private unit which includes, but is not limited to, a toilet room with bathing facilities, sleeping, living and storage area and a lockable door.

(21) "Operator" means an individual who operates an assisted living facility or residential health care facility with fewer than 61 residents, a home plus or adult day care facility and has completed a course approved by the secretary of health and environment on principles of assisted living and has successfully passed an examination approved by the secretary of health and environment on principles of assisted living and such other requirements as may be established by the secretary of health and environment by rules and regulations.

(22) "Activities of daily living" means those personal, functional activities required by an individual for continued well-being, including but not limited to eating, nutrition, dressing, personal hygiene, mobility, toileting.

(23) "Personal care" means care provided by staff to assist an individual with, or to perform activities of daily living.

(24) "Functional impairment" means an individual has experienced a decline in physical, mental and psychosocial well-being and as a result, is unable to compensate for the effects of the decline.

(25) "Kitchen" means a food preparation area that includes a sink, refrigerator and a microwave oven or stove.

(26) The term "intermediate personal care home" for purposes of those individuals applying for or receiving veterans' benefits means residential health care facility.

(27) "Paid nutrition assistant" means an individual who is paid to feed residents of an adult care home, or who is used under an arrangement with another agency or organization, who is trained by a person meeting nurse aide instructor qualifications as prescribed by 42 C.F.R. 483.152, 42 C.F.R. 483.160 and paragraph (h) of 42 C.F.R. 483.35, in effect on October 27, 2003, and who provides such assistance under the supervision of a registered professional or licensed practical nurse.

(b) The term "adult care home" shall not include institutions operated by federal or state governments, except institutions operated by the Kansas commission on veterans affairs, hospitals or institutions for the treatment and care of psychiatric patients, child care facilities, maternity centers, hotels, offices of physicians or hospices which are certified to participate in the medicare program under 42 code of federal regulations, chapter IV, section 418.1 et seq. and amendments thereto and which provide services only to hospice patients.

(c) Nursing facilities in existence on the effective date of this act changing licensure categories to become residential health care facilities shall be required to provide private bathing facilities in a minimum of 20% of the individual living units.

(d) Facilities licensed under the adult care home licensure act on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this act shall continue to be licensed facilities until the annual renewal date of such license and may renew such license in the appropriate licensure category under the adult care home licensure act subject to the payment of fees and other conditions and limitations of such act.

(e) Nursing facilities with less than 60 beds converting a portion of the facility to residential health care shall have the option of licensing for residential health care for less than six individuals but not less than 10% of the total bed count within a contiguous portion of the facility.

(f) The licensing agency may by rule and regulation change the name of the different classes of homes when necessary to avoid confusion in terminology and the agency may further



amend, substitute, change and in a manner consistent with the definitions established in this section, further define and identify the specific acts and services which shall fall within the respective categories of facilities so long as the above categories for adult care homes are used as guidelines to define and identify the specific acts.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 1; L. 1967, ch. 246, 1; L. 1972, ch. 171, 1; L. 1975, ch. 462, 39; L. 1978, ch. 161, 11; L. 1982, ch. 189, 1; L. 1983, ch. 146, 1; L. 1992, ch. 322, 7; L. 1994, ch. 6, 2; L. 1994, ch. 279, 2; L. 1995, ch. 143, 1; L. 1998, ch. 200, 3; L. 2002, ch. 197, 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, 2; L. 2004, ch. 146, 3; July 1.

#### **39-924. Purpose of act.**

The purpose of this act is the development, establishment, and enforcement of standards (1) for the care, treatment, health, safety, welfare and comfort of individuals in adult care homes licensed by the secretary of aging and (2) for the construction, general hygiene, maintenance and operation of said adult care homes, which, in the light of advancing knowledge, will promote safe and adequate accommodation, care and treatment of such individuals in adult care homes.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 2; L. 1972, ch. 171, 2; L. 1975, ch. 462, 40; L. 2003, ch. 149, 3; July 1.

#### **39-925. Administration of act; transfer of administration to secretary of aging; appointment of officer to administer the act; contracts.**

(a) The administration of the adult care home licensure act is hereby transferred from the secretary of health and environment to the secretary of aging, except as otherwise provided by this act. On the effective date of this act, the administration of the adult care home licensure act shall be under authority of the secretary of aging as the licensing agency in conjunction with the state fire marshal, and shall have the assistance of the county, city-county or multicounty health departments, local fire and safety authorities and other agencies of government in this state. The secretary of aging shall appoint an officer to administer the adult care home licensure act and such officer shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act.

(b) The secretary of aging shall be a continuation of the secretary of health and environment as to the programs transferred and shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the secretary of health and environment for such programs, except as otherwise provided by this act. On and after the effective date of this act, for each of the programs transferred, every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties and functions by or under the authority of the secretary of aging shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the secretary of health and environment in whom such powers were vested prior to the effective date of this act.

(c)(1) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, which pertains to any of the transferred adult care home survey, certification and licensing programs, and reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, which is lawfully commenced, or could have been commenced, by or against the secretary of health and environment in such secretary's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such secretary's official duties, shall abate by reason of the transfer of such programs. The secretary of aging shall be named or substituted as the defendant in place of the secretary of health and environment in any suit, action or other proceeding involving claims arising from facts or events first occurring either on or before the effective date of this act or thereafter.

(2) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, pertaining to the adult care home survey, certification and licensing programs or to the reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents which otherwise would have been dismissed or concluded shall continue to exist by reason of any transfer under this act.

(3) No criminal action commenced or which could have been commenced by the state shall abate by the taking effect of this act.

(4) Any final appeal decision of the department of health and environment entered pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 39-1401 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions, K.S.A. 77-601 et seq., and amendments thereto, currently pertaining to adult care home certification, survey and licensing or reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, transferred pursuant to this act shall be binding upon and applicable to the secretary of aging and the department on aging.

(5) All orders and directives under the adult care home licensure act by the secretary of health and environment in existence immediately prior to the effective date of the transfer of powers, duties and functions by this act, shall continue in force and effect and shall be deemed to be duly issued orders, and directives of the secretary of aging, until reissued, amended or nullified pursuant to law.

(d)(1) All rules and regulations of the department of health and environment adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in effect on the effective date of this act, which promote the safe, proper and adequate treatment and care of individuals in adult care homes, except those specified in subsection (d)(2) of this section, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be rules and regulations of the secretary of aging, until revised, amended, revoked or nullified by the secretary of aging, or otherwise, pursuant to law.

(2) The following rules and regulations of the department of health and environment adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in effect on the effective date of this act, shall remain the rules and regulations of the secretary of health and environment: K.A.R. 28-39-164 through 28-39-174.

(e) All contracts shall be made in the name of "secretary of aging" and in that name the secretary of aging may sue and be sued on such contracts. The grant of authority under this subsection shall not be construed to be a waiver of any rights retained by the state under the 11th amendment to the United States constitution and shall be subject to and shall not supersede the provisions of any appropriation act of this state.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 3; L. 1975, ch. 462, 41; L. 1980, ch. 182, 10; L. 2003, ch. 149, 4; July 1.

### **39-926. License required to operate home; compliance with regulations.**

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons acting jointly or severally to operate an adult care home within this state except upon license first had and obtained for that purpose from the secretary of aging as the licensing agency upon application made therefor as provided in this act, and compliance with the requirements, standards, rules and regulations, promulgated under its provisions.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 4; L. 1972, ch. 171, 3; L. 1975, ch. 462, 42; L. 1978, ch. 162, 11; L. 2003, ch. 149, 5; July 1.

**39-926a. Limitation on number of persons licensed to operate adult care home; application of section; section supplemental to adult care home licensure act.**

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no more than three different persons shall be licensed to operate any one adult care home under the adult care home licensure act, and no license to operate any one adult care home shall be issued under that act to more than three different persons. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any license to operate an adult care home which is in effect on the effective date of this act and which is issued to more than three different persons, or the renewal of any such license, unless subsequent to the effective date of this act three or fewer persons operate the adult care home or the license to operate the adult care home is denied or revoked.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1983, ch. 141, § 1; April 21.

**39-927. Application for license; contents; application for license to operate new intermediate nursing care home for the mentally retarded; limitations.**

An application for a license to operate an adult care home shall be made in writing to the licensing agency upon forms provided by it and shall be in such form and shall contain such information as the licensing agency shall require, which may include affirmative evidence of the applicant's ability to comply with such reasonable standards and rules and regulations as are adopted under the provisions of this act. The application shall be signed by the person or persons seeking to operate an adult care home, as specified by the licensing agency, or by a duly authorized agent of any person so specified. Any nonprofit corporation operating a nursing facility for the mentally retarded which, on the effective date of this act, includes more than one residential building located on one site or on contiguous sites may apply for a license to operate a new nursing facility for the mentally retarded which includes more than one residential building located on one site or on contiguous sites and may apply for one license for each residential building located on the new site, except that total resident population at any such location shall not exceed 75 residents.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 5; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 4; L. 1976, ch. 280, § 21; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 2; L. 1985, ch. 150, § 1; L. 1992, ch. 322, § 9; June 4.

**39-928. Issuance of license, when; inspections and investigations; reports; time license effective; nontransferable; display; contents of license.**

Upon receipt of an application for license, the licensing agency with the approval of the state fire marshal shall issue a license if the applicant is fit and qualified and if the adult care home facilities meet the requirements established under this law. The licensing agency, the state fire marshal, and the county, city-county or multicounty health departments or their designated representatives shall make such inspections and investigations as are necessary to determine the conditions existing in each case and a written report of such inspections and investigations and the recommendations of the state fire marshal and the county, city-county or multicounty health department or their authorized agents shall be filed with the licensing agency. The licensing agency and the state fire marshal may designate and use county, city-county or multicounty health departments and local fire and safety authorities as their agents in making such inspections and investigations as are deemed necessary or advisable. Such local authorities are hereby

authorized, empowered and directed to perform such duties as are designated. A copy of any inspection reports required by this section shall be furnished to the applicant.

A license, unless sooner suspended or revoked, shall remain in effect upon filing by the licensee, and approval by the licensing agency and the state fire marshal or their duly authorized agents, of an annual report upon such uniform dates and containing such information in such form as the licensing agency prescribes and payment of an annual fee. Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application and shall not be transferable or assignable. It shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the adult care home. If the annual report is not so filed and annual fee is not paid, such license is automatically canceled. Any license granted under the provisions of this act shall state the type of facility for which license is granted, number of residents for which granted, the person or persons to whom granted, the date and such additional information and special limitations as are deemed advisable by the licensing agency.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 6; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 5; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 11; L. 1989, ch. 126, § 1; July 1.

### **39-929. Provisional license, approval; terms; extension.**

A provisional license may be issued to any adult care home, the facilities of which are temporarily unable to conform to all the standards, requirements, rules and regulations established under the provisions of this act: *Provided, however*, that the issuance of such provisional license shall be approved by the state fire marshal. A provisional license may be issued to provide time to make necessary corrections for not more than six (6) months. One additional successive six-month provisional license may be granted at the discretion of the licensing agency. A change of ownership during the provisional licensing period will not extend the time for the requirements to be met that were the basis for the provisional license nor entitle the new owner to an additional provisional license.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 7; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 6; July 1.

### **39-930. License fee; disposition.**

(a) The fee for license to operate an adult care home shall be a base amount plus an additional amount for each bed of such home which shall be paid to the secretary of aging before the license is issued. The fee shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the secretary of aging. The amount received for the license fee shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the state licensure fee fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury and which shall be administered by the department on aging.

(b) If the evaluation and inspection was made by a county, city-county or multicounty health department at the direction of the secretary of aging and the papers required are completed and filed with the secretary, then the amount equal to 40% of the fee collected shall be paid to such county, city-county or multicounty health department. If a facility has a change of administrator after the commencement of the licensing period, the fee shall be \$15 and shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state licensure fee fund.

(c) All expenditures from the state licensure fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of aging or by the secretary's designee.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 8; L. 1972, ch. 171, 7; L. 1975, ch. 462, 43; L. 1980, ch. 182, 12; L. 1982, ch. 189, 3; L. 1983, ch. 286, 1; L. 1988, ch. 145, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 6; L. 2007, ch. 138, 1; Apr. 26.

**39-931. Denial, suspension or revocation of license; notice; hearing; appeal.**

Whenever the licensing agency finds a substantial failure to comply with the requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under this act or that a receiver has been appointed under K.S.A. 39-958 and amendments thereto, it shall make an order denying, suspending or revoking the license after notice and a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Any applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by the order may appeal such order in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 9; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 44; L. 1978 ch. 162, § 12; L. 1982, ch. 258, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 147, § 1; L. 1984, ch. 313, § 65; July 1, 1985.

**39-931a. Same; grounds; person defined.**

(a) As used in this section, the term "person" means any person who is an applicant for a license to operate an adult care home or who is the licensee of an adult care home and who has any direct or indirect ownership interest of 25% or more in an adult care home or who is the owner, in whole or in part, of any mortgage, deed of trust, note or other obligation secured, in whole or in part, by such facility or any of the property or assets of such facility, or who, if the facility is organized as a corporation, is an officer or director of the corporation, or who, if the facility is organized as a partnership, is a partner.

(b) Pursuant to K.S.A. 39-931 and amendments thereto, the licensing agency may deny a license to any person and may suspend or revoke the license of any person who,

(1) Has willfully or repeatedly violated any provision of law or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and acts amendatory of the provisions thereof or supplemental thereto;

(2) has been convicted of a felony;

(3) has failed to assure that nutrition, medication and treatment of residents, including the use of restraints, are in accordance with acceptable medical practices;

(4) has aided, abetted, sanctioned or condoned any violation of law or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated; or

(5) has willfully admitted a person to a nursing facility in violation of K.S.A. 39-968 and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, § 9; L. 1992, ch. 322, § 3; L. 1994, ch 147, § 2; July 1.

**39-932. Adoption and enforcement of rules, regulations and standards.**

The licensing agency shall adopt, amend, promulgate and enforce such rules, regulations and standards as may be deemed practicable, reasonable and necessary with respect to all adult care homes, to be licensed hereunder and as may be designed to further the accomplishment of the purpose of this law in promoting safe, proper and adequate treatment and care of individuals in adult care homes in the interest of public health, safety and welfare. Such rules and

regulations may prescribe minimum standards and requirements relating to the location, building, construction, size, equipment and facilities of adult care homes, the number and kind of residents allowed, the types of care offered, the records to be kept, the kind and frequency of reports and inventories to be made, and may generally establish such requirements as may be deemed necessary to protect the health, safety, hygiene, welfare and comfort of the residents.

Adult care homes which are in operation at the time of promulgation of any applicable rules and regulations or minimum standards under this act shall be given a reasonable time, under the particular circumstances not to exceed twelve (12) months from the date of such promulgation, within which to comply with such rules and regulations and minimum standards. The licensing agency may further establish by regulation a system whereby it may, on the basis of the investigations and evaluations herein provided for, uniformly rate adult care homes in terms of the quality and quantity of services and facilities provided.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 10; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 8; July 1.

### **39-932a. Adult care homes in less than an entire building.**

The licensing agency shall provide by rules and regulations for the licensing of adult care homes in any one or more complete floors of a building, or any one or more complete wings of a building, or any one or more complete wings and one or more complete floors of a building, in addition to licensing of adult care homes in entire buildings. In the case of adult care homes in less than an entire building, the licensing agency shall prescribe acceptable use and occupancy of the balance of such building, and shall prohibit those uses and occupancies which are deemed to be contrary to the public interest.

**History:** L. 1967, ch. 246, § 2; April 21.

### **39-933. Inspections and investigations; regulations for changes in facilities.**

The licensing agency shall make or cause to be made by the county, city-county or multicounty health departments such inspections and investigations as it deems necessary. The licensing agency may prescribe by regulation that any licensee or applicant desiring to make specified types of alterations or additions to its facilities or to construct new facilities shall submit plans and specifications therefore, before commencing such alterations, additions or new constructions, to the licensing agency for preliminary inspection and approval or recommendations with respect to compliance with the regulations and standards herein authorized. Necessary conferences and consultations may be provided.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 11; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 13; July 1.

### **39-934. Certain information confidential.**

Information received by the licensing agency through filed reports, inspections, or as otherwise authorized under this law, shall not be disclosed publicly in such manner as to identify individuals.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 12; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 9; L. 1975, ch. 238, § 1; July 1.

**39-935. Inspections; reporting; access to premises; exit interviews; unannounced inspections; inspection reports, posting and access; risk management program, when required; admissibility of reports.**

(a) Inspections shall be made and reported in writing by the authorized agents and representatives of the licensing agency and state fire marshal and of the county, city-county and multicounty health departments as often and in the manner and form prescribed by the rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this act. Access shall be given to the premises of any adult care home at any time upon presenting adequate identification to carry out the requirements of this section and the provisions and purposes of this act, and failure to provide such access shall constitute grounds for denial or revocation of license. A copy of any inspection reports required by this section shall be furnished to the applicant, except that a copy of the preliminary inspection report signed jointly by a representative of the adult care home and the inspector shall be left with the applicant when an inspection under this section is completed. This preliminary inspection report shall constitute the final record of deficiencies assessed against the adult care home during the inspection, all deficiencies shall be specifically listed and no additional deficiencies based upon the data developed at that time shall be assessed at a later time. An exit interview shall be conducted in conjunction with the joint signing of the preliminary inspection report.

(b) The authorized agents and representatives of the licensing agency shall conduct at least one unannounced inspection of each adult care home within 15 months of any previous inspection for the purpose of determining whether the adult care home is complying with applicable statutes and rules and regulations relating to the health and safety of the residents of the adult care home. The statewide average interval between inspections shall not exceed 12 months.

(c) Every adult care home shall post in a conspicuous place a notice indicating that the most recent inspection report and related documents may be examined in the office of the administrator of the adult care home. Upon request, every adult care home shall provide to any person a copy of the most recent inspection report and related documents, provided the person requesting such report agrees to pay a reasonable charge to cover copying costs.

(d) Each nursing facility that provides skilled nursing care, nursing facility for mental health that provides skilled nursing care or assisted living facility may establish and maintain a risk management program which shall consist of: (1) A system for investigation and analysis of the frequency and causes of reportable incidents within the facility; (2) measures to minimize the occurrence of reportable incidents and the resulting injuries within the facility; and (3) a reporting system based upon the duty of all health care providers staffing the facility and all agents and employees of the facility directly involved in the delivery of health care services to report reportable incidents to the chief of the medical staff, chief administrative officer or risk manager of the facility. Any reports and records reviewed, obtained or prepared by the department on aging in connection with any reportable incidents referred for investigation under such risk management program, including any reports and records reflecting the results of an inspection or survey under this chapter or in accordance with the regulations, guidelines and procedures issued by the United States secretary of health and human services under Titles XVIII and XIX of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended, shall not be admissible in any civil action under the laws of the state of Kansas unless the court determines on the record, following a hearing outside the presence of the jury, that the proffered evidence excerpted from any report, record, inspection or survey is relevant and substantially

related to the plaintiff's allegations and otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence set forth in article 4, chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto. This subsection shall not be construed to limit or impair a person's or entity's discovery of or access to any such report, record, inspection or survey under state or federal law; limit or impair the authority of the department on aging to investigate complaints or reportable incidents under state or federal law; or diminish or expand the department on aging's discovery of or access to quality assessment and assurance committee records under state or federal law.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 13; L. 1972, ch. 171, 10; L. 1977, ch. 152, 1; L. 1978, ch. 162, 13; L. 1980, ch. 182, 14; L. 1989, ch. 126, 2; L. 2005, ch. 127, 1; Apr. 21.

**39-936. Statement on admission; qualified personnel; education and training of unlicensed personnel; examination and fees; state registry established; refresher course required; supplier of medication; limitations on involuntary transfer or discharge of resident; effect of reliance upon spiritual means or prayer for healing by resident.**

(a) The presence of each resident in an adult care home shall be covered by a statement provided at the time of admission, or prior thereto, setting forth the general responsibilities and services and daily or monthly charges for such responsibilities and services. Each resident shall be provided with a copy of such statement, with a copy going to any individual responsible for payment of such services and the adult care home shall keep a copy of such statement in the resident's file. No such statement shall be construed to relieve any adult care home of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by law or by any requirement, standard or rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

(b) A qualified person or persons shall be in attendance at all times upon residents receiving accommodation, board, care, training or treatment in adult care homes. The licensing agency may establish necessary standards and rules and regulations prescribing the number, qualifications, training, standards of conduct and integrity for such qualified person or persons attendant upon the residents.

(c)(1) The licensing agency shall require unlicensed employees of an adult care home, except an adult care home licensed for the provision of services to the mentally retarded which has been granted an exception by the secretary of aging upon a finding by the licensing agency that an appropriate training program for unlicensed employees is in place for such adult care home, employed on and after the effective date of this act who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and who have not completed a course of education and training relating to resident care and treatment approved by the secretary of health and environment or are not participating in such a course on the effective date of this act to complete successfully 40 hours of training in basic resident care skills. Any unlicensed person who has not completed 40 hours of training relating to resident care and treatment approved by the secretary of health and environment shall not provide direct, individual care to residents. The 40 hours of training shall be supervised by a registered professional nurse and the content and administration thereof shall comply with rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of health and environment. The 40 hours of training may be prepared and administered by an adult care home or by any other qualified person and may be conducted on the premises of the adult care home. The 40 hours of training required in this section shall be a part of any course of education and training required by the secretary of health and environment under subsection (c)(2). Training for paid nutrition assistants shall consist of at least eight hours of instruction, at a minimum, which meets the requirements of 42 C.F.R. 483.160.



(2) The licensing agency may require unlicensed employees of an adult care home, except an adult care home licensed for the provision of services to the mentally retarded which has been granted an exception by the secretary of health and environment upon a finding by the licensing agency that an appropriate training program for unlicensed employees is in place for such adult care home, who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and who do not meet the definition of paid nutrition assistance under paragraph (a)(27) of K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto after 90 days of employment to successfully complete an approved course of instruction and an examination relating to resident care and treatment as a condition to continued employment by an adult care home. A course of instruction may be prepared and administered by any adult care home or by any other qualified person. A course of instruction prepared and administered by an adult care home may be conducted on the premises of the adult care home which prepared and which will administer the course of instruction. The licensing agency shall not require unlicensed employees of an adult care home who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents to enroll in any particular approved course of instruction as a condition to the taking of an examination, but the secretary of health and environment shall prepare guidelines for the preparation and administration of courses of instruction and shall approve or disapprove courses of instruction. Unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents may enroll in any approved course of instruction and upon completion of the approved course of instruction shall be eligible to take an examination. The examination shall be prescribed by the secretary of health and environment, shall be reasonably related to the duties performed by unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and shall be the same examination given by the secretary of health and environment to all unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications.

(3) The secretary of health and environment shall fix, charge and collect a fee to cover all or any part of the costs of the licensing agency under this subsection (c). The fee shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the secretary of health and environment. The fee shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.

(4) The secretary of health and environment shall establish a state registry containing information about unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications in compliance with the requirements pursuant to PL 100-203, Subtitle C, as amended November 5, 1990.

(5) No adult care home shall use an individual as an unlicensed employee of the adult care home who provides direct, individual care to residents and who does not administer medications unless the facility has inquired of the state registry as to information contained in the registry concerning the individual.

(6) Beginning July 1, 1993, the adult care home must require any unlicensed employee of the adult care home who provides direct, individual care to residents and who does not administer medications and who since passing the examination required under paragraph (2) of this subsection has had a continuous period of 24 consecutive months during none of which the unlicensed employee provided direct, individual care to residents to complete an approved

refresher course. The secretary of health and environment shall prepare guidelines for the preparation and administration of refresher courses and shall approve or disapprove courses.

(d) Any person who has been employed as an unlicensed employee of an adult care home in another state may be so employed in this state without an examination if the secretary of health and environment determines that such other state requires training or examination, or both, for such employees at least equal to that required by this state.

(e) All medical care and treatment shall be given under the direction of a physician authorized to practice under the laws of this state and shall be provided promptly as needed.

(f) No adult care home shall require as a condition of admission to or as a condition to continued residence in the adult care home that a person change from a supplier of medication needs of their choice to a supplier of medication selected by the adult care home. Nothing in this subsection (f) shall be construed to abrogate or affect any agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this act between the adult care home and any person seeking admission to or resident of the adult care home.

(g) Except in emergencies as defined by rules and regulations of the licensing agency and except as otherwise authorized under federal law, no resident may be transferred from or discharged from an adult care home involuntarily unless the resident or legal guardian of the resident has been notified in writing at least 30 days in advance of a transfer or discharge of the resident.

(h) No resident who relies in good faith upon spiritual means or prayer for healing shall, if such resident objects thereto, be required to undergo medical care or treatment.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 14; L. 1972, ch. 171, 11; L. 1977, ch. 152, 2; L. 1978, ch. 162, 14; L. 1979, ch. 131, 1; L. 1983, ch. 148, 1; L. 1983, ch. 286, 10; L. 1989, ch. 126, 3; L. 1992, ch. 250, 1; L. 1994, ch. 3, 1; L. 2001, ch. 5, 111; L. 2003, ch. 149, 7; L. 2004, ch. 146, 4; July 1.

### **39-937. Compliance with other laws and regulations.**

All pertinent laws of this state and lawfully adopted ordinances and rules and regulations shall be strictly complied with in the operation of any adult care home in this state.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 15; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 12, July 1.

### **39-938. Compliance with requirements and rules and regulations; exceptions.**

Adult care homes shall comply with all the lawfully established requirements and rules and regulations of the secretary of aging and the state fire marshal, and any other agency of government so far as pertinent and applicable to adult care homes, their buildings, operators, staffs, facilities, maintenance, operation, conduct, and the care and treatment of residents. The administrative rules and regulations of the state board of cosmetology and of the Kansas board of barbering shall not apply to adult care homes.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 16; L. 1972, ch. 171, 13; L. 1975, ch. 462, 45; L. 1990, ch. 225, 23; L. 2003, ch. 149, 8; July 1.

### **39-939. Unlawful acts.**

It shall be unlawful in any adult care home to house, care for or permit:

(a) Any resident to stay in any unapproved room, area, or detached building.

(b) Abuse, neglect, or cruel treatment of any resident.

(c) The admission to resident status of any person who is known to suffer from any disease or condition for which the home is not authorized to provide care under the provisions of this act or the terms and conditions of its license.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 17; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 14; July 1.

**39-940. Forms for application, reports, records and inspections; records open to inspection; unlawful acts.**

(a) The secretary of aging may prescribe and supply necessary forms for applications, reports, records and inspections for adult care homes. All prescribed records shall be open to inspection by the designated agents of the agencies administering this act.

(b) It shall be unlawful to:

(1) Make false entries in such records;

(2) omit any information required or make any false report concerning any adult care home; or

(3) file or cause to be filed such false or incomplete records or reports with the department on aging or with any agency administering this act, knowing that such records or reports are false or incomplete.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 18; L. 1972, ch. 171, 15; L. 1975, ch. 462, 46; L. 1981, ch. 187, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 9; July 1.

**39-941. Adult care homes; license and regulation; certain organizations exempt.**

Nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to any licensed general hospital or any nursing care facility operated by and in conjunction with a licensed hospital, or to an adult care home operated by a bona fide nonprofit religious order exclusively for the care of members of such order, and no rules, regulations, or standards shall be made or established under this act for any adult care home, conducted in accordance with the practice and principles of the body known as the Church of Christ Scientist, except as to the construction, sanitary and safe conditions of the premises, cleanliness of operation, and its physical equipment. Any organization exempted by this provision may apply for and receive a license, provided it meets the requirements of this act.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 19; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 16; L. 1977, ch. 153, § 1; May 13.

**39-942. License in effect on effective date of act continued in effect; exceptions.**

All licenses, issued under the provisions of chapter 39, article 9, of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for adult care homes or homes for the aged in force upon the taking effect of this act shall continue in force until the date of expiration unless sooner suspended or revoked as provided in this act: *Provided*, That all persons with such licenses in force upon the effective date of this act shall be permitted no less than four (4) months from their effective date to comply with the rules, regulations and standards promulgated under the authority of this act wherein those rules, regulations and standards differ in any substantial respect from those in force and effect immediately prior to the effective date hereof under the provisions of chapter 39, article 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 20; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 17; July 1.

### **39-943. Penalties.**

Any person operating an adult care home in this state without a license under this law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person who shall violate any other provision of this act or the requirements of any rules and regulations promulgated hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, § 21; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 18, L. 1982, ch. 189, § 4, Jan. 1, 1983.

### **39-944. Injunctions and other process.**

Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary of aging, as the licensing agency, in the manner provided by the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions, may maintain an action in the name of the state of Kansas for injunction or other process against any person or agency to restrain or prevent the operation of an adult care home without a license under this act.

**History:** L. 1961, ch. 231, 22; L. 1972, ch. 171, 19; L. 1975, ch. 462, 47; L. 1982, ch. 189, 5; L. 1984, ch. 313, 66; L. 2003, ch. 149, 10; July 1.

### **39-945. Correction orders; issuance; contents.**

A correction order may be issued by the secretary of aging or the secretary's designee to a person licensed to operate an adult care home whenever the state fire marshal or the marshal's representative or a duly authorized representative of the secretary of aging inspects or investigates an adult care home and determines that the adult care home is not in compliance with the provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder which individually or jointly affects significantly and adversely the health, safety, nutrition or sanitation of the adult care home residents. The correction order shall be served upon the licensee either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The correction order shall be in writing, shall state the specific deficiency, cite the specific statutory provision or rule and regulation alleged to have been violated, and shall specify the time allowed for correction.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 1; L. 1980, ch. 127, 1; L. 1988, ch. 146, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 11; July 1.

### **39-946. Civil penalty; issuance; notice of assessment; factors in determining amount of civil penalty; enforcement.**

(a) If upon reinspection by the state fire marshal or the marshal's representative or a duly authorized representative of the secretary of aging, which reinspection shall be conducted within 14 days from the day the correction order is served upon the licensee, it is found that the licensee of the adult care home which was issued a correction order has not corrected the deficiency or deficiencies specified in the order, the secretary of aging may assess a civil penalty in an amount

not to exceed \$500 per day per deficiency against the licensee of an adult care home for each day subsequent to the day following the time allowed for correction of the deficiency as specified in the correction order that the adult care home has not corrected the deficiency or deficiencies listed in the correction order, but the maximum assessment shall not exceed \$2,500. A written notice of assessment shall be served upon the licensee of an adult care home either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(b) Before the assessment of a civil penalty, the secretary of aging shall consider the following factors in determining the amount of the civil penalty to be assessed: (1) The severity of the violation; (2) the good faith effort exercised by the adult care home to correct the violation; and (3) the history of compliance of the ownership of the adult care home with the rules and regulations. If the secretary of aging finds that some or all deficiencies cited in the correction order have also been cited against the adult care home as a result of any inspection or investigation which occurred within 18 months prior to the inspection or investigation which resulted in such correction order, the secretary of aging may double the civil penalty assessed against the licensee of the adult care home, the maximum not to exceed \$5,000.

(c) All civil penalties assessed shall be due and payable within 10 days after written notice of assessment is served on the licensee, unless a longer period of time is granted by the secretary. If a civil penalty is not paid within the applicable time period, the secretary of aging may file a certified copy of the notice of assessment with the clerk of the district court in the county where the adult care home is located. The notice of assessment shall be enforced in the same manner as a judgment of the district court.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 2; L. 1980, ch. 127, 2; L. 1988, ch. 146, 2; L. 2003, ch. 149, 12; July 1.

### **39-947. Appeals to secretary; hearing; disposition of civil penalties.**

Any licensee against whom a civil penalty has been assessed under K.S.A. 39-946, and amendments thereto, may appeal such assessment within 10 days after receiving a written notice of assessment by filing with the secretary of aging written notice of appeal specifying why such civil penalty should not be assessed. Such appeal shall not operate to stay the payment of the civil penalty. Upon receipt of the notice of appeal, the secretary of aging shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. If the secretary of aging sustains the appeal, any civil penalties collected shall be refunded forthwith to the appellant licensee with interest at the rate established by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, from the date of payment of the civil penalties to the secretary of aging. If the secretary of aging denies the appeal and no appeal from the secretary is taken to the district court in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions, the secretary of aging shall dispose of any civil penalties collected as provided in K.S.A. 39-949, and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 3; L. 1980, ch. 127, 3; L. 1984, ch. 313, 67; L. 2003, ch. 149, 13; July 1.

### **39-947a. Informal dispute resolution; written request; procedure.**

(a) Upon receipt of a statement of deficiencies, an adult care home administrator may within 10 calendar days after receipt of a statement make a written request to the secretary of aging for informal dispute resolution by an independent review panel. The administrator may

make one request for informal dispute resolution per inspection to dispute any deficiencies with which such administrator disagrees. The informal dispute resolution may be based upon the statement of deficiencies and any other materials submitted; however, the department shall provide the administrator with a face to face informal dispute resolution meeting upon request by the administrator.

(b) A written request for informal dispute resolution shall:

(1) State the specific deficiencies being disputed;

(2) provide a detailed explanation of the basis for the dispute; and

(3) include any supporting documentation, including any information that was not available at the time of the inspection.

(c) Upon receipt of the written request provided for in subsection (a), the secretary of aging shall appoint a panel of three persons to compose the independent review panel. One member shall be an employee from the department on aging adult care home survey unit, provided that the individual did not participate in the survey in dispute. Two members shall be appointed from outside of the survey unit and may be employees of the department on aging, or a health care professional or consumer not employed by the department on aging.

(d) A request for informal dispute resolution shall not delay the timely correction of any deficiency. A facility may not seek a delay of any enforcement action against it on the grounds that the informal dispute resolution has not been completed before the effective date of the enforcement action. Any decision or proposed resolution of the independent review panel shall be advisory to the secretary of aging.

(e) Costs of the panel including traveling expenses and other expenses of the review shall be paid by the department of aging.

(f) The secretary of aging shall by rules and regulations implement the provisions of this section.

(g) This act shall be a part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 2004, ch. 162, 1; July 1.

### **39-948. Appeals to district court; disposition of civil penalties.**

(a) A licensee may appeal to the district court from a decision of the secretary of aging under K.S.A. 39-947, and amendments thereto. The appeal shall be tried in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

(b) An appeal to the district court or to an appellate court shall not stay the payment of the civil penalty. If the court sustains the appeal, the secretary of aging shall refund forthwith the payment of any civil penalties to the licensee with interest at the rate established by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, from the date of payment of the civil penalties to the secretary. If the court denies the appeal, the secretary of aging shall dispose of any civil penalties collected as provided in K.S.A. 39-949, and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 4; L. 1980, ch. 127, 4; L. 1984, ch. 313, 68; L. 2003, ch. 149, 14; July 1.

### **39-949. Disposition of moneys.**

All civil penalties collected pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be deposited in the state general fund.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, § 5; July 1.

### **39-950. Rules and regulations.**

The secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 6; L. 2003, ch. 149, 15; July 1.

### **39-951 Authority granted under act additional and not limiting.**

The authority granted to the secretary of aging under this act is in addition to other statutory authority the secretary of aging has to require the licensing and operation of adult care homes and is not to be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, 16; July 1.

### **39-952. Correction order not issued, when.**

The secretary of aging or the secretary's designee shall not issue a correction order to a person licensed to operate an adult care home because of a violation of a provision of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or a rule and regulation adopted thereunder which was caused by any person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice a branch of the healing arts if such person licensed by the state board of healing arts is not an owner, operator or employee of the adult care home and if the person licensed to operate the adult care home shows that such person has exercised reasonable diligence in notifying the person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice a branch of the healing arts of such person's duty to the residents of the adult care home.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, 8; L. 1999, ch. 87, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 17; July 1.

### **39-953. Citation of act.**

K.S.A. 39-923 to 39-944, inclusive, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, and K.S.A. 39-931a and 39-945 to 39-952, inclusive, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 161, § 10; July 1.

### **39-953a. Order prohibiting new admissions to adult care home; when issued; proceedings; remedy not limiting.**

(a) At any time the secretary of aging initiates any action concerning an adult care home in which it is alleged that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under the adult care home licensure act, that conditions exist in the adult care home which are life threatening or endangering to the residents of the adult care home, that the adult care home is insolvent, or that the adult care home has deficiencies which significantly and adversely affect the health, safety, nutrition or sanitation of the adult care home residents, the secretary of aging may issue an order, pursuant to the emergency proceedings provided for under the Kansas administrative procedure act, prohibiting any new admissions into the adult care home until further determination by the secretary of aging. This remedy granted to the secretary of aging is in addition to any other statutory authority the secretary of aging has relating to the licensure and operation of adult care homes

and is not be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under the adult care home licensure act.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1988, ch. 146, 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, 18; July 1.

**39-953b. Annual report of violations resulting in issuance of correction orders and civil penalties.**

(a) The secretary shall issue annually to each adult care home a report summarizing by category of licensure, violation and frequency of occurrence those violations which have resulted in the issuance of correction orders and civil penalties within the preceding twelve-month period.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1988, ch. 146, § 4; July 1.

**39-954. Application for receiver; order appointing; qualifications of persons designated and method of selection, rules and regulations.**

(a) The secretary of aging, the owner of an adult care home, or the person licensed to operate an adult care home may file an application with the district court for an order appointing the secretary of aging or the designee of the secretary as receiver to operate an adult care home whenever: (1) Conditions exist in the adult care home that are life threatening or endangering to the residents of the adult care home; (2) the adult care home is insolvent; or (3) the secretary of aging has issued an order revoking the license of the adult care home.

(b) The secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations setting forth the necessary qualifications of persons to be designated receivers and a method for selecting designees.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, 1; L. 1985, ch. 151, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 19; July 1.

**39-955. Filing application for receivership; contents.**

The application for receivership shall be filed in the district court in the county where the adult care home is located. The application shall be verified and set forth the specific reasons therefore.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 2; July 1.

**39-956. Service of copies of application for receivership; posting in adult care home.**

The applicant shall serve those persons set forth in K.S.A. 39-954 with copies of the application. Service of process shall be as provided for under the code of civil procedure. The applicant shall also send five (5) copies of the application for receivership to the adult care home. The adult care home shall post the copies of the application in conspicuous places within the adult care home.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 3; July 1.



### **39-957. Answer to application for receivership.**

A party shall file an answer to the application within five (5) days after the service of the application upon such person.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 4; July 1.

### **39-958. Priority of application for receivership in district court; evidence; appointment of receiver; certain statutes inapplicable to license granted receiver; length of license.**

(a) The application for receivership shall be given priority by the district court and shall be heard no later than the seventh day following the filing of the application. A continuance of no more than 10 days may be granted by the district court for good cause. The district court shall give all parties who have filed an answer the opportunity to present evidence pertaining to the application. If the district court finds that the facts warrant the granting of the application, the court shall appoint the secretary of aging or the designee of the secretary as receiver to operate the home.

(b) Upon the appointment of a receiver under this section, the receiver shall be granted a license by the licensing agency to operate an adult care home as provided under the provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and acts amending the provisions thereof or acts supplemental thereto. The provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and acts amending the provisions thereof and acts supplemental thereto, relating to inspection prior to granting a license to operate an adult care home and relating to payment of license fees shall not apply to a license granted to a receiver under this section, and such license shall remain in effect during the existence of the receivership and shall expire on the termination of the receivership. The receiver shall make application for the license on forms provided for this purpose by the licensing agency.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, 5; L. 2003, ch. 149, 20; July 1.

### **39-959. Powers and duties of receiver.**

A receiver appointed in accordance with the provisions of this act shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a) Conduct the day to day business operations of the adult care home;
- (b) reimburse the owner or licensee, as appropriate, a fair monthly rental for the adult care home, taking into account all relevant factors, including the condition of such adult care home and set-offs arising from improvements made by the receiver;
- (c) give fair compensation to the owner or licensee, as appropriate, for all property taken or used during the course of the receivership if such person has not previously received compensation for the property being taken or used;
- (d) correct or eliminate any deficiency in the adult care home that concerns the health, safety, nutrition, or sanitation of the residents of the adult care home and is life threatening or endangering;
- (e) enter into contracts as necessary to carry out his or her duties as receiver and incur expenses for individual items of repairs, improvements or supplies without the procurement of competitive bids, if otherwise required by law, where the total amount of such individual item does not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500);

(f) collect incoming payments from all sources and apply them to the costs incurred in the performance of his or her functions as receiver including the compensation of the receiver, if any;

(g) honor all existing leases, mortgages, chattel mortgages and security interests;

(h) operate the adult care home so as to provide safe and adequate health care for the residents of the adult care home;

(i) provide for the orderly transfer of all residents in the adult care home to other adult care homes or make other provisions for their continued safety and health care, as necessary;

(j) other powers and duties as authorized or imposed by the district court.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 6; July 1.

**39-960. Expenditures from moneys appropriated for purposes of act; when authorized; repayment.**

The secretary of social and rehabilitation services, upon request of a receiver, may authorize expenditures from moneys appropriated for purposes set forth in this act if incoming payments from the operation of the adult care home are less than the cost incurred by the receiver in the performance of the receiver's functions as receiver or for purposes of initial operating expenses of the receivership. Any payments made by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services pursuant to this section shall be owed by the owner or licensee and repaid to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services when the receivership is terminated pursuant to K.S.A. 39-963 and amendments thereto and until repaid shall constitute a lien against all non-exempt personal and real property of the owner or licensee.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 7; L. 1984, ch. 158, § 1; July 1.

**39-961 Department on aging to assist receiver; expenses of department; repayment.**

(a) The personnel and facilities of the department on aging shall be available to the receiver for the purposes of carrying out the receiver's duties as receiver as authorized by the secretary of aging.

(b) The department on aging shall itemize and keep a ledger showing costs of personnel and other expenses establishing the receivership and assisting the receiver and such amount shall be owed by the owner or licensee to the department on aging. Such department shall submit a bill for such expenses to the receiver for inclusion in the receiver's final accounting. Any amount so billed and until repaid shall constitute a lien against all nonexempt personal and real property of the owner or licensee.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, 8; L. 1984, ch. 158, 2; L. 2003, ch. 149, 21; July 1.

**39-962. Supervision of district court; final accounting; removal.**

The receiver shall be subject to the supervision of the district court. The receiver shall file a final accounting with the district court upon the termination of the receivership. The receiver shall be subject to removal by the district court for good cause.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, § 9; July 1.

**39-963. Termination of receivership; circumstances; accounting and disposition of money; court orders for recovery of certain expenses and costs.**

(a) The court shall terminate the receivership only under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) Twenty-four months after the date on which the receivership was ordered;
- (2) a new license, other than the license granted to the receiver under K.S.A. 39-958 and amendments thereto, has been granted to operate the adult care home; or
- (3) at such time as all of the residents in the adult care home have been provided alternative modes of health care, either in another adult care home or otherwise.

(b)(1) At the time of termination of the receivership, the receiver shall render a full and complete accounting to the district court and shall make disposition of surplus money at the direction of the district court.

(2) The court may make such additional orders as are appropriate to recover the expenses and costs to the department on aging and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services incurred pursuant to K.S.A. 39-960 or 39-961 and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1978, ch. 162, 10; L. 1984, ch. 158, 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, 22; July 1.

**39-964. Procedures for and review and enforcement of administrative actions.**

(a) The provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act and the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions shall govern all administrative proceedings conducted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-945 through 39-963, and amendments thereto, except to the extent that the provisions of the above-named acts would conflict with the procedures set forth in the above-mentioned statutes.

(b) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

**History:** L. 1984, ch. 313, § 69; July 1, 1985.

**39-965. Penalties for violations posing serious physical harm to resident.**

(a) If the secretary of aging determines that an adult care home is in violation of or has violated any requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under the adult care home licensure act which violation can reasonably be determined to have resulted in, caused or posed serious physical harm to a resident, the secretary of aging in accordance with proceedings under the Kansas administrative procedure act, may assess a civil penalty against the licensee of such adult care home in an amount of not to exceed \$1,000 per day per violation for each day the secretary finds that the adult care home was not in compliance with such requirements, standards or rules and regulations but the maximum assessment shall not exceed \$10,000.

(b) All civil penalties assessed shall be due and payable in accordance with subsection (c) of K.S.A. 39-946 and K.S.A. 39-947 and amendments thereto.

(c) The secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations which shall include due process procedures for the issuance of civil penalties relating to nursing facilities.

(d) The authority to assess civil penalties granted to the secretary of aging under this section is in addition to any other statutory authority of the secretary relating to the licensure and operation of adult care homes and is not to be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under the adult care home licensure act.

(e) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.  
**History:** L. 1992, ch. 322, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 23; July 1.

**39-967. Skilled nursing home or intermediate nursing care home means nursing facility.**

Wherever the terms “skilled nursing home” or “intermediate nursing care home”, or words of like effect, are referred to or designated by a statute or rule and regulation, such reference or designation shall be deemed to mean “nursing facility.”

**History:** L. 1992, ch. 322, § 13; June 1.

**39-968. Client assessment, referral and evaluation program; definitions; implementation; data entry form; requirements; duties of secretary of aging; long-term care resource information; rules and regulations; voluntary oversight council; annual report.**

(a) To achieve a quality of life for Kansans with long-term care needs in an environment of choice that maximizes independent living capabilities and recognizes diversity, this act establishes a program which is intended to encourage a wide array of quality, cost-effective and affordable long-term care choices. This program shall be known as client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE). The purposes of CARE is for data collection and individual assessment and referral to community-based services and appropriate placement in long-term care facilities.

(b) As used in this section:

(1) "Assessment services" means evaluation of an individual's health and functional status to determine the need for long-term care services and to identify appropriate service options which meet these needs utilizing the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) form.

(2) "Health care data governing board" means the board abolished by K.S.A. 65-6803 and amendments thereto.

(3) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto.

(4) "Nursing facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(5) "Secretary" means the secretary of aging.

(c) There is hereby established the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) program. The CARE program shall be administered by the secretary of aging and shall be implemented on a phased-in basis in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(d) All rules and regulations adopted by the health care data governing board relating to client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall be deemed to be the rules and regulations of the Kansas health policy authority until revised, revoked or nullified pursuant to law. The purpose of this form is for data collection and referral services. Such form shall be concise and questions shall be limited to those necessary to carry out the stated purposes. The client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall include, but not be limited to, the preadmission screening and annual resident review (PASARR) questions. Prior to the adoption of the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form by the health care data governing board, the secretary of aging shall approve the form. The client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall be used by all persons providing assessment services.

(e)(1) On and after January 1, 1995, each individual prior to admission to a nursing facility as a resident of the facility shall receive assessment services to be provided by the secretary of aging, with the assistance of area agencies on aging, except (A) such assessment services shall be provided by a medical care facility to a patient of the medical care facility who is considering becoming a resident of a nursing facility upon discharge from the medical care facility and (B) as authorized by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of aging pursuant to subsection (i).

(2) The provisions of this subsection (e) shall not apply to any individual exempted from preadmission screening and annual resident review under 42 code of federal regulations 483.106.

(f) The secretary of aging shall cooperate with the area agencies on aging providing assessment services under this section.

(g) The secretary of aging shall assure that each area agency on aging shall compile comprehensive resource information for use by individuals and agencies related to long-term care resources including all area offices of the department of social and rehabilitation services and local health departments. This information shall include, but not be limited to, resources available to assist persons to choose alternatives to institutional care.

(h) Nursing facilities and medical care facilities shall make available information referenced in subsection (g) to each person seeking admission or upon discharge as appropriate. Any person licensed to practice the healing arts as defined in K.S.A. 65-2802, and amendments thereto, shall make the same resource information available to any person identified as seeking or needing long-term care. Each senior center and each area agency on aging shall make available such information.

(i) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations to govern such matters as the secretary deems necessary for the administration of this act.

(j)(1) There is hereby established an eleven-member voluntary oversight council which shall meet monthly prior to July 1, 1995, for the purpose of assisting the secretary of aging in restructuring the assessment and referral program in a manner consistent with this act and shall meet quarterly thereafter for the purpose of monitoring and advising the secretary regarding the CARE program. The council shall be advisory only, except that the secretary of aging shall file with the council each six months the secretary's response to council comments or recommendations.

(2) The secretary of aging shall appoint two representatives of hospitals, two representatives of nursing facilities, two consumers and two representatives of providers of home and community-based services. The secretary of health and environment and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or their designee, shall be members of the council in addition to the eight appointed members. The secretary of aging shall serve as chairperson of the council. The appointive members of the council shall serve at the pleasure of their appointing authority. Members of the voluntary oversight council shall not be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage or other expenses as otherwise may be authorized by law for attending meetings, or subcommittee meetings, of the council.

(k) The secretary of aging shall report to the governor and to the legislature on or before December 31, 1995, and each year thereafter on or before such date, an analysis of the information collected under this section. In addition, the secretary of aging shall provide data from the CARE data forms to the Kansas health policy authority. Such data shall be provided in such a manner so as not to identify individuals.

**History:** L. 1994, ch. 147, 1; L. 2008, ch. 110, 3; July 1.

### **39-969. Criminal history record information.**

(a) The secretary of health and environment shall upon request receive from the Kansas bureau of investigation, without charge, such criminal history record information relating to criminal convictions as necessary for the purpose of determining initial and continuing qualifications of an operator.

b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1995, ch. 143, 8; L. 2003, ch. 149, 24; July 1.

### **39-970. Operation of adult care home precluded, when; access of secretary of health and environment to certain records; background check of employees, civil liability, fee for information request; provision of criminal history record information by secretary; licensed or registered professional service providers, volunteers and certain employees exempt; certain persons in custody of secretary of corrections exempt; report of convictions and adjudications by the Kansas bureau of investigation.**

(a) (1) No person shall knowingly operate an adult care home if, in the adult care home, there works any person who has been convicted of or has been adjudicated a juvenile offender because of having committed an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of capital murder, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3439 and amendments thereto, first degree murder, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3401 and amendments thereto, second degree murder, pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402 and amendments thereto, voluntary manslaughter, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3403 and amendments thereto, assisting suicide pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3406 and amendments thereto, mistreatment of a dependent adult, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3437 and amendments thereto, rape, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3502 and amendments thereto, indecent liberties with a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent liberties with a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3504 and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3506 and amendments thereto, indecent solicitation of a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3510 and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3511 and amendments thereto, sexual exploitation of a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3516 and amendments thereto, sexual battery, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3517 and amendments thereto, or aggravated sexual battery, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3518 and amendments thereto, an attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3301, and amendments thereto, a conspiracy to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3302, and amendments thereto, or criminal solicitation of any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3303, and amendments thereto, or similar statutes of other states or the federal government.

(2) A person operating an adult care home may employ an applicant who has been convicted of any of the following if five or more years have elapsed since the applicant satisfied the sentence imposed or was discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence; or if five or more years have elapsed since the applicant has been finally discharged from the custody of the commissioner of juvenile justice or from probation or has been adjudicated a juvenile offender, whichever time is longer: (A) Article 34 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto, except those crimes listed in subsection (a)(1); (B) articles 35 or 36 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto, except those crimes listed in subsection (a)(1) and K.S.A.

21-3605 and amendments thereto; (C) an attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3301, and amendments thereto; (D) a conspiracy to commit any of the crimes listed in subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3302, and amendments thereto; (E) criminal solicitation of any of the crimes listed in subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3303, and amendments thereto; or (F) similar statutes of other states or the federal government.

(b) No person shall operate an adult care home if such person has been found to be in need of a guardian or conservator, or both as provided in K.S.A. 59-3050 through 59-3095, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a minor found to be in need of a guardian or conservator for reasons other than impairment.

(c) The secretary of health and environment shall have access to any criminal history record information in the possession of the Kansas bureau of investigation regarding felony convictions, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, concerning persons working in an adult care home. The secretary shall have access to these records for the purpose of determining whether or not the adult care home meets the requirements of this section. The Kansas bureau of investigation may charge to the department of health and environment a reasonable fee for providing criminal history record information under this subsection.

(d) For the purpose of complying with this section, the operator of an adult care home shall request from the department of health and environment information regarding only felony convictions, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, and which relates to a person who works in the adult care home, or is being considered for employment by the adult care home, for the purpose of determining whether such person is subject to the provision of this section. For the purpose of complying with this section, the operator of an adult care home shall receive from any employment agency which provides employees to work in the adult care home written certification that such employees are not prohibited from working in the adult care home under this section. For the purpose of complying with this section, information relating to convictions and adjudications by the federal government or to convictions and adjudications in states other than Kansas shall not be required until such time as the secretary of health and environment determines the search for such information could reasonably be performed and the information obtained within a two-week period. For the purpose of complying with this section, a person who operates an adult care home may hire an applicant for employment on a conditional basis pending the results from the department of health and environment of a request for information under this subsection. No adult care home, the operator or employees of an adult care home or an employment agency, or the operator or employees of an employment agency, shall be liable for civil damages resulting from any decision to employ, to refuse to employ or to discharge from employment any person based on such adult care home's compliance with the provisions of this section if such adult care home or employment agency acts in good faith to comply with this section.

(e) The secretary of health and environment shall charge each person requesting information under this section a fee equal to cost, not to exceed \$10, for each name about which an information request has been submitted to the department under this section.

(f)(1) The secretary of health and environment shall provide each operator requesting information under this section with the criminal history record information concerning felony convictions and convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation. The criminal history record information shall be provided regardless of whether the information discloses that the subject of the request has been convicted of an offense enumerated in subsection (a).

(2) When an offense enumerated in subsection (a) exists in the criminal history record information, and when further confirmation regarding criminal history record information is required from the appropriate court of jurisdiction or Kansas department of corrections, the secretary shall notify each operator that requests information under this section in writing and within three working days of receipt from the Kansas bureau of investigation that further confirmation is required. The secretary shall provide to the operator requesting information under this section information in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the appropriate court of jurisdiction or Kansas department of corrections regarding confirmation regarding the criminal history record information.

(3) Whenever the criminal history record information reveals that the subject of the request has no criminal history on record, the secretary shall provide notice to each operator requesting information under this section, in writing and within three working days after receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation.

(4) The secretary of health and environment shall not provide each operator requesting information under this section with the juvenile criminal history record information which relates to a person subject to a background check as is provided by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 38-2326, and amendments thereto, except for adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto. The secretary shall notify the operator that requested the information, in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation, whether juvenile criminal history record information received pursuant to this section reveals that the operator would or would not be prohibited by this section from employing the subject of the request for information and whether such information contains adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto.

(5) An operator who receives criminal history record information under this subsection (f) shall keep such information confidential, except that the operator may disclose such information to the person who is the subject of the request for information. A violation of this paragraph (5) shall be an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100.

(g) No person who works for an adult care home and who is currently licensed or registered by an agency of this state to provide professional services in the state and who provides such services as part of the work which such person performs for the adult care home shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

(h) A person who volunteers in an adult care home shall not be subject to the provisions of this section because of such volunteer activity.



(i) No person who has been employed by the same adult care home for five consecutive years immediately prior to the effective date of this act shall be subject to the provisions of this section while employed by such adult care home.

(j) The operator of an adult care home shall not be required under this section to conduct a background check on an applicant for employment with the adult care home if the applicant has been the subject of a background check under this act within one year prior to the application for employment with the adult care home. The operator of an adult care home where the applicant was the subject of such background check may release a copy of such background check to the operator of an adult care home where the applicant is currently applying.

(k) No person who is in the custody of the secretary of corrections and who provides services, under direct supervision in nonpatient areas, on the grounds or other areas designated by the superintendent of the Kansas soldiers' home or the Kansas veterans' home shall be subject to the provisions of this section while providing such services.

(l) For purposes of this section, the Kansas bureau of investigation shall only report felony convictions, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of health and environment when a background check is requested.

(m) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

**History:** L. 1997, ch. 161, 1; L. 1998, ch. 144, 1; L. 2001, ch. 197, 1; L. 2002, ch. 114, 55; L. 2003, ch. 98, 1; L. 2006, ch. 169, 112; Jan. 1, 2007.

**39-971. Quality enhancement wage pass-through program; eligible employees; quarterly wage audits; limitations on use of pass-through moneys; “nursing facilities” defined.**

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, and within the limits of appropriations therefor, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and the secretary on aging shall establish a quality enhancement wage pass-through program as part of the state Medicaid plan to allow nursing facilities electing to participate in such program a payment option of not to exceed \$4 per resident day designed to increase salaries or benefits, or both, for those employees providing direct care and support services to residents of nursing facilities. The categories of employees eligible to receive the wage pass-through are the following: Nurse aides, medication aides, restorative-rehabilitation aides, licensed mental health technicians, plant operating and maintenance personnel, nonsupervisory dietary personnel, laundry personnel, housekeeping personnel and nonsupervisory activity staff. The program shall establish a pass-through wage payment system designed to reimburse facilities during the reimbursement period in which the pass-through wage payment costs are incurred.

(b) Nursing facilities shall have the option to elect to participate in the quality enhancement wage pass-through program. The wage pass-through moneys are to be paid to nursing facilities outside of cost center limits or occupancy penalties as a pass-through labor cost reimbursement. The pass-through cost shall be included in the cost report base.

(c) The quality enhancement wage pass-through program shall require quarterly wage audits for all nursing facilities participating in the program. The quarterly wage audits will require facilities to submit cost information within 45 days of the end of each quarter reporting on the use of the wage pass-through payment under the quality enhancement wage pass-through program. This quarterly wage audit process shall be used to assure that the wage pass-through

payment was used to increase salaries and benefits to direct care and other support staff as specified in this subsection or to hire additional staff that fall into the eligible personnel categories specified in this subsection.

(d) No wage pass-through moneys shall be expended to increase management compensation or facility profits. A nursing facility participating in the quality enhancement wage pass-through program which fails to file quarterly enhancement audit reports shall be terminated from the program and shall repay all amounts which the nursing facility has received under the quality enhancement wage pass-through program for that reporting period.

(e) All expenditures for the quality enhancement wage pass-through program shall be made only from moneys specifically appropriated therefor.

(f) As used in this section, "nursing facility" means a nursing facility as defined under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded as defined under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1999, ch. 101, § 1; July 1.

### **39-972. Residents receiving long-term care in medicaid approved institution; personal needs fund; supplemental income.**

(a) The head of the designated state medicaid agency shall authorize for each resident and each resident spouse of a nursing facility receiving long-term care in a medicaid approved institution to retain a certain amount of money a month in a personal needs fund. Subject to the provisions of this section, such amount shall be prescribed in rules and regulations adopted by the head of the designated state medicaid agency, except that the amount shall not be less than \$50 on and after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007, and on and after July 1, 2007, not less than \$60.

(b) The head of the designated state medicaid agency shall authorize for persons receiving long-term care in a medicaid approved institution who also receive supplemental security income payments of a certain amount of money per month to supplement such income. Subject to the provisions of this section, such amount shall be prescribed in rules and regulations adopted by the head of the designated state medicaid agency, except that the amount shall not be less than \$30.

(c) On or before July 1, 2007, and each year thereafter, the director of the budget shall certify to the head of the designated state medicaid agency the annual average increase in the chained consumer price index for all urban consumers for the preceding calendar year published by the United States department of labor and the head of the designated state medicaid agency may make adjustments for cost of living increases in the amount of moneys that can be retained in the personal needs funds pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) in an amount not to exceed such increase.

**History:** L. 2006, ch. 208, 10; July 1.

## **Article 14.—REPORTING ABUSE, NEGLECT OR EXPLOITATION OF CERTAIN PERSONS**

### **39-1401. Abuse, neglect or exploitation of residents; definitions.**

As used in this act:

(a) "Resident" means:

(1) Any resident, as defined by K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto; or  
(2) any individual kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in a medical care facility; or

(3) any individual, kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in a state psychiatric hospital or state institution for the mentally retarded.

(b) "Adult care home" has the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(c) "In need of protective services" means that a resident is unable to perform or obtain services which are necessary to maintain physical or mental health, or both.

(d) "Services which are necessary to maintain physical and mental health" include, but are not limited to, the provision of medical care for physical and mental health needs, the relocation of a resident to a facility or institution able to offer such care, assistance in personal hygiene, food, clothing, adequately heated and ventilated shelter, protection from health and safety hazards, protection from maltreatment the result of which includes, but is not limited to, malnutrition, deprivation of necessities or physical punishment and transportation necessary to secure any of the above stated needs, except that this term shall not include taking such person into custody without consent, except as provided in this act.

(e) "Protective services" means services provided by the state or other governmental agency or any private organizations or individuals which are necessary to prevent abuse, neglect or exploitation. Such protective services shall include, but not be limited to, evaluation of the need for services, assistance in obtaining appropriate social services and assistance in securing medical and legal services.

(f) "Abuse" means any act or failure to act performed intentionally or recklessly that causes or is likely to cause harm to a resident, including:

(1) Infliction of physical or mental injury;

(2) any sexual act with a resident when the resident does not consent or when the other person knows or should know that the resident is incapable of resisting or declining consent to the sexual act due to mental deficiency or disease or due to fear of retribution or hardship;

(3) unreasonable use of a physical restraint, isolation or medication that harms or is likely to harm a resident;

(4) unreasonable use of a physical or chemical restraint, medication or isolation as punishment, for convenience, in conflict with a physician's orders or as a substitute for treatment, except where such conduct or physical restraint is in furtherance of the health and safety of the resident or another resident;

(5) a threat or menacing conduct directed toward a resident that results or might reasonably be expected to result in fear or emotional or mental distress to a resident;

(6) fiduciary abuse; or

(7) omission or deprivation by a caretaker or another person of goods or services which are necessary to avoid physical or mental harm or illness.

(g) "Neglect" means the failure or omission by one's self, caretaker or another person with a duty to provide goods or services which are reasonably necessary to ensure safety and well-being and to avoid physical or mental harm or illness.

(h) "Caretaker" means a person or institution who has assumed the responsibility, whether legally or not, for the care of the resident voluntarily, by contract or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(i) "Exploitation" means misappropriation of resident property or intentionally taking unfair advantage of an adult's physical or financial resources for another individual's personal or financial advantage by the use of undue influence, coercion, harassment, duress, deception, false representation or false pretense by a caretaker or another person.

(j) "Medical care facility" means a facility licensed under K.S.A. 65-425 et seq. and amendments thereto but shall not include, for purposes of this act, a state psychiatric hospital or state institution for the mentally retarded, including Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital and Rainbow mental health facility, Kansas neurological institute and Parsons state hospital and training center.

(k) "Fiduciary abuse" means a situation in which any person who is the caretaker of, or who stands in a position of trust to, a resident, takes, secretes, or appropriates the resident's money or property, to any use or purpose not in the due and lawful execution of such person's trust.

(l) "State psychiatric hospital" means Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital and Rainbow mental health facility.

(m) "State institution for the mentally retarded" means Kansas neurological institute and Parsons state hospital and training center.

(n) "Report" means a description or accounting of an incident or incidents of abuse, neglect or exploitation under this act and for the purposes of this act shall not include any written assessment or findings.

(o) "Law enforcement" means the public office which is vested by law with the duty to maintain public order, make arrests for crimes and investigate criminal acts, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes.

(p) "Legal representative" means an agent designated in a durable power of attorney, power of attorney or durable power of attorney for health care decisions or a court appointed guardian, conservator or trustee.

(q) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company, escrow company, finance company, saving institution or credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.

(r) "Governmental assistance provider" means an agency, or employee of such agency, which is funded solely or in part to provide assistance within the Kansas senior care act, K.S.A. 75-5926 et seq., and amendments thereto, including medicaid and medicare.

No person shall be considered to be abused, neglected or exploited or in need of protective services for the sole reason that such person relies upon spiritual means through prayer alone for treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination in lieu of medical treatment.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 1; L. 1983, ch. 149, 1; L. 1989, ch. 128, 1; L. 1990, ch. 153, 1; L. 1998, ch. 200, 4; L. 2003, ch. 91, 2; July 1.

**39-1402. Abuse, neglect or exploitation of residents; reporting abuse, neglect or exploitation or need of protective services; persons required to report; contents of report; posting notice of requirements of act; penalty for failure to report.**

(a) Any person who is licensed to practice any branch of the healing arts, a licensed psychologist, a licensed master level psychologist, a licensed clinical psychotherapist, a chief administrative officer of a medical care facility, an adult care home administrator or operator, a licensed social worker, a licensed professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a licensed marriage and family therapist, a licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, licensed professional counselor, licensed clinical professional counselor, registered alcohol and drug abuse counselor, a teacher, a bank trust officer and any other officers of financial institutions, a legal representative or a governmental assistance provider who has reasonable cause to believe that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services, shall report immediately such information or cause a report of such information to be made in any reasonable manner to the department on aging with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401 and amendments thereto, to the department of health and environment with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, and to the department of social and rehabilitation services and appropriate law enforcement agencies with respect to all other residents. Reports made to one department which are required by this subsection to be made to the other department shall be referred by the department to which the report is made to the appropriate department for that report, and any such report shall constitute compliance with this subsection. Reports shall be made during the normal working week days and hours of operation of such departments. Reports shall be made to law enforcement agencies during the time the departments are not open for business. Law enforcement agencies shall submit the report and appropriate information to the appropriate department on the first working day that such department is open for business. A report made pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4923 or 65-4924 and amendments thereto shall be deemed a report under this section.

(b) The report made pursuant to subsection (a) shall contain the name and address of the person making the report and of the caretaker caring for the resident, the name and address of the involved resident, information regarding the nature and extent of the abuse, neglect or exploitation, the name of the next of kin of the resident, if known, and any other information which the person making the report believes might be helpful in an investigation of the case and the protection of the resident.

(c) Any other person, not listed in subsection (a), having reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services may report such information to the department on aging with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401 and amendments thereto, to the department of health and environment with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, and to the department of social and rehabilitation services with respect to all other residents. Reports made to one department which are to be made to the other department under this section shall be referred by the department to which the report is made to the appropriate department for that report.

(d) Notice of the requirements of this act and the department to which a report is to be made under this act shall be posted in a conspicuous public place in every adult care home and medical care facility in this state.

(e) Any person required to report information or cause a report of information to be made under subsection (a) who knowingly fails to make such report or cause such report to be made shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 2; L. 1983, ch. 149, 2; L. 1985, ch. 152, 1; L. 1986, ch. 299, 6; L. 1990, ch. 153, 2; L. 1998, ch. 200, 5; L. 2001, ch. 154, 3; L. 2003, ch. 91, 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, 26; July 1.

**39-1403. Same; immunity from liability of certain persons; employer prohibited from imposing sanctions on employee making report.**

(a) Anyone participating in the making of any report pursuant to this act, or in any follow-up activity to or investigation of such report or any other report of abuse, neglect or exploitation of an adult or who testifies in any administrative or judicial proceeding arising from such report shall not be subject to any civil liability on account of such report, investigation or testimony, unless such person acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose.

(b) No employer shall terminate the employment of, prevent or impair the practice or occupation of or impose any other sanction on any employee solely for the reason that such employee made or caused to be made a report under this act.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 3; L. 1983, ch. 149, 3; L. 1990, ch. 153, 3; L. 2003, ch. 91, 4; July 1.

**39-1404. Same; duties of department of social and rehabilitation services and department of health and environment; personal visit; investigation and evaluation; information provided to certain persons.**

(a) The department of health and environment or the department of social and rehabilitation services upon receiving a report that a resident is being, or has been, abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services shall:

(1) When a criminal act has occurred or has appeared to have occurred, immediately notify, in writing, the appropriate law enforcement agency;

(2) make a personal visit with the involved resident:

(A) Within 24 hours when the information from the reporter indicates imminent danger to the health or welfare of the involved resident;

(B) within three working days for all reports of suspected abuse, when the information from the reporter indicates no imminent danger; or

(C) within five working days for all reports of neglect or exploitation when the information from the reporter indicates no imminent danger.

(3) Complete, within 30 working days of receiving a report, a thorough investigation and evaluation to determine the situation relative to the condition of the involved resident and what action and services, if any, are required. The investigation shall include, but not be limited to, consultation with those individuals having knowledge of the facts of the particular case; and

(4) prepare, upon a completion of the evaluation of each case, a written assessment which shall include an analysis of whether there is or has been abuse, neglect or exploitation; recommended action; a determination of whether protective services are needed; and any follow up.

(b) The department which investigates the report shall inform the complainant, upon request of the complainant, that an investigation has been made and, if the allegations of abuse, neglect or exploitation have been substantiated, that corrective measures will be taken if required upon completion of the investigation or sooner if such measures do not jeopardize the investigation.

(c) The department on aging may inform the chief administrative officer of a facility as defined by K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto within 30 days of confirmed findings of resident abuse, neglect or exploitation.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 4; L. 1983, ch. 149, 4; L. 1990, ch. 153, 4; L. 1997, ch. 161, 5; L. 1998, ch. 200, 6; L. 2003, ch. 91, 5; L. 2003, ch. 149, 27; July 1.

### **39-1405. Same; protective services; injunction.**

(a) The secretary of aging shall forward to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services any finding with respect to residents defined under (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, who may be in need of protective services. The secretary of health and environment shall forward to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services any finding with respect to residents defined under (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, who may be in need of protective services. If the secretary of social and rehabilitation services determines that a resident is in need of protective services, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall provide the necessary protective services, if a resident consents, or if the resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary may obtain consent from such resident's legal representative. If a resident or such resident's legal representative, or both, fails to consent and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services has reason to believe that such a resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall determine pursuant to K.S.A. 39-1408 and amendments thereto whether a petition for appointment of a guardian or conservator, or both, should be filed.

(b) If the caretaker or legal representative, or both, of a resident who has consented to the receipt of reasonable and necessary protective services refuses to allow the provision of such services to such resident, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services may seek to obtain an injunction enjoining the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from interfering with the provision of protective services to the resident. The petition in such action shall allege specific facts sufficient to show that the resident is in need of protective services and consents to their provision and that the caretaker or legal representative, or both, refuses to allow the provision of such services. If the judge, by clear and convincing evidence, finds that the resident is in need of protective services and has been prevented by the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from receiving such services, the judge shall issue an order enjoining the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from interfering with the provision of protective services to the resident. The court may appoint a new legal representative if the court deems that it is in the best interest of the resident.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 5; L. 1990, ch. 153, 5; L. 2003, ch. 91, 6; L. 2003, ch. 149, 28; July 1.

**39-1406. Same; persons authorized access to relevant records; authority to take actions to assist residents.**

Any person, department or agency authorized to carry out the duties enumerated in this act, including investigating law enforcement agencies and the long-term care ombudsman shall have access to all relevant records. The authority of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, the secretary of health and environment, and the secretary of aging under this act shall include, but not be limited to, the right to initiate or otherwise take those actions necessary to assure the health, safety and welfare of any resident, subject to any specific requirement for individual consent of the resident.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 6; L. 1990, ch. 153, 6; L. 2003, ch. 91, 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, 29; July 1.

**39-1407. Consent of resident to protective services; court authorization.**

If a resident does not consent to the receipt of reasonable and necessary protective services, or if such person withdraws the consent, such services shall not be provided or continued, except that if the secretary of social and rehabilitation services has reason to believe that such resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary may seek court authorization to provide necessary services, as provided in K.S.A. 39-1408, and amendments thereto.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, 8; July 1.

**39-1408. Same; petition for appointment of guardian or conservator; appointment of attorney to represent resident, when.**

(a) If the secretary of social and rehabilitation services finds that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation and lacks capacity to consent to reasonable and necessary protective services, the secretary may petition the district court for appointment of a guardian or conservator, or both, for the resident pursuant to the provisions of the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, in order to obtain such consent.

(b) In any proceeding in district court pursuant to provisions of this act, the district court shall appoint an attorney to represent the resident if the resident is without other legal representation.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 8; L. 1990, ch. 153, 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, 9; July 1.

**39-1409. Same; assistance of appropriate public or private agencies, groups or individuals.**

In performing the duties set forth in this act, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, the secretary of health and environment, the secretary of aging or an appropriate law enforcement agency may request the assistance of the staffs and resources of all appropriate state departments, agencies and commissions and local health departments and may utilize any other public or private agency, group or individual who is appropriate and who may be available to assist such department or agency in the investigation and determination of whether a resident is being, or has been, abused, neglected or exploited or is in a condition which is a result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation, except that any internal investigation conducted by



any caretaker under investigation shall be limited to the least serious category of report as specified by the secretary of health and environment, the secretary of aging or the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, as applicable.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, 9; L. 1990, ch. 153, 8; L. 1998, ch. 200, 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, 10; L. 2003, ch. 149, 30; July 1.

**39-1410. Review subsequent to authorization of protective services; continuation of protective services; reevaluations.**

Subsequent to the authorization for the provision of necessary protective services, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall initiate a review of each case within forty-five (45) days, to determine whether continuation of, or modification in, the services provided is warranted. A decision to continue the provision of such services should be made in concert with appropriate personnel from other involved state and local groups, agencies and departments, and shall comply with the consent provisions of this act. Reevaluations of such case shall be made not less than every six months thereafter.

**History:** L. 1980, ch. 124, § 10; July 1.

**39-1411. Register of reports; findings forwarded to certain state regulatory authorities; consideration of findings; certain information confidential and not subject to open records act; disclosure of certain individuals prohibited.**

(a) The secretary of aging shall maintain a register of the reports received and investigated by the department on aging under K.S.A. 39-1402 and 39-1403, and amendments to such sections, and the findings, evaluations and actions recommended by the department on aging with respect to such reports. The secretary of health and environment shall maintain a register of the reports received and investigated by the department of health and environment under K.S.A. 39-1402 and 39-1403, and amendments thereto, and the findings, evaluations and actions recommended by the department of health and environment with respect to such reports. The findings, evaluations and actions shall be subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act and any requirements of state or federal law relating thereto except that the secretary shall not be required to conduct a hearing in cases forwarded to the appropriate state authority under subsection (b). The register shall be available for inspection by personnel of the department of health and environment or the department on aging as specified by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging and to such other persons as may be required by federal law and designated by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging by rules and regulations. Information from the register shall be provided as specified in K.S.A. 65-6205 and amendments thereto.

(b) The secretary of aging shall forward any finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation alleged to be committed by a provider of services licensed, registered or otherwise authorized to provide services in this state to the appropriate state authority which regulates such provider. The secretary of health and environment shall forward any finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation alleged to be committed by a provider of services licensed, registered or otherwise authorized to provide services in this state to the appropriate state authority which regulates such provider. The appropriate state regulatory authority, after notice to the alleged perpetrator and a hearing on such matter if requested by the alleged perpetrator, may consider the finding in any disciplinary action taken with respect to the provider of services under the jurisdiction of

such authority. The secretary of aging may consider the finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation in any licensing action taken with respect to any adult care home or medical care facility under the jurisdiction of the secretary of aging. The secretary of health and environment may consider the finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation in any licensing action taken with respect to any medical care facility under the jurisdiction of the secretary of health and environment.

(c) If the investigation of the department of health and environment or the department on aging indicates reason to believe that the resident is in need of protective services, that finding and all information relating to that finding shall be forwarded by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the report received by the department of health and environment or the department on aging and the written findings, evaluations and actions recommended shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the open records act. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the name of the person making the original report to the department of health and environment or the department on aging or any person mentioned in such report shall not be disclosed unless such person specifically requests or agrees in writing to such disclosure or unless a judicial or administrative proceeding results therefrom. In the event that an administrative or judicial action arises, no use of the information shall be made until the judge or presiding officer makes a specific finding, in writing, after a hearing, that under all the circumstances the need for the information outweighs the need for confidentiality. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no information contained in the register shall be made available to the public in such a manner as to identify individuals.

**History:** L. 1990, ch. 153, 9; L. 1991, ch. 121, 1; L. 1997, ch. 161, 6; L. 2000, ch. 146, 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, 31; July 1.

### **39-1412. Transfer of certain powers, duties and functions of secretary of health and environment to secretary of aging; preservation of certain actions.**

(a) On July 1, 2003, certain powers, duties and functions of the secretary of health and environment under K.S.A.39-1401 through 39-1411, and amendments thereto, are hereby transferred from the secretary of health and environment to the secretary of aging, as provided by this act.

(b) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, which pertains to any of the transferred reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, which is lawfully commenced, or could have been commenced, by or against the secretary of health and environment in such secretary's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such secretary's official duties, shall abate by reason of the transfer of such program. The secretary of aging shall be named or substituted as the defendant in place of the secretary of health and environment in any suit, action or other proceeding involving claims arising from facts or events first occurring either on or before the date the pertinent program is transferred or on any date thereafter.

(c) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, pertaining to the reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents which otherwise would have been dismissed or concluded shall continue to exist by reason of any transfer under this act.

(d) Any final appeal decision of the department of health and environment entered pursuant to K.S.A. 39-1401 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions, K.S.A. 77-601 et seq., and amendments thereto, currently pertaining to reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, transferred pursuant to this act shall be binding upon and applicable to the secretary of aging and the department on aging.

**History:** L. 2003, ch. 149, 25; July 1.

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**KANSAS**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE**  
**REGULATIONS**  
**COMMON TO ALL**  
**ADULT CARE HOMES**

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## DEFINITIONS

### 26-39-100. Definitions.

The following terms and definitions shall apply to all of the department's regulations governing adult care homes:

(a) "Activities director" means an individual who meets at least one of the following requirements:

- (1) Has a degree in therapeutic recreation;
- (2) is licensed in Kansas as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant;
- (3) has a bachelor's degree in a therapeutic activity field in art therapy, horticultural therapy, music therapy, special education, or a related therapeutic activity field;
- (4) is certified as a therapeutic recreation specialist or as an activities professional by a recognized accrediting body;
- (5) has two years of experience in a social or recreational program within the last five years, one of which was full-time in an activities program in a health care setting; or
- (6) has completed a course approved by the Kansas department of health and environment in resident activities coordination and receives consultation from a therapeutic recreation specialist, an occupational therapist, an occupational therapy assistant, or an individual with a bachelor's degree in art therapy, music therapy, or horticultural therapy.

(b) "Administrator" means an individual who is responsible for the general administration of an adult care home, whether or not the individual has an ownership interest in the adult care home. Each administrator of an adult care home shall be licensed in accordance with K.S.A. 65-3501 et seq. and amendments thereto.

(c) "Adult care home" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(d) "Adult day care" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(e) "Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means an individual who is certified by the Kansas board of nursing as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.

(f) "Alteration" means any addition to, modification of, or modernization of the structure or usage of a facility.

(g) "Ambulatory resident" means any resident who is physically and mentally capable of performing the following without the assistance of another person:

- (1) Getting in and out of bed; and
- (2) walking between locations in the living environment.

(h) "Applicant" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, or joint stock association requesting a license to operate an adult care home.

(i) "Assisted living facility" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(j) "Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as an audiologist.

(k) "Basement" means the part of a building that is below grade.

(l) "Biologicals" means medicinal preparations made from living organisms and their products, including serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.

(m) "Boarding care home" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(n) "Case manager" means an individual assigned to a resident to provide assistance in access and coordination of information and services in a program authorized by the Kansas department on aging, the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services, or the Kansas health policy authority.

(o) "Change of ownership" means any transaction that results in a change of control over the capital assets of an adult care home.

(p) "Chemical restraint" means a medication or biological that meets the following conditions:

- (1) Is used to control a resident's behavior or restrict a resident's freedom of movement; and
- (2) is not a standard treatment for a resident's medical or psychiatric condition.

(q) "Clinical record" means the record that includes all the information and entries reflecting each resident's course of stay in an adult care home.

(r) "Complicated feeding problems" shall include difficulty with swallowing, recurrent lung aspirations, and tube, parenteral, or intravenous feedings.

(s) "Controlled substance" means any medication, substance, or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, K.S.A. 65-4107, K.S.A. 65-4109, K.S.A. 65-4111, and K.S.A. 65-4113, and amendments thereto.

(t) "Day shift" means any eight-hour to 12-hour work period that occurs between the hours of 6 a.m. and 9 p.m.

(u) "Department" means the Kansas department on aging.

(v) "Dietetic services supervisor" means an individual who meets one of the following requirements:

(1) Is licensed in Kansas as a dietitian;

(2) has an associate's degree in dietetic technology from a program approved by the American dietetic association;

(3) is a dietary manager who is certified by the board of the dietary managers' association; or

(4) has training and experience in dietetic services supervision and management that are determined by the Kansas department on aging to be equivalent in content to the requirement specified in paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection.

(w) "Dietitian" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as a dietitian.

(x) "Direct care staff" means the individuals employed by or working under contract for an adult care home who assist residents in activities of daily living. These activities may include the following:

(1) Ambulating;

(2) bathing;

(3) bed mobility;

(4) dressing;

(5) eating;

(6) personal hygiene;

(7) toileting; and

(8) transferring.



(y) "Director of nursing" means a position in a nursing facility or a nursing facility for mental health that is held by one or more individuals who meet the following requirements:

(1) Each individual shall be licensed in Kansas as a registered professional nurse.

(2) If only one individual serves in this position, the individual shall be employed at least 35 hours each week.

(3) If more than one individual serves in this position, the individuals shall be employed collectively for a total of at least 40 hours each week.

(4) Each individual shall have the responsibility, administrative authority, and accountability for the supervision of nursing care provided to residents in the nursing facility or the nursing facility for mental health.

(z) "Full-time" means 35 or more hours each week.

(aa) "Health information management practitioner" means an individual who is certified as a registered health information administrator or a registered health information technician by the American health information management association.

(bb) "Home plus" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(cc) "Interdisciplinary team" means the following group of individuals:

(1) A registered nurse with responsibility for the care of the residents; and

(2) other appropriate staff, as identified by resident comprehensive assessments, who are responsible for the development of care plans for residents.

(dd) "Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(ee) "Legal representative" means an agent acting within the bounds of the agent's legal authority who meets any of the following criteria:

(1) Has been designated by a resident to serve as the resident's trustee, power of attorney, durable power of attorney, or power of attorney for health care decisions;

(2) is a court-appointed guardian or conservator authorized to act on behalf of the resident in accordance with K.S.A. 59-3051 et seq. and amendments thereto; or

(3) if the resident is a minor, is either of the following:

(A) A natural guardian, as defined in K.S.A. 59-3051 and amendments thereto; or

(B) a court-appointed guardian, conservator, trustee, or an individual or agency vested with custody of the minor pursuant to the revised Kansas code for care of children, K.S.A. 38-2201 through 38-2283, and amendments thereto, or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code, K.S.A. 38-2301 through 38-2387, and amendments thereto.

(ff) "Licensed mental health technician" means an individual licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed mental health technician.

(gg) "Licensed nurse" means an individual licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(hh) "Licensed practical nurse" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed practical nurse and is supervised by a registered professional nurse, in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1113 and amendments thereto.

(ii) "Licensee" means an individual, firm, partnership, association, company, corporation, or joint stock association authorized by a license obtained from the secretary of aging to operate an adult care home.

(jj) "Medical care provider" means any of the following individuals:

(1) A physician licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts to practice medicine and surgery in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28,102 and amendments thereto;

(2) a physician assistant who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28a02 and amendments thereto and who provides health care services under the direction and supervision of a responsible physician; or

(3) an advanced registered nurse practitioner who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1113 and amendments thereto and who provides health care services in accordance with article 11 of the Kansas board of nursing's regulations.

(kk) "Medication" means any "drug" as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto.

(ll) "Medication administration" means an act in which a single dose of a prescribed medication or biological is given by application, injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means to a resident by an authorized person in accordance with all laws and regulations governing the administration of medications and biologicals. Medication administration shall consist of the following:

(1) Removing a single dose from a labeled container, including a unit-dose container;

(2) verifying the medication and dose with the medical care provider's orders;

(3) administering the dose to the proper resident; and

(4) documenting the dose in the resident's clinical record.

(mm) "Medication aide" means an individual who has a medication aide certificate issued by the Kansas department of health and environment according to K.A.R. 28-39-169b and is supervised by a licensed nurse.

(nn) "Medication dispensing" means the delivery of one or more doses of a medication by a licensed pharmacist or physician. The medication shall be dispensed in a container and labeled in compliance with state and federal laws and regulations.

(oo) "Non-ambulatory resident" means any resident who is not physically or mentally capable of performing the following without the assistance of another person:

(1) Getting in and out of bed; and

(2) walking between locations in the living environment.

(pp) "Nurse aide" means an individual who has a nurse aide certificate issued by the Kansas department of health and environment according to K.A.R. 28-39-165 and is supervised by a licensed nurse.

(qq) "Nurse aide trainee" means an individual who is in the process of completing a nurse aide training program as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 or K.A.R. 28-39-167 and has not been issued a nurse aide certificate by the Kansas department of health and environment.

(rr) "Nursing facility" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(ss) "Nursing facility for mental health" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(tt) "Nursing personnel" means all of the following:

(1) Registered professional nurses;

(2) licensed practical nurses;

(3) licensed mental health technicians in nursing facilities for mental health;

(4) medication aides;

(5) nurse aides;

(6) nurse aide trainees; and

(7) paid nutrition assistants.

(uu) "Nursing unit" means a distinct area of a nursing facility serving not more than 60 residents and including the service areas and rooms described in K.A.R. 28-39-162a.

(vv) "Occupational therapist" means an individual who is licensed with the Kansas board of healing arts as an occupational therapist.

(ww) "Occupational therapy assistant" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts as an occupational therapy assistant.

(xx) "Operator" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(yy) "Paid nutrition assistant" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto. In addition, each paid nutrition assistant shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Have successfully completed a nutrition assistant course approved by the Kansas department of health and environment;

(2) provide assistance with eating to residents of an adult care home based on an assessment by the supervising licensed nurse, the resident's most recent minimum data set assessment or functional capacity screening, and the resident's current care plan or negotiated service agreement;

(3) provide assistance with eating to residents who do not have complicated feeding problems;

(4) be supervised by a licensed nurse on duty in the facility; and

(5) contact the supervising licensed nurse verbally or on the resident call system for help in case of an emergency.

(zz) "Personal care" means assistance provided to a resident to enable the resident to perform activities of daily living, including ambulating, bathing, bed mobility, dressing, eating, personal hygiene, toileting, and transferring.

(aaa) "Pharmacist" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto.

(bbb) "Physical restraint" means any method or any physical device, material, or equipment attached or adjacent to the resident's body and meeting the following criteria:

(1) Cannot be easily removed by the resident; and

(2) restricts freedom of movement or normal access to the resident's body.

(ccc) "Physical therapist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts as a physical therapist.

(ddd) "Physical therapy assistant" means an individual who is certified by the Kansas board of healing arts as a physical therapy assistant.

(eee) "Physician" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 65-28,102 and amendments thereto.

(fff) "Psychopharmacologic drug" means any medication prescribed with the intent of controlling mood, mental status, or behavior.

(ggg) "Registered professional nurse" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas state board of nursing as a registered professional nurse.

(hhh) "Resident" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(iii) "Resident capacity" means the number of an adult care home's beds or adult day care slots, as licensed by the Kansas department on aging.

(jjj) "Respite care" means the provision of services to a resident on an intermittent basis for periods of fewer than 30 days at any one time.

(kkk) "Restraint" is the control and limitation of a resident's movement by physical, mechanical, or chemical means.

(lll) "Sanitization" means effective bactericidal treatment by a process that reduces the bacterial count, including pathogens, to a safe level on utensils and equipment.

(mmm) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department on aging.

(nnn) "Self-administration of medication" means the determination by a resident of when to take a medication or biological and how to apply, inject, inhale, ingest, or take a medication or biological by any other means, without assistance from nursing staff.

(ooo) "Significant change in condition" means a decline or improvement in a resident's mental, psychosocial, or physical functioning that requires a change in the resident's comprehensive plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(ppp) "Social services designee" means an individual who meets at least one of the following qualifications:

- (1) Is licensed by the Kansas behavioral sciences regulatory board as a social worker;
- (2) has a bachelor's degree in a human service field, including social work, sociology, special education, rehabilitation counseling, or psychology, and receives supervision from a licensed social worker; or

(3) has completed a course in social services coordination approved by the Kansas department of health and environment and receives supervision from a licensed social worker on a regular basis.

(qqq) "Social worker" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas behavioral sciences regulatory board as a social worker.

(rrr) "Speech language pathologist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as a speech-language pathologist.

(sss) "Working day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or day designated as a holiday by the United States congress or the Kansas legislature or governor.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 39-932; implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-923 and K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)

## LICENSURE

### 26-39-101. Licensure of adult care homes.

(a) Initiation of application process.

(1) Each applicant for a license to operate an adult care home shall submit a letter of intent to the department.

(2) The letter of intent shall include all of the following information:

(A) The type of adult care home license being requested;

(B) the name, address, and telephone number of the applicant; and

(C) the street address or legal description of the proposed site.

(b) Initial licensure application.

(1) Each applicant for an initial license shall submit the following to the department:

(A) A completed application on a form prescribed by the department;

(B) a copy of each legal document identifying ownership and control, including applicable deeds, leases, and management agreements;

(C) any required approval of other owners or mortgagors;

(D) curriculum vitae or resumes of all facility and corporate staff responsible for the operation and supervision of the business affairs of the facility;

(E) a complete list of names and addresses of facilities that the applicant operates in states other than Kansas; and

(F) a financial statement projecting the first month's operating income and expenses with a current balance sheet showing a minimum of one month's operating expenses in cash or owner's equity. All financial statements shall be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles and certified by the applicant to be accurate.

(2) A license shall be issued by the department if all of the following requirements are met:

(A) A licensure application has been completed by the applicant.

(B) Construction of the facility or phase is completed.

(C) The facility is found to meet all applicable requirements of the law.

(D) The applicant is found to qualify for a license under K.S.A. 39-928 and amendments thereto.

(c) Change of ownership or licensee.

(1) The current licensee shall notify the department, in writing, of any anticipated change in the information that is recorded on the current license at least 60 days before the proposed effective date of change.

(2) Each applicant proposing to purchase, lease, or manage an adult care home shall submit the following information, if applicable, to the department:

(A) A completed application form prescribed by the department;

(B) a copy of each legal document transferring ownership or control, including sales contracts, leases, deeds, and management agreements;

(C) any required approval of other owners or mortgagors;

(D) curriculum vitae or resumes of all facility and corporate staff responsible for the operation and supervision of the business affairs of the facility;

(E) a complete list of names and addresses of facilities the applicant operates in states other than Kansas; and

(F) a financial statement projecting the first month's operating income and expenses with a current balance sheet showing a minimum of one month's operating expenses in cash or owner's equity. All financial statements shall be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles and certified by the applicant as accurate.

(3) A new license shall be issued by the department if a complete application and the required forms have been received and the applicant is found to qualify for a license under K.S.A. 39-928 and amendments thereto.

(d) New construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building to an adult care home.

(1) Each applicant for a nursing facility, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility, or residential health care facility shall request approval of the site at least 30 days before construction begins. The written request for site approval shall include all of the following information:



(A) The name and telephone number of the individual to be contacted by evaluation personnel;

(B) the dimensions and boundaries of the site; and

(C) the name of the public utility or municipality that provides services to the site, including water, sewer, electricity, and natural gas.

(2) Intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded shall not have more than one residential building with at least six beds and not more than 16 beds located on one site or on contiguous sites. The residential buildings shall be dispersed geographically to achieve integration and harmony with the community or neighborhoods in which the buildings are located.

(3) The applicant shall submit one copy of the final plans for new construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building, for the entire project or phase to be completed, which shall be sealed, signed, and certified by a licensed architect to be in compliance with the following regulations:

(A) For a nursing facility, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c;

(B) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with at least six beds and not more than 16 beds, K.A.R. 28-39-225;

(C) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 17 or more beds, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c; and

(D) for an assisted living facility or a residential health care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-254 through K.A.R. 28-39-256.

(4) The applicant shall provide the department with a 30-day notice of each of the following:

(A) The date on which the architect estimates that 50% of the construction will be completed; and

(B) the date on which the architect estimates that all construction will be completed.

(5) The applicant for new construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building to a home plus, boarding care home, or adult day care facility shall submit a drawing of the proposed facility that includes identification and dimensions of rooms or areas as required in the following regulations:

(A) For a home plus, K.A.R. 28-39-437;

- (B) for a boarding care home, K.A.R. 28-39-411; and
  - (C) for an adult day care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-289 through K.A.R. 28-39-291.
- (6) The applicant shall submit to the department any changes from the plans, specifications, or drawings on file at the department.
- (e) Alteration and remodeling of licensed adult care homes involving structural elements.
- (1) The licensee shall submit one copy of final plans, which shall be sealed, signed, and certified by a licensed architect to be in compliance with the following regulations:
- (A) For a nursing facility, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c;
  - (B) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with at least six beds and not more than 16 beds, K.A.R. 28-39-225;
  - (C) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 17 or more beds, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c;
  - (D) for an assisted living facility or a residential health care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-254 through K.A.R. 28-39-256; and
  - (E) for a nursing facility for mental health, K.A.R. 28-39-227.
- (2) The licensee shall submit to the department a 30-day notice for each of the following:
- (A) The date on which the architect estimates that 50% of the construction will be completed;
  - (B) the date on which the architect estimates all construction will be completed; and
  - (C) any changes in the plans or specifications information for the alterations and remodeling.
- (f) Alteration, remodeling, and relocation of required rooms and areas in adult care homes not involving structural elements.
- (1) The licensee shall submit a drawing of the facility floor plan that includes identification and dimensions of the affected room or areas and shall ensure compliance as required in the following regulations:
- (A) For a nursing facility, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c;

(B) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with at least six beds and not more than 16 beds, K.A.R. 28-39-225;

(C) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 17 or more beds, K.A.R. 28-39-162 through K.A.R. 28-39-162c;

(D) for an assisted living facility or a residential health care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-254 through K.A.R. 28-39-256; and

(E) for a nursing facility for mental health, K.A.R. 28-39-227.

(2) The licensee shall provide the department with a 30-day notice of the estimated date on which the alteration, remodeling, or relocation will be complete.

(g) Change in use of a required room or area. If an administrator or operator changes resident bedrooms, individual living units, and apartments used for an alternative purpose back to resident bedrooms, individual living units, and apartments, the administrator or operator shall obtain the secretary's approval before the change is made.

(h) Change of resident capacity. Each licensee shall submit a written request for any proposed change in resident capacity to the department. The effective date of a change in resident capacity shall be the first day of the month following department approval.

(i) Change of administrator, director of nursing, or operator. Each licensee of an adult care home shall notify the department within two working days if there is a change in administrator, director of nursing, or operator. When a new administrator or director of nursing is employed, the licensee shall notify the department of the name, address, and Kansas license number of the new administrator or director of nursing. When a new operator is employed, the licensee shall notify the department of the name and address of the new operator and provide evidence that the individual has completed the operator course as specified by the secretary of the Kansas department of health and environment pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(j) Administrator or operator supervision of multiple homes. An administrator or operator may supervise more than one separately licensed adult care home if the following requirements are met:

(1) Each licensee shall request prior authorization from the department for a licensed administrator or an operator to supervise more than one separately licensed adult care home. The request shall be submitted on the appropriate form and include assurance that the lack of full-time, on-site supervision of the adult care homes will not adversely affect the health and welfare of residents.

(2) All of the adult care homes shall be located within a geographic area that allows for daily on-site supervision of all of the adult care homes by the administrator or operator.

(3) The combined resident capacities of separately licensed nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, residential health care facilities, homes plus, and adult day care facilities shall not exceed 120 for a licensed administrator.

(4) The combined resident capacities of separately licensed assisted living facilities, residential health care facilities, homes plus, and adult day care facilities shall not exceed 60 for an operator.

(5) The combined number of homes plus shall not exceed four homes for a licensed administrator or an operator.

(k) Reports. Each licensee shall file reports with the department on forms and at times prescribed by the department.

(l) Fees. Each initial application for a license and each annual report filed with the department shall be accompanied by a fee of \$30.00 for each resident in the stated resident capacity plus \$100.00. Each requested change in resident capacity shall be accompanied by a fee of \$30.00 for each resident increase or decrease in the stated resident capacity plus \$100.00. No refund of the fee shall be made if a license application is denied.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 39-925, K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 39-930, K.S.A. 39-932, and K.S.A. 39-933; implementing K.S.A. 39-927, K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 39-930, K.S.A. 39-932, and K.S.A. 39-933; effective May 22, 2009.)

**ADMISSION, TRANSFER, DISCHARGE****26-39-102. Admission, transfer, and discharge rights of residents in adult care homes.**

(a) Each licensee, administrator, or operator shall develop written admission policies regarding the admission of residents. The admission policy shall meet the following requirements:

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure the admission of only those individuals whose physical, mental, and psychosocial needs can be met within the accommodations and services available in the adult care home.

(A) Each resident in a nursing facility or nursing facility for mental health shall be admitted under the care of a physician licensed to practice in Kansas.

(B) The administrator or operator shall ensure that no children under the age of 16 are admitted to the adult care home.

(C) The administrator or operator shall allow the admission of an individual in need of specialized services for mental illness to the adult care home only if accommodations and treatment that will assist that individual to achieve and maintain the highest practicable level of physical, mental, and psychosocial functioning are available.

(2) Before admission, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall inform the prospective resident or the resident's legal representative in writing of the rates and charges for the adult care home's services and of the resident's obligations regarding payment. This information shall include the refund policy of the adult care home.

(3) At the time of admission, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall execute with the resident or the resident's legal representative a written agreement that describes in detail the services and goods the resident will receive and specifies the obligations that the resident has toward the adult care home.

(4) An admission agreement shall not include a general waiver of liability for the health and safety of residents.

(5) Each admission agreement shall be written in clear and unambiguous language and printed clearly in black type that is 12-point type or larger.

(b) At the time of admission, adult care home staff shall inform the resident or the resident's legal representative, in writing, of the state statutes related to advance medical directives.

(1) If a resident has an advance medical directive currently in effect, the facility shall keep a copy on file in the resident's clinical record.

(2) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure the development and implementation of policies and procedures related to advance medical directives.

(c) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a copy of resident rights, the adult care home's policies and procedures for advance medical directives, and the adult care home's grievance policy to each resident or the resident's legal representative before the prospective resident signs any admission agreement.

(d) The administrator or operator of each adult care home shall ensure that each resident is permitted to remain in the adult care home and is not transferred or discharged from the adult care home unless one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare, and the resident's needs cannot be met in the current adult care home.

(2) The safety of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(3) The health of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(4) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay the rates and charges imposed by the adult care home.

(5) The adult care home ceases to operate.

(e) Before a resident is transferred or discharged involuntarily, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall perform the following:

(1) Notify the resident, the resident's legal representative, and if known, a designated family member of the transfer or discharge and the reasons; and

(2) record the reason for the transfer or discharge under any of the circumstances specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4) in the resident's clinical record, which shall be substantiated as follows:

(A) The resident's physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met by the adult care home;

(B) the resident's physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so that the resident no longer needs the services provided by the adult care home; and

(C) a physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is necessary because the health or safety of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(f) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a notice of transfer or discharge in writing to the resident or resident's legal representative at least 30 days before the resident is transferred or discharged involuntarily, unless one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The safety of other individuals in the adult care home would be endangered.

(2) The resident's urgent medical needs require an immediate transfer to another health care facility.

(g) Each written transfer or discharge notice shall include the following:

(1) The reason for the transfer or discharge;

(2) the effective date of the transfer or discharge;

(3) the address and telephone number of the complaint program of the Kansas department on aging where a complaint related to involuntary transfer or discharge can be registered;

(4) the address and telephone number of the state long-term care ombudsman; and

(5) for residents who have developmental disabilities or who are mentally ill, the address and telephone number of the Kansas advocacy and protection organization.

(h) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide sufficient preparation and orientation to each resident before discharge to ensure a safe and orderly transfer and discharge from the adult care home.

(i) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure the development of a discharge plan, with the involvement of the resident, the resident's legal representative, and designated family when practicable.

(j) If the resident is transferred or discharged to another health care facility, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure that sufficient information accompanies the resident to ensure continuity of care in the new facility.

(k) Before a resident in a nursing facility, nursing facility for mental health, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility, residential health care facility, or home plus is transferred to a hospital or goes on therapeutic leave, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide written information to the resident or the resident's legal representative and, if agreed to by the resident or the resident's legal representative, the resident's family, that specifies the following:

(1) The period of time during which the resident is permitted to return and resume residence in the facility;

(2) the cost to the resident, if any, to hold the resident's bedroom, apartment, individual living unit, or adult day care slot until the resident's return; and

(3) a provision that when the resident's hospitalization or therapeutic leave exceeds the period identified in the policy of a nursing facility, the resident will be readmitted to the nursing facility upon the first availability of a comparable room if the resident requires the services provided by the nursing facility.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)



## RESIDENT RIGHTS

### 26-39-103. Resident rights in adult care homes.

(a) Protection and promotion of resident rights. Each administrator or operator shall ensure the protection and promotion of the rights of each resident as set forth in this regulation. Each resident shall have a right to a dignified existence, self-determination, and communication with and access to persons and services inside and outside the adult care home.

(b) Exercise of rights.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to exercise the resident's rights as a resident of the adult care home and as a citizen.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to be free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal from adult care home staff in exercising the resident's rights.

(3) If a resident is adjudged incompetent under the laws of the state of Kansas, the resident's legal representative shall have the power to exercise rights on behalf of the resident.

(4) In the case of a resident who has executed a durable power of attorney for health care decisions, the agent may exercise the rights of the resident to the extent provided by K.S.A. 58-625 et seq. and amendments thereto.

(c) Notice of rights and services.

(1) Before admission, the administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or the resident's legal representative is informed, both orally and in writing, of the following in a language the resident or the resident's legal representative understands:

(A) The rights of the resident;

(B) the rules governing resident conduct and responsibility;

(C) the current rate for the level of care and services to be provided; and

(D) if applicable, any additional fees that will be charged for optional services.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or the resident's legal representative is notified in writing of any changes in charges or services that occur after admission and at least 30 days before the effective date of the change. The changes shall not take place until notice is given, unless the change is due to a change in level of care.

(d) Inspection of records.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or resident's legal representative is afforded the right to inspect records pertaining to the resident. The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a photocopy of the resident's record or requested sections of the resident's record to each resident or resident's legal representative within two working days of the request. If a fee is charged for the copy, the fee shall be reasonable and not exceed actual cost, including staff time.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure access to each resident's records for inspection and photocopying by any representative of the department.

(e) Informed of health status. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident and the resident's legal representative are afforded the right to be fully informed of the resident's total health status, including the resident's medical condition.

(f) Free choice. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident, or resident's legal representative on behalf of the resident, is afforded the right to perform the following:

- (1) Choose a personal attending physician;
- (2) participate in the development of an individual care plan or negotiated service agreement;
- (3) refuse treatment;
- (4) refuse to participate in experimental research; and
- (5) choose the pharmacy where prescribed medications are purchased. If the adult care home uses a unit-dose or similar medication distribution system, the resident shall have the right to choose among pharmacies that offer or are willing to offer the same or a compatible system.

(g) Management of financial affairs. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to manage personal financial affairs and is not required to deposit personal funds with the adult care home.

(h) Notification of changes.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that designated facility staff inform the resident, consult with the resident's physician, and notify the resident's legal representative or designated family member, if known, upon occurrence of any of the following:

- (A) An accident involving the resident that results in injury and has the potential for requiring a physician's intervention;
- (B) a significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial status;

(C) a need to alter treatment significantly; or

(D) a decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the adult care home.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that a designated staff member informs the resident, the resident's legal representative, or authorized family members whenever the designated staff member learns that the resident will have a change in room or roommate assignment.

(i) Privacy and confidentiality. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to personal privacy and confidentiality of personal and clinical records.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is provided privacy during medical and nursing treatment, written and telephone communications, personal care, visits, and meetings of family and resident groups.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that the personal and clinical records of the resident are maintained in a confidential manner.

(3) The administrator or operator shall ensure that a release signed by the resident or the resident's legal representative is obtained before records are released to anyone outside the adult care home, except in the case of transfer to another health care institution or as required by law.

(j) Grievances. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to the following:

(1) Voice grievances with respect to treatment or care that was or was not furnished;

(2) be free from discrimination or reprisal for voicing the grievances; and

(3) receive prompt efforts by the administrator or operator, or the designee, to resolve any grievances that the resident could have, including any grievance with respect to the behavior of other residents.

(k) Work.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to refuse to perform services for the adult care home.

(2) A resident may perform services for the adult care home, if the resident wishes and if all of the following conditions are met:

(A) The administrator or operator, or the designee, has documented the resident's need or desire for work in the plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(B) The plan of care or negotiated service agreement specifies the nature of the services performed and whether the services are voluntary or paid.

(C) The resident or resident's legal representative has signed a written agreement consenting to the work arrangement described in the plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(l) Mail. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to privacy in written communications, including the right to the following:

(1) Have unopened mail sent and received promptly; and

(2) have access to stationery, postage, and writing implements at the resident's own expense.

(m) Access and visitation rights.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure the provision of immediate access to any resident by the following:

(A) Any representative of the secretary of the Kansas department on aging;

(B) the resident's attending medical care provider;

(C) the state long-term care ombudsman;

(D) any representative of the secretary of the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services;

(E) immediate family or other relatives of the resident; and

(F) others who are visiting with the consent of the resident subject to reasonable restrictions.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to deny or withdraw visitation consent for any person at any time.

(n) Telephone. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to reasonable access to a telephone in a place where calls can be made without being overheard.

(o) Personal property. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to retain and use personal possessions, including furnishings and appropriate clothing as space permits, unless doing so would infringe upon the rights or health and safety of other residents.

(p) Married couples. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to share a room with the resident's spouse if married residents live in the same adult care home and both spouses consent.

(q) Self-administration of medication. The administrator shall ensure that each resident in a nursing facility or a nursing facility for mental health is afforded the right to self-administer medications unless the resident's attending physician and the interdisciplinary team have determined that this practice is unsafe. In any assisted living facility, residential health care facility, home plus, or adult day care facility, a resident may self-administer medication if a licensed nurse has determined that the resident can perform this function safely and accurately.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)

## RECEIVERSHIP

### **26-39-104. Receivership of adult care homes.**

(a) A person may be designated by the secretary to be a receiver if that person meets the following requirements:

- (1) Has operated a Kansas adult care home for at least five consecutive years; and
- (2) has a history of compliance with licensure standards.

(b) A person designated as a receiver shall not use the designation for any commercial purpose.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 39-954; effective May 22, 2009.)

## ADOPTIONS BY REFERENCE

### **26-39-105. Adoptions by reference: general.**

The following material shall apply to all adult care homes except nursing facilities for mental health, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, and boarding care homes:

(a) Dietary guidelines. In the “dietary guidelines for Americans,” 2005, published by the U.S. department of health and human services and U.S. department of agriculture, appendixes A-1 and A-2 and “notes for appendix A-2” are hereby adopted by reference.

(b) Infection control. The department’s document titled “tuberculosis (TB) guidelines for adult care homes,” dated July 2008, is hereby adopted by reference.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)

## INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION REQUESTS

### **26-39-438. Informal dispute resolution requests.**

Any adult care home administrator may request from the department an informal opportunity to dispute cited deficiencies pursuant to L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1 and amendments thereto. The adult care home administrator shall submit five copies of the request and the accompanying documentation required by L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1, and amendments thereto, to the department.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)



## INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PANEL

### 26-39-439 Informal dispute resolution panel.

(a) An informal dispute resolution panel, which is also known as an independent review panel, shall be appointed by the secretary. The membership of each informal dispute resolution panel shall consist of the members authorized by L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1 and amendments thereto.

(b) If an adult care home administrator requests a face-to-face meeting, the meeting shall be conducted at the department's administrative offices in Topeka, Kansas.

(c) The panel shall allow a representative of the adult care home to provide information and documentation that refute the disputed deficiency or deficiencies.

(d) The panel shall allow a representative of the department to provide information and documentation that support the cited deficiencies.

(e) The panel shall consider the following information during the informal dispute resolution process:

- (1) The cited deficiency or deficiencies;
- (2) the applicable state or federal regulations;
- (3) the applicable state or federal interpretative guidelines;

(4) any relevant information and documentation related to the statement of deficiencies provided by the adult care home representative; and

(5) any relevant information and documentation related to the statement of deficiencies provided by the department's staff.

(f)(1) Each panel member shall adhere to departmental confidentiality requirements related to the information presented in the informal dispute resolution process, including the provisions of K.S.A. 39-934 and K.S.A. 39-1411, and amendments thereto.

(2) Each person who is not an employee of the department on aging shall sign a confidentiality agreement before serving on an informal dispute resolution panel. The confidentiality agreement shall include a provision that the person has read the statutes specified in paragraph (f)(1) and will not disclose any confidential information outside the dispute resolution process.

(3) The adult care home representative shall be informed when a member of the panel is not an employee of the department on aging.

(g) Except as specified in paragraph (f)(1), all information that is precluded from disclosure by statute shall remain confidential.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162 sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

## INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS

### 26-39-440. Informal dispute resolution process.

(a)(1) Departmental staff members may assist panel members in convening informal dispute resolution meetings within 30 days of the receipt of each request for informal dispute resolution. If the panel can not be convened within 30 days, the adult care home administrator shall be advised of the date of the panel meeting.

(2) More than one informal dispute resolution request may be reviewed during any panel meeting. The panel shall determine the order and method of the presentations by representatives of the adult care home and the department.

(b) Each representative presenting to the panel shall be limited to oral presentations only. Only panel members may ask questions of presenters.

(c) The panel may limit the time allowed for oral presentations.

(d) The panel shall consider all oral and written information presented and shall recommend one of the following to the secretary:

- (1) Upholding the deficiency;
- (2) deleting the deficiency; or
- (3) revising the scope and severity assessment.

(e) The panel shall provide the secretary with written recommendations, which shall be based upon the applicable statutes, regulations, and supporting documentation.

(f) The panel shall not consider any informal dispute resolution request that meets any of the following conditions:

- (1) Challenges any aspect of the survey process other than the disputed deficiency;
- (2) challenges the scope and severity assessment of deficiencies, except when the scope and severity assessment indicates substandard quality of care or immediate jeopardy;
- (3) alleges failure of the survey team to comply with requirements of the survey process;
- (4) alleges inconsistency of the survey team in citing deficiencies among adult care homes;
- (5) alleges inadequacy of the informal dispute resolution process; or

(6) disputes imposed remedies.

(g) The informal dispute resolution process shall not delay the formal imposition of state or federal enforcement remedies related to the survey in which deficiencies are being disputed.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

## NOTIFICATION OF FINAL DECISION

### **26-39-441. Notification of final decision.**

(a) The informal dispute resolution panel shall submit a written recommendation to the secretary upon adjournment of the informal dispute resolution meeting. The panel's recommendation shall be accepted, rejected, or modified by the secretary.

(b) If the deficiencies are upheld, a departmental staff member shall notify the adult care home representative in writing that the informal dispute resolution request was unsuccessful and that the deficiencies will remain on the statement of deficiencies.

(c) If the deficiencies are deleted or the scope and severity assessments are revised, a department staff member shall notify the adult care home representative in writing that the informal dispute resolution was successful. A departmental staff member shall delete the deficiencies or adjust the scope and severity assessment, or both, and shall forward a revised statement of deficiencies to the adult care home administrator.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

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**NURSING FACILITY  
KANSAS  
ADMINISTRATIVE  
REGULATIONS**

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**RESIDENT FUNDS****28-39-149. Protection of resident funds and possessions in nursing facilities.**

The nursing facility shall have written policies and procedures which ensure the security of residents' possessions and residents' funds accepted by the facility for safekeeping.

(a) The facility shall afford each resident the right to manage the resident's own financial affairs and the facility shall not require any resident to deposit the resident's personal funds with the facility.

(b) Upon written authorization of a resident, the resident's legal representative or power of attorney or an individual who has been appointed conservator for the resident, the facility shall hold, safeguard, manage, and account for the personal funds of the resident deposited with the facility.

(c) The facility shall establish and maintain a system that assures a full, complete, and separate accounting, according to generally accepted accounting principles, of each resident's personal funds entrusted to the facility on the resident's behalf.

(1) The facility shall designate in writing the person responsible for the accounting system.

(2) A record shall be made each time there is a disbursement or addition to the resident's personal fund.

(3) The facility shall provide a written report which includes accounting for all transactions and which states the current fund balance to the resident or the resident's legal representative at least quarterly.

(4) The facility shall deposit any resident's funds in excess of \$50 in one or more interest bearing accounts which are separate from any of the facility's operating accounts, and which credit all interest when earned on the resident's account to the personal account of the resident.

(5) All resident funds deposited by the facility shall be deposited in a Kansas financial institution.

(6) Within 30 days after the death of a resident with personal funds deposited with the facility, the facility shall convey the resident's funds and a final accounting of those funds to the individual or probate jurisdiction administering the resident's estate.

(7) The facility shall purchase a surety bond to assure the security of all residents' personal funds deposited with the facility.

(d) The facility shall have written policies and procedures which ensure the security of each resident's personal possessions.



(1) A written inventory of the resident's personal possessions, signed by the resident or the resident's legal representative shall be completed at the time of admission and updated at least annually.

(2) If a resident requests that the facility hold personal possessions within the facility for safekeeping, the facility shall:

(A) Maintain a written record; and

(B) give a receipt to the resident or the resident's legal representative.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**RESIDENT BEHAVIOR****28-39-150. Resident behavior and nursing facility practices.**

(a) Restraints. The resident shall be free from any physical restraints imposed or psychopharmacologic drugs administered for the purposes of discipline or convenience, and not required to treat the resident's medical symptoms.

(1) When physical restraints are used there shall be:

(A) A written physician's order which includes the type of restraint to be applied, the duration of the application and the justification for the use of the restraint;

(B) evidence that at least every two hours the resident is released from the restraint, exercised, and provided the opportunity to be toileted;

(C) regular monitoring of each resident in restraints at intervals of at least 30 minutes;

(D) documentation in the resident's clinical record which indicates that less restrictive methods to ensure the health and safety of the resident were not effective or appropriate; and

(E) evaluation of the continued necessity for the physical restraint at least every three months and more frequently when there is a significant change in the resident's condition.

(2) Equipment used for physical restraints shall be designed to assure the safety and dignity of the resident.

(3) Staff who works with residents in physical restraints shall be trained in the appropriate application of the restraint and the care of a resident who is required to be physically restrained.

(4) In the event of an emergency, a physical restraint may be applied following an assessment by a licensed nurse which indicates that the physical restraint is necessary to prevent the resident from harming him or herself or other residents and staff members. The nursing facility shall obtain physician approval within 12 hours after the application of any physical restraint.

(b) The facility staff and consultant pharmacist shall monitor residents who receive psychopharmacologic drugs for desired responses and adverse effects.

(c) Abuse. Each resident shall have a right to be free from the following:

(1) Verbal, sexual, physical, and mental abuse;

(2) corporal punishment; and

(3) involuntary seclusion.

(d) Staff treatment of residents. Each facility shall develop and implement written policies and procedures that prohibit abuse, neglect, and exploitation of residents. The facility shall:

(1) Not use verbal, mental, sexual, or physical abuse, including corporal punishment, or involuntary seclusion;

(2) not employ any individual who has been identified on the state nurse aide registry as having abused, neglected, or exploited residents in an adult care home in the past;

(3) ensure that all allegations of abuse, neglect, or exploitation are investigated and reported immediately to the administrator of the facility and to the Kansas department of health and environment;

(4) have evidence that all alleged violations are thoroughly investigated, and shall take measures to prevent further potential abuse, neglect and exploitation while the investigation is in progress;

(5) report the results of all facility investigations to the administrator or the designated representative;

(6) maintain a written record of all investigations of reported abuse, neglect, and exploitation; and

(7) take appropriate corrective action if the alleged violation is verified.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**RESIDENT ASSESSMENT****28-39-151. Resident assessment.**

Each nursing facility shall conduct at the time of admission, and periodically thereafter, a comprehensive assessment of a resident's needs on an instrument approved by the secretary of health and environment.

(a) The comprehensive assessment shall include at least the following information:

- (1) Current medical condition and prior medical history;
- (2) measurement of the resident's current clinical status;
- (3) physical and mental functional status;
- (4) sensory and physical impairments;
- (5) nutritional status and impairments;
- (6) special treatments and procedures;
- (7) mental and psychosocial status;
- (8) discharge potential;
- (9) dental condition;
- (10) activities potential;
- (11) rehabilitation potential;
- (12) cognitive status; and
- (13) drug therapy.

(b) A comprehensive assessment shall be completed:

- (1) Not later than 14 days after admission;
- (2) not later than 14 days after a significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial condition; and;
- (3) at least once every 12 months.

(c) The nursing facility staff shall examine each resident at least once every three months, and as appropriate, revise the resident's assessment to assure the continued accuracy of the assessment.

(d) Changes in a resident's condition which are self-limiting and which will not affect the functional capacity of the resident over the long term do not in themselves require a reassessment of the resident.

(e) The nursing facility shall use the results of the comprehensive assessment to develop, review, and revise the resident's comprehensive plan of care under subsection (h).

(f) The nursing facility shall conduct or coordinate each assessment with the participation of appropriate health professionals.

(g) A registered professional nurse shall conduct or coordinate each comprehensive assessment and shall sign and certify that the assessment has been completed.

(h) Comprehensive care plans.

(1) The facility shall develop a comprehensive care plan for each resident that includes measurable objectives and timetables to meet a resident's physical, mental, and psychosocial needs that are identified in the comprehensive assessment.

(2) The comprehensive care plan shall be:

(A) Developed within seven days after completion of the comprehensive assessment; and

(B) prepared by an interdisciplinary team including the attending physician, a registered nurse with responsibility for the care of the resident, and other appropriate staff in other disciplines as determined by the resident's needs, and with the participation of the resident, the resident's legal representative, and the resident's family to the extent practicable.

(i) The services provided or arranged by the facility shall:

(1) Meet professional standards of quality; and

(2) be provided by qualified persons in accordance with each resident's written plan of care.

(j) Discharge summary. When the facility anticipates discharge of a resident, a discharge summary shall be developed which includes the following:

(1) A recapitulation of the resident's stay;

(2) a final summary of the resident's status which includes the items found in the comprehensive assessment, K.A.R. 28-39-151 (a). This summary shall be available for release at the time of discharge to authorized persons and agencies, with the consent of the resident or the resident's legal representative; and

(3) a post-discharge plan to assist the resident in the adjustment to a new environment. The resident, and when appropriate, the resident's family, shall participate in the development of the plan.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**QUALITY OF CARE****28-39-152. Quality of care.**

Each resident shall receive and the nursing facility shall provide the necessary care and services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being in accordance with the comprehensive assessment and the plan of care.

(a) Activities of daily living. Based on the comprehensive assessment of the resident, the facility shall ensure all of the following:

(1) Each resident's abilities in activities of daily living improve or are maintained except as an unavoidable result of the resident's clinical condition. This shall include the resident's ability to perform the following:

- (A) Bathe;
- (B) dress and groom;
- (C) transfer and ambulate;
- (D) toilet;
- (E) eat; and
- (F) use speech, language, or other functional communication systems.

(2) Each resident is given the appropriate treatment and services to maintain or improve the level of functioning as described above in paragraph (1).

(3) Any resident who is unable to perform activities of daily living receives the necessary services to maintain good nutrition, grooming, and personal and oral hygiene. The facility shall ensure all of the following:

- (A) Residents are bathed to ensure skin integrity, cleanliness, and control of body odor.
- (B) Oral care is provided so that the oral cavity and dentures are clean and odor is controlled.
- (C) Residents are dressed and groomed in a manner that preserves personal dignity.
- (D) Residents who are unable to eat without assistance are offered fluids and food in a manner that maintains adequate hydration and nutrition.
- (E) The resident's abilities to obtain fluid and nutrition in a normal manner are preserved or enhanced.

(b) Urinary incontinence. The facility shall ensure all of the following:

(1) Residents who are incontinent at the time of admission or who become incontinent after admission are assessed, and based on that assessment a plan is developed and implemented to assist the resident to become continent, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that incontinency is unavoidable.

(2) Residents who are incontinent receive appropriate treatment and services to prevent urinary tract infections.

(3) Residents who are admitted to the facility without an indwelling catheter are not catheterized, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that catheterization is necessary.

(4) Residents with indwelling catheters receive appropriate treatment and services to prevent urinary tract infections and to restore normal bladder function, if possible.

(c) Pressure ulcers. Based on the comprehensive assessment, the facility shall ensure all of the following:

(1) Any resident who enters the facility without pressure ulcers does not develop pressure ulcers; unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that they were unavoidable. The facility shall report in writing the development of any pressure ulcer to the medical director.

(2) Any resident with pressure ulcers receives the necessary treatment and services to promote healing, prevent infection, and prevent new ulcers from developing.

(3) A skin integrity program is developed for each resident identified to be at risk for pressure ulcers. The program shall include the following:

(A) Frequent changes of position at least one time every two hours;

(B) protection of the skin from items that could promote loss of skin integrity;

(C) the use of protective devices over vulnerable areas, including heels, elbows, and other body prominences; and

(D) methods to assist the resident to remain in good body alignment.

(d) Stasis ulcers. Based on the comprehensive assessment of the resident, the facility shall ensure both of the following:

(1) Any resident who is identified on the comprehensive assessment as being at risk for development of stasis ulcers does not develop stasis ulcers, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that the stasis ulcers were unavoidable.



(2) Any resident with stasis ulcers receives the necessary treatment and services to promote healing, prevent infection, and prevent new ulcers from developing.

(e) Range of motion. Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility shall ensure all of the following:

(1) Any resident who enters the facility without a limitation in range of motion does not experience a reduction in range; unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that a reduction in range of motion is unavoidable.

(2) Any resident with a decrease in range of motion receives appropriate treatment and services to increase range of motion, if practicable, and to prevent further decrease in range of motion.

(3) Any resident who is identified as at risk for experiencing a decrease in range of motion is provided appropriate treatment and services to prevent the decrease.

(f) Mobility. Based on the comprehensive assessment of the resident, the facility shall ensure all of the following:

(1) A resident's level of mobility does not decrease after admission; unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that a reduction in mobility is unavoidable.

(2) Any resident with a limitation in mobility receives the appropriate treatment and services to maintain or increase the resident's mobility.

(3) Any resident who is identified by the comprehensive assessment to be at risk for a reduction of function in the area of mobility is provided the treatment and services to prevent or limit that decrease in function.

(g) Psychosocial functioning. Based on the comprehensive assessment of the resident, the facility shall ensure both of the following:

(1) A resident's level of psychosocial functioning does not decrease after admission, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that a reduction in psychosocial functioning is unavoidable.

(2) Any resident who displays psychosocial adjustment difficulty receives appropriate treatment and services to achieve as high a level of psychosocial functioning as possible within the constraints of the resident's clinical condition.

(h) Gastric tubes. Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility shall ensure that each resident meets either of the following criteria:

(1) Has been able to eat enough to maintain adequate nutrition and hydration independently or with assistance is not fed by a gastric tube, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that use of a gastric tube was unavoidable; or

(2) is fed by a gastric tube and receives the following appropriate treatment and services:

(A) To prevent the following:

- (i) Aspiration pneumonia;
- (ii) diarrhea;
- (iii) vomiting;
- (iv) dehydration;
- (v) metabolic abnormalities;
- (vi) nasal and pharyngeal ulcers; and
- (vii) ulceration at a gastrostomy tube site; and

(B) to restore, if possible, normal feeding function.

(i) Accidents. The facility shall ensure both of the following:

- (1) The resident's environment remains free of accident hazards.
- (2) Each resident receives adequate supervision and assistive devices to prevent accidents.

(j) Nutrition. Based on the resident's comprehensive assessment, the facility shall ensure all of the following for each resident:

(1) Maintenance of acceptable parameters of nutritional status, including usual body weight and protein levels, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that this is not possible;

(2) a therapeutic diet as ordered by the attending physician when there is a nutritional problem or there is a potential for a nutritional problem; and

(3) for residents at risk for malnutrition, the provision of monitoring, and appropriate treatment and services to prevent malnutrition.

(k) Hydration. The facility shall provide each resident with sufficient fluid intake to maintain proper hydration and health.

(1) Fresh water, with or without ice according to the preference of the resident, shall be accessible to each resident at all times except when not appropriate due to resident's clinical condition.

(2) Any resident at risk for dehydration shall be monitored and appropriate treatment and services shall be provided to prevent dehydration.

(1) The facility shall ensure that each resident receives proper treatment and care for special services, which shall include the following:

(1) Parenteral injections. Parenteral injections shall be performed by licensed nurses and physicians;

(2) intravenous fluids and medications. Intravenous fluids and medications shall be administered and monitored by a registered nurse or by a licensed practical nurse who has documented successful completion of training in intravenous therapy;

(3) colostomy, ureterostomy, or ileostomy care;

(4) tracheostomy care;

(5) tracheal suctioning;

(6) respiratory care;

(7) podiatric care;

(8) prosthetic care;

(9) skin care related to pressure ulcers;

(10) diabetic testing; and

(11) other special treatments and services ordered by the resident's physician.

(m) Drug therapy. The facility shall ensure that all drugs are administered to residents in accordance with a physician's order and acceptable medical practice. The facility shall further ensure all of the following:

(1) All drugs are administered by physicians, licensed nursing personnel, or other personnel who have completed a state-approved training program in drug administration.

(2) A resident may self-administer drugs if the interdisciplinary team has determined that the resident can perform this function safely and accurately and the resident's physician has given written permission.

(3) Drugs are prepared and administered by the same person.

(4) The resident is identified before administration of a drug, and the dose of the drug administered to the resident is recorded on the resident's individual drug record by the person who administers the drug.

(n) Oxygen therapy. The facility shall ensure that oxygen therapy is administered to a resident in accordance with a physician's order. The facility shall further ensure all of the following:

- (1) Precautions are taken to provide safe administration of oxygen.
- (2) Each staff person administering oxygen therapy is trained and competent in the performance of the required procedures.
- (3) Equipment used in the administration of oxygen, including oxygen concentrators, is maintained and disinfected in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (4) A sign that reads "oxygen - no smoking" is posted and visible at the corridor entrance to a room in which oxygen is stored or in use.
- (5) All smoking materials, matches, lighters, or any item capable of causing a spark has been removed from a room in which oxygen is in use or stored.
- (6) Oxygen containers are anchored to prevent them from tipping or falling over.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended Oct. 8, 1999.)

**QUALITY OF LIFE****28-39-153. Quality of life.**

Each nursing facility shall care for its residents in a manner and in an environment that promotes maintenance or enhancement of each resident's quality of life.

(a) Dignity. Each facility shall promote respect of each resident and shall fully recognize each resident's individuality.

(b) Self-determination and participation. The nursing facility shall afford each resident the right to:

(1) Choose activities, schedules, and health care consistent with resident's interests, assessments and care plans;

(2) interact with members of the community both inside and outside the facility; and

(3) make choices about aspects of the resident's life that are significant to the resident.

(c) Participation in resident and family groups.

(1) The facility shall afford each resident the right to organize and participate in resident groups in the facility.

(2) The nursing facility shall afford each resident's family the right to meet in the facility with the families of other residents in the facility.

(3) Staff or visitors may attend meetings at the group's invitation.

(4) The facility shall designate a staff person responsible for providing assistance and responding to written requests that result from group meetings.

(5) When a resident or family group exists, the facility shall consider the views, grievances, and recommendations of residents and their families concerning proposed policy and operational decisions affecting resident care and life in the facility. The nursing facility shall maintain a record of the written requests and the facility responses or actions.

(d) Participation in other activities. The nursing facility shall afford each resident the right to:

(1) Participate in social, religious, and community activities that do not interfere with the rights of other residents in the facility; and

(2) reside and receive services in the facility with reasonable accommodation of individual needs and preferences, except when the health or safety of the individual or other residents would be endangered.

(e) Activities.

(1) The facility shall provide an ongoing program of activities designed to meet, in accordance with the comprehensive assessment, the interests of and promote the physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(2) A qualified activities director shall direct the activities program.

(3) The nursing facility shall employ activities personnel at a minimum weekly average of .09 hours per resident per day.

(f) Social services.

(1) The facility shall provide medically-related social services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(2) Any facility with more than 120 beds shall employ a full-time social service designee who:

(A) is a licensed social worker; or

(B)(i) meets the qualifications in K.A.R. 28-39-144 (bbb); and

(ii) receives supervision from a licensed social worker.

(3) Any facility with 120 beds or fewer shall employ a social services designee. If the social service designee is not a licensed social worker or meets the requirements in K.A.R. 28-39-144 (bbb) (2), a licensed social worker shall supervise the social service designee.

(4) The nursing facility shall employ social service personnel at a minimum weekly average of .09 hours per resident per day.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**NURSING SERVICES****28-39-154. Nursing services.**

Each nursing facility shall have sufficient nursing staff to provide nursing and related services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident as determined by resident assessments and individual plans of care.

(a) Sufficient staff. The facility shall employ sufficient numbers of each of the following types of personnel to provide nursing care to all residents in accordance with each resident's comprehensive assessment and care plan.

(1) The nursing facility shall employ full-time a director of nursing who is a registered nurse. The director of nursing shall have administrative authority over and responsibility for the functions and activities of the nursing staff.

(2) A registered nurse shall be on duty at least eight consecutive hours per day, seven days per week. The facility may include the director of nursing to meet this requirement.

(3) A licensed nurse shall be on duty 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

(A) On the day shift there shall be the same number of licensed nurses on duty as there are nursing units.

(B) If a licensed practical nurse is the only licensed nurse on duty, a registered nurse shall be immediately available by telephone.

(4) At least two nursing personnel shall be on duty at all times in the facility. Personnel shall be immediately accessible to each resident to assure prompt response to the resident call system and necessary action in the event of injury, illness, fire, or other emergency.

(5) The nursing facility shall not assign nursing personnel routine housekeeping, laundry, or dietary duties.

(6) Direct care staff shall wear identification badges to identify name and position.

(7) The nursing facility shall ensure that direct care staff are available to provide resident care in accordance with the following minimum requirements.

(A) Per facility, there shall be a weekly average of 2.0 hours of direct care staff time per resident and a daily average of not fewer than 1.85 hours during any 24 hour period. The director of nursing shall not be included in this computation in facilities with more than 60 beds.

(B) The ratio of nursing personnel to residents per nursing unit shall not be fewer than one nursing staff member for each 30 residents or for each fraction of that number of residents.

(C) The licensing agency may require an increase in the number of nursing personnel above minimum levels under certain circumstances. The circumstances may include the following:

- (i) location of resident rooms;
- (ii) locations of nurses' stations;
- (iii) the acuity level of residents; or
- (iv) that the health and safety needs of residents are not being met.

(b) The nursing facility shall maintain staffing schedules on file in the facility for 12 months and shall include hours actually worked and the classification of nursing personnel who worked in each nursing unit on each shift.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)



**PHYSICIAN SERVICES****28-39-155. Physician services.**

Each resident in a nursing facility shall be admitted and shall remain under the care of a physician.

(a) The facility shall ensure that both of the following conditions are met:

(1) The medical care of each resident is supervised by a physician.

(2) Another physician supervises the medical care of residents when the resident's attending physician is not available.

(b) The physician shall perform the following duties:

(1) At the time of the resident's admission to the facility, provide orders for the immediate care of the resident, current medical findings, and diagnosis. The physician shall provide a medical history within seven days after admission of the resident;

(2) review the resident's total program of care, including medications and treatments at each visit;

(3) write, sign and date progress notes at each visit; and

(4) sign all written orders at the time of the visit and all telephone orders within seven days of the date the order was given.

(c) A physician shall see the resident for all of the following:

(1) If it is necessary due to a change in the resident's condition determined by the physician or licensed nursing staff;

(2) if the resident or legal representative requests a physician visit; and

(3) at least annually.

(d) The physician may delegate resident visits to an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant.

(e) At admission, the resident or the resident's legal representative shall designate the hospital to which the resident is to be transferred in a medical emergency. If the resident's attending physician does not have admitting privileges at the designated hospital, the facility shall assist the resident or the resident's legal representative in making arrangements with another physician who has admitting privileges to assume the care of the resident during hospitalization. This information shall be available on the resident's clinical record.

(f) Death of resident. The nursing facility shall obtain an order from a physician before allowing the removal of the body of a deceased resident.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended November 26, 2001.)

**PHARMACY SERVICES****28-39-156. Pharmacy services.**

The nursing facility shall provide pharmaceutical services including policies and procedures that assure the accurate acquisition, receipt, and administration of all drugs and biologicals to meet the needs of each resident.

(a) Supervision by a licensed pharmacist.

(1) A pharmacist shall develop, coordinate, and supervise all pharmacy services.

(2) The pharmacist shall perform a monthly review of the methods, procedures, storage, administration, disposal, and record-keeping of drugs and biologicals.

(3) The pharmacist shall prepare a written report which includes recommendations for the administrator after each monthly review.

(b) Ordering and labeling.

(1) All drugs and biologicals shall be ordered pursuant to a written order issued by a licensed physician.

(2) The dispensing pharmacist shall label each prescription container in accordance with K.A.R. 68-7-14.

(3) Over-the-counter drugs. The facility shall ensure that any over-the-counter drug delivered to the facility is in the original, unbroken manufacturer's package. The pharmacist or licensed nurse shall place the full name of the resident on the package. If over-the-counter drugs are removed from the original manufacturer's package other than for administration, the pharmacist shall label the drug as required for prescription drugs.

(4) Physicians, advanced registered nurse practitioners, and physician assistants shall give verbal orders for drugs only to a licensed nurse, pharmacist or another physician. The licensed nurse, physician, or pharmacist shall immediately record the verbal order in the resident's clinical record. The physician shall counter-sign all verbal orders within seven working days after receipt of the verbal order.

(c) Automatic stop orders. Drugs not specifically limited as to time or number of doses when ordered shall be controlled by automatic stop orders in accordance with written policies of the facility. A licensed nurse shall notify the physician of an automatic stop order before the administration of the last dose so that the physician may decide if additional drug is to be ordered.

(d) Storage.

- (1) The licensed pharmacist shall ensure that all drugs and biologicals are stored according to state and federal laws.
  - (2) The nursing facility shall store all drugs and biologicals in a locked medication room or a locked medication cart located at the nurses' station. Only the administrator and persons authorized to administer medications shall have keys to the medication room or the medication cart.
  - (3) The nursing facility shall store drugs and biologicals under sanitary conditions.
  - (4) The temperature of the medication room shall not exceed 85°F. The nursing facility shall store drugs and biologicals at the temperatures recommended by the manufacturer.
  - (e) The nursing facility shall develop and implement policies and procedures to assure that residents who self-administer drugs do so safely and accurately.
  - (f) Accountability and disposition. The nursing facility shall control and dispose of drugs and biologicals in a manner that ensures the safety of the resident.
- (1) The nursing facility shall maintain records of receipt and disposition of all controlled substances in order that there can be an accurate reconciliation.
  - (2) The licensed pharmacist shall determine whether the records of drug and biological administration are in order and that an accurate account of all controlled substances was maintained and reconciled.
  - (3) The licensed pharmacist shall identify any deteriorated, outdated, or discontinued drugs and biologicals and any drugs or biologicals that are unused remaining from a discharged or deceased resident during the monthly pharmacy services review. The licensed pharmacist shall destroy, if appropriate, any deteriorated, outdated, unused, or discontinued drugs and biologicals at the nursing facility and in the presence of one witness who is a licensed nurse employed by the facility. A record shall be on file in the facility which contains the date, drug name, quantity of drugs and biologicals destroyed, and signatures of the pharmacist and licensed nurse.
  - (4) The nursing facility shall return to the dispensing pharmacy any drugs and biologicals which have been recalled and shall maintain documentation of this action in the facility.
  - (5) Staff members who have authority to administer drugs may provide drugs to residents or a responsible party during short-term absences from the facility.
    - (A) A staff member who has the authority to administer drugs may transfer drugs to a suitable container.
    - (B) The staff member preparing the drugs shall provide written instructions for the administration of the drugs to the resident or responsible party.

(6) The staff member preparing the drugs shall document the drugs provided and the instructions given in the resident's clinical record.

(7) The nursing facility may send drugs with a resident at the time of discharge, if so ordered by the physician.

(g) Drug regimen review.

(1) The licensed pharmacist shall review the drug regimen of each resident at least monthly.

(2) The licensed pharmacist shall document in the resident's clinical record that the drug regimen review has been performed.

(3) The licensed pharmacist shall report any irregularities to the attending physician, the director of nursing, and the medical director. The pharmacist or a licensed nurse shall act upon any responses by the physician to the report.

(4) The pharmacist shall document the drug regimen review in the resident's clinical record or on a drug regimen report form. A copy of the drug regimen review shall be available to the department.

(5) Any deviation between drugs ordered and drugs given shall be reported to the quality assessment and assurance committee.

(h) Emergency drug kits. A nursing facility may have an emergency drug kit available for use when needed.

(1) The medical director, director of nursing, and licensed pharmacist shall determine the contents of the emergency drug kit. The contents of the kit shall be periodically reviewed and drugs added and deleted as appropriate. Written documentation of these determinations shall be available in the facility.

(2) Policies and procedures shall be available for the use of the emergency drug kit.

(3) The facility shall have a system in place which ensures that drugs used from the emergency drug kit are replaced in a timely manner.

(4) The emergency drug kit shall be in compliance with K.A.R. 68-7-10 (d).

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

## SPECIALIZED REHABILITATION SERVICES

### **28-39-157. Specialized rehabilitation services.**

Each nursing facility shall provide or obtain rehabilitative services for residents, including physical therapy, speech-language pathology, audiology, and occupational therapy.

(a) Provision of services. If specialized rehabilitative services are required in the resident's comprehensive plan of care, the facility shall:

(1) Provide the required services; or

(2) obtain the required services from an outside resource in accordance with K.A.R. 28-39-163 (h), from a provider of specialized rehabilitation services.

(b) Qualified personnel shall provide specialized rehabilitation services under the written order of a physician.

(c) The facility shall develop policies and procedures for the provision of specialized rehabilitation services.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**DIETARY SERVICES****28-39-158. Dietary services.**

The nursing facility shall provide each resident with nourishing, palatable, attractive, non-contaminated foods that meet the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of each resident. A facility that has a contract with an outside food management company shall be found to be in compliance with this regulation if the company meets the requirements of these regulations.

(a) Staffing.

(1) Overall supervisory responsibility for the dietetic services shall be the assigned responsibility of a full-time employee who is a licensed dietitian or a dietetic services supervisor who receives regularly scheduled onsite supervision from a licensed dietitian. The nursing facility shall provide sufficient support staff to assure adequate time for planning and supervision.

(2) The nursing facility shall implement written policies and procedures for all functions of the dietetic services department. The policies and procedures shall be available for use in the department.

(b) Menus and nutritional adequacy.

(1) Menus shall meet the nutritional needs of the residents in accordance with:

(A) each resident's comprehensive assessment;

(B) the attending physician's orders; and

(C) the recommended dietary allowances of the food and nutrition board of the national research council, national academy of sciences as published in *Recommended Dietary Allowances*, 10th ed., 1989.

(2) Menus for all diets and therapeutic modifications shall be written at least two weeks in advance of service and shall be approved by a licensed dietitian.

(3) Menus shall ensure that not less than 20 percent of the total calorie intake is served at one meal.

(4) When a substitution is necessary, the substitute shall be of similar nutritive value, recorded, and available for review.

(5) Menus shall be followed.

(6) The nursing facility shall keep on file and available for review records of the foods purchased and meals and snacks actually served for three months.

(c) Food. Each facility shall comply with the following provisions.

(1) Dietary service staff shall prepare the food by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, appetizing aroma, and appearance.

(2) Food shall be attractive, flavorful, well-seasoned, and served at the proper temperature.

(A) Before serving, the facility shall hold hot foods at 140° F or above.

(B) Hot foods, when served to the resident, shall not be below 115° F.

(C) The facility shall hold and serve cold foods that are potentially hazardous at not more than 45° F.

(3) The facility shall prepare the food using standardized recipes adjusted to the number of residents served.

(4) The facility shall prepare the food in a form designed to meet individual resident needs.

(5) When a resident refuses a food served, the facility shall serve the resident food of similar nutritive value as a substitute.

(d) Therapeutic diets.

(1) The attending physician shall prescribe any therapeutic diets.

(2) A current diet manual approved by the licensed dietitian shall be available to attending physicians, nurses, and dietetic services personnel. The facility shall use the manual as a guide for writing menus for therapeutic diets.

(e) Frequency of meals.

(1) Each resident shall receive and the facility shall:

(A) Provide at least three meals daily, at regular times;

(B) offer nourishment at bedtime to all residents unless clinically contra-indicated; and

(C) provide between-meal nourishments when clinically indicated or requested when not clinically contra-indicated.

(2) There shall be no more than 14 hours' time between a substantial evening meal and breakfast the following day, except when a nourishing snack is provided at bedtime, in which instance 16 hours may elapse. A nourishing snack shall contain items from at least 2 food groups.

(f) Assistive devices. Each facility shall provide, based on the comprehensive assessment, special eating equipment and utensils for residents who need them.



(g) Sanitary conditions. Each facility shall comply with the following provisions.

(1) The facility shall procure all foods from sources approved or considered satisfactory by federal, state and local authorities.

(2) The facility shall store, prepare, display, distribute, and serve foods to residents, visitors and staff under sanitary conditions.

(A) The facility shall keep potentially hazardous foods at a temperature of 45° F or 7° C or lower, or at a temperature of 140° F or 60° C or higher.

(B) The facility shall provide each mechanically refrigerated storage area with a numerically scaled thermometer, accurate to +plus or -minus 3° F or 1.5° C, which is located to measure the warmest part of the storage area and is easily readable.

(C) The facility shall keep frozen food frozen and shall store the food at a temperature of not more than 0° F.

(D) The facility shall store each prepared food, dry or staple food, single service ware, sanitized equipment, or utensil at least six inches or 15 centimeters above the floor on clean surfaces and shall protect the food from contamination.

(E) The facility shall store and label containers of poisonous compounds or cleaning supplies and keep the containers in areas separate from those used for food storage, preparation and serving.

(F) The facility shall cover, label, and date each food item not stored in the original product container or package.

(G) The facility shall tightly cover and date each opened food item stored in the original product container or package.

(H) The facility shall not store prepared foods, dry or staple foods, single service ware, sanitized equipment or utensils and containers of food under exposed or unprotected sewer lines or water lines, except for automatic fire protection sprinkler heads. The facility shall not store food and service equipment or utensils in toilet rooms.

(I) The facility shall store food not subject to further washing or cooking before serving in a way that protects the food against cross-contamination.

(J) The facility shall not store packaged food subject to entry of water in contact with water or undrained ice.

(3) The facility shall prepare and serve food:

(A) with the least possible manual contact;

(B) with suitable utensils; and

(C) on surfaces that have been cleaned, rinsed and sanitized before use to prevent cross-contamination.

(4) The facility shall not prepare or serve food from containers with serious defects.

(5) The facility shall thoroughly wash each raw fruit and raw vegetable with water before being cooked or served.

(6) With the following exceptions, the facility shall cook potentially hazardous foods which require cooking to at least 145°F.

(A) The facility shall cook poultry, poultry stuffings, stuffed meats and stuffing containing meat to a minimum temperature of 165°F in all parts of the food with no interruption of the cooking process.

(B) The facility shall cook pork and any food containing pork to a minimum temperature of 150°F in all parts of the food.

(C) The facility shall cook ground beef and any food containing ground beef to at least 155°F in all parts of the food.

(7) When foods in which dry milk has been added are not cooked, the foods shall be consumed within 24 hours.

(8) The facility shall use only pasteurized fresh milk as a milk beverage and shall transfer to a glass directly from a milk dispenser or original container. When clinically indicated, non-fat dry milk may be added to fresh milk served to a resident.

(9) The facility shall use only clean whole eggs, with shells intact and without cracks or checks, or pasteurized liquid, frozen, or dry eggs or egg products, or commercially prepared and packaged hard cooked, peeled eggs. All eggs shall be cooked.

(10) The facility shall reheat rapidly potentially hazardous foods that have been cooked and then refrigerated to a minimum of 165°F throughout before being served or before being placed in a hot food storage unit.

(11) The facility shall use metal stem-type numerically scaled thermometers, accurate to plus or minus 3°F to assure the attainment and maintenance of proper internal cooking, holding, or refrigeration temperatures of potentially hazardous foods.

(12) The facility shall thaw potentially hazardous foods:

(A) Under refrigeration;

(B) under cold running water;

(C) in a microwave when the food will be immediately cooked; or

(D) as part of the cooking process.

(h) Service. The facility shall:

(1) Provide dining room service for all capable residents;

(2) provide ice for beverages which shall be handled in a manner which prevents contamination;

(3) cover food distributed for room service and to dining rooms not adjacent to the dietetic services department; and

(4) protect food on display from contamination by the use of packaging or by the use of easily cleanable counter, serving line or salad bar protective devices or other effective means.

(i) Dietary employees shall:

(1) Thoroughly wash their hands and exposed portions of their arms with soap and water before starting work, during work as often as necessary to keep them clean, and after smoking, eating, drinking, or using the toilet. Employees shall keep their fingernails clean and trimmed;

(2) wear clean outer clothing;

(3) use effective hair restraints to prevent contamination of food and food-contact surfaces;

(4) taste food in a sanitary manner;

(5) use equipment and utensils constructed from and repaired with safe materials;

(6) Clean and sanitize equipment and utensils after each use;

(7) Use clean, dry cloths or paper used for no purpose but for wiping food spills on tableware such as plates or bowls; and,

(8) Use cloths or sponges for wiping food spills on food and non-food contact surfaces which are clean, rinsed frequently in a sanitizing solution and stored in the sanitizing solution which is maintained at an effective concentration.

(j) The facility shall ensure that only persons authorized by the facility are in the dietary services area or areas.

(k) The facility shall ensure that the food preparation area is not used as a dining area.

(l) Cleaning procedures. The facility shall:

- (1) Establish and follow cleaning procedures to ensure that all equipment and work areas, including walls, floors, and ceilings are clean;
- (2) perform cleaning and sanitizing of tableware and equipment by immersion, spray-type, or low-temperature dishwashing machines used according to the manufacturer's directions. Rinse temperature in hot water machines shall be a minimum of 160°F at the dish level;
- (3) air dry all tableware, kitchenware, and equipment;
- (4) store glasses and cups in an inverted position ;
- (5) cover or invert other stored utensils;
- (6) provide for storage of knives, forks, and spoons so that the handle is first presented;
- (7) provide mops and mop pails for exclusive use in the dietary department;
- (8) provide a lavatory with hot and cold running water, soap, and single-service towels or a mechanical hand drying device in dietetic services;
- (9) dispose of waste in a sanitary manner via a food disposal or in clean containers with tight-fitting covers; and
- (10) cover waste containers except when in continuous use.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

## DENTAL SERVICES

### 28-39-159. Dental services.

Each nursing facility shall assist residents in obtaining routine and 24-hour emergency dental care. The facility shall:

- (a) Maintain a list of available dentists for residents who do not have a dentist;
- (b) assist residents, if requested or necessary, in arranging for appropriate dental services; and
- (c) assist residents in arranging transportation to and from the dentist's office.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**OTHER RESIDENT SERVICES****28-39-160. Other resident services.**

(a) Special care section. A nursing facility may develop a special care section within the nursing facility to serve the needs of a specific group of residents.

- (1) The facility shall designate a specific portion of the facility for the special care section.
- (2) The facility shall develop admission and discharge criteria that identify the diagnosis, behavior, or specific clinical needs of the residents to be served. The medical diagnosis, physician's progress notes, or both shall justify admission to the section.
- (3) A written physician's order shall be required for placement.
- (4) Direct care staff shall be present in the section at all times.
- (5) Before admission to a special care section, the facility shall inform the resident or resident's legal representative in writing of the services and programs available in the special care section that are different from those services and programs provided in the other sections of the facility.
- (6) The facility shall provide a training program for each staff member before the member's assignment to the section. Evidence of completion of the training shall be on file in the employee's personnel records.
- (7) The facility shall provide in-service training specific to the needs of the residents in the special care section to staff at regular intervals.
- (8) The facility shall develop and make available to the clinical care staff policies and procedures for operation of the special care section.
- (9) The facility shall provide a substation for use by the direct care staff in the special care section. The design of the substation shall be in accordance with the needs of the special care section and shall allow for visibility of the corridors from that location.
- (10) Staff in the section shall be able to observe and hear resident and emergency call signals from the corridor and nurse substation.
- (11) The facility shall provide living, dining, activity, and recreational areas in the special care section at the rate of 27 square feet per resident, except when residents are able to access living, dining, activity, and recreational areas in another section of the facility.
- (12) The comprehensive resident assessment shall indicate that the resident would benefit from the program offered by the special care section.

(13) The resident comprehensive care plan shall include interventions that effectively assist the resident in correcting or compensating for the identified problems or need.

(14) Control of exits shall be the least restrictive possible for the residents in the section.

(b) Adult day care. A nursing facility may provide adult day care services to any individual whose physical, mental, and psychosocial needs can be met by intermittent nursing, psychosocial, and rehabilitative or restorative services.

(1) The nursing facility shall develop written policies and procedures for provision of adult day care services.

(2) The nursing facility shall develop criteria for admission to and discharge from the adult day care service.

(3) The nursing facility shall maintain a clinical record of services provided to clients in the adult day care program.

(4) The provision of adult day care services shall not adversely affect the care and services offered to residents of the facility.

(c) Respite care. A nursing facility may provide respite care to individuals on a short-term basis of not more than 30 consecutive days.

(1) The facility shall develop policies and procedures for the provision of respite care.

(2) All requirements for admission of a resident to a nursing facility shall be met for an individual admitted for respite care.

(3) The facility may obtain an order from the resident's physician indicating that the resident may return to the facility at a later date for respite care.

(A) The facility may identify the resident's clinical record as inactive until the resident returns.

(B) Each time the resident returns to the facility for subsequent respite services, the resident's physician shall review the physician plan of care and shall indicate any significant change that has occurred in the resident's medical condition since the previous stay.

(C) The facility shall review and revise the comprehensive assessment and care plan, if needed.

(D) The facility shall conduct a comprehensive assessment after any significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial functioning and not less often than once a year.

(E) Any facility with a ban on admissions shall not admit or readmit residents for respite care.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended October 8, 1999.)



**INFECTION CONTROL****28-39-161. Infection control.**

Each nursing facility shall establish and maintain an infection control program designed to provide a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment for residents and to prevent the development and transmission of disease and infection.

(a) Each facility shall establish an infection control program under which the facility meets the following requirements:

(1) Prevents, controls, and investigates infections in the facility;

(2) develops and implements policies and procedures that require all employees to adhere to universal precautions to prevent the spread of blood-borne infectious diseases based on “universal precautions for prevention of transmission of human immunodeficiency virus, hepatitis B virus, and other bloodborne pathogens in health-care settings,” as published in the morbidity and mortality weekly report, June 24, 1988, vol. 37 no. 24 and “CDC guidelines for “handwashing and hospital environmental control, effective as published in November, 1985, are hereby adopted by reference;

(3) develops and implements policies and procedures related to isolation of residents with suspected or diagnosed communicable diseases based on the centers for disease control “guideline for isolation precautions in hospitals,” as published in January, 1996, which is hereby adopted by reference;

(4) develops policies and procedures related to employee health based on the centers for disease control “guideline for infection control in hospital personnel,” as published in August, 1983, which is hereby adopted by reference;

(5) assures that at least one private room that is well ventilated and contains a separate toilet facility is designated for isolation of a resident with an infectious disease requiring a private room. The facility shall develop a policy for transfer of any resident occupying the designated private room to allow placement of a resident with an infectious disease requiring isolation in the private room designated as an isolation room;

(6) includes in the orientation of new employees and periodic employees in-service information on exposure control and infection control in a health care setting; and

(7) maintains a record of incidents and corrective actions related to infection that is reviewed and acted upon by the quality assessment and assurance committee.

(b) Preventing the spread of infection.

(1) When a physician or licensed nurse determines that a resident requires isolation to prevent the spread of infection, the facility shall isolate the resident according to the policies and procedures developed.

(2) The facility shall prohibit employees with a communicable disease or infected skin lesions from coming in direct contact with residents, any resident's food, or resident care equipment until the condition is resolved.

(3) Tuberculosis skin testing shall be administered to each new resident and employee as soon as residency or employment begins, unless the resident or employee has documentation of a previous significant reaction. Each facility shall follow the centers for disease control recommendations for "prevention and control of tuberculosis in facilities providing long-term care to the elderly," as published in morbidity and mortality weekly report, July 13, 1990.

(4) Staff shall wash their hands after each direct resident contact for which handwashing is indicated by the centers for disease control guideline for "handwashing and hospital environmental control," as published in November 1985, which is hereby adopted by reference.

(c) Linens and resident clothing.

(1) The facility shall handle soiled linen and soiled resident clothing as little as possible and with minimum agitation to prevent gross microbial contamination of air and of persons handling the items.

(2) The facility shall place all soiled linen and resident clothing in bags or in carts immediately at the location where they were used. The facility shall not sort and pre-rinse linen and resident clothing in resident-care areas.

(3) The facility shall deposit and transport linen and resident clothing soiled with blood or body fluids in bags that prevent leakage.

(4) The facility shall wash linen with detergent in water of at least 160° F. The facility shall follow the manufacturers' operating directions for washing equipment.

(5) The facility may choose to wash linens and soiled resident clothing in water at less than 160° F if the following conditions are met:

(A) Temperature sensors and gauges capable of monitoring water temperatures to ensure that the wash water does not fall below 72° F are installed on each washing machine.

(B) The chemicals used for low temperature washing emulsify in 70° F water.

(C) The supplier of the chemical specifies low-temperature wash formulas in writing for the machines used in the facility.

(D) Charts providing specific information concerning the formulas to be used for each machine are posted in an area accessible to staff.

(E) The facility ensures that laundry staff receives in-service training by the chemical supplier on a routine basis, regarding chemical usage and monitoring of wash operations.

(F) Maintenance staff monitors chemical usage and wash water temperatures at least daily to ensure conformance with the chemical supplier's instructions.

(6) The facility shall use methods for transport and storing of clean linen that will ensure the cleanliness of the linens.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended October 8, 1999.)

**PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT****28-39-162. Nursing facility physical environment; construction and site requirements.**

Each nursing facility shall be designed, constructed, equipped, and maintained to protect the health and safety of residents, personnel, and the public.

(a) All new construction and modifications shall comply with building codes, ordinances, and regulations enforced by city, county, or state jurisdictions.

(1) Where codes, ordinances, and regulations are not in effect, the owner shall conform to the uniform building code, as in effect in 1991.

(2) New construction, modifications and equipment shall conform to the following codes and standards:

(A) Title III of the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. 12181, effective as of January 26, 1992; and

(B) "Food service sanitation manual," health, education, and welfare (HEW) publication no. FDA 78-2081, as in effect on July 1, 1981.

(b) Site requirements. The location and development of a site upon which a facility is to be constructed, or an existing facility expanded, or an existing building converted for use as an adult care home, shall meet the following physical requirements:

(1) Site location. The general location of the site shall be:

(A) Served by all-weather roads or streets;

(B) accessible to physician services, fire and other emergency services, medical facilities, churches, and population centers where employees can be recruited and retained;

(C) sufficiently remote from noise sources which would cause day or night average sound levels to exceed 65 decibels. The average day or night sound level shall be the A-weighted energy equivalent sound level for a 24-hour period with an additional 10 decibel weighing imposed on the equivalent sound level occurring during the night-time hours of the following day (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.). For the purposes of this regulation the term decibel is a unit for measuring the volume of a sound equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the pressure of sound measured to the reference pressure which is 20 micropascals. Fast

time averaging and A-measurements shall be made four feet 11 inches or 1.5 meters above ground level at a site location, six feet seven inches or two meters from the exterior wall of the existing or proposed building, on that side nearest the predominant noise source. If the proposed building location is unknown, the person testing the noise levels shall take measurements at a point six feet seven inches or two meters beyond the building setback line in the direction of the predominant noise source. Any noise measurements which are submitted for review shall be performed at the site within 180 days immediately before the date of the application for site approval. The department shall give consideration to the presence of time varying or seasonal noise sources during the selection of measurement periods in order to provide an accurate assessment of the noise environment of the site. The 24-hour measurement periods selected shall be representative of the maximum noise source activities likely to be encountered during any weekly period;

(D) free from noxious and hazardous fumes;

(E) at least 4,000 feet from concentrated livestock operations, including shipping areas, or holding pens;

(F) free of flooding for a 100 year period; and

(G) sufficient in area and configuration to accommodate the facility, drives, parking, sidewalks, recreational area, and community zoning restrictions.

(2) Site development. Development of the site shall conform to the following provisions.

(A) Final grading of the site shall provide topography for positive surface drainage away from the building and positive protection and control of surface drainage and freshets from adjacent areas.

(B) The facility shall provide off-street parking at a rate of six parking spaces for the first 3,000 square feet or 279 square meters of gross floor area of the facility, plus one additional parking space for each additional 1,000 square feet or 93 square meters of gross floor area of the facility.

(C) The facility shall provide parking spaces, sized and signed as reserved for the physically disabled, conforming to title III of the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. 12181, effective as of January 26, 1992.

(D) All drives and parking areas shall be surfaced with a smooth all-weather finish. The facility shall not use unsealed gravel.

(E) Except for lawn or shrubbery which the facility may use in landscape screening, the facility shall provide an unencumbered outdoor area of at least 50 square feet or 4.65 square meters per bed for recreational use and shall so designate this area on the plot plan. The licensing agency may approve equivalent facilities provided by terraces, roof gardens, or similar structures for facilities located in high-density urban areas.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS****28-39-162a. Nursing facility physical environment; general requirements.**

(a) Except for a detached boiler, equipment room, laundry room, and storage spaces for yard and maintenance equipment and supplies and flammables, all units, areas, and rooms of the facility shall be within a single building under one roof and shall, at a minimum, contain the units, areas, and rooms listed in subsections (b) through (p) of this regulation.

(b) Nursing unit. A nursing unit shall consist of 60 fewer beds with the following areas and rooms. Any facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall have at least 80 percent of the beds located in rooms designed for one and two beds and at least five percent of the beds located in one-bed rooms, each equipped with a private toilet. A nursing unit shall contain the following areas and rooms:

(1) Resident rooms. Each resident room shall meet the following requirements.

(A) Each room shall accommodate not more than four residents.

(B) The minimum room area, exclusive of toilet rooms, closets, lockers, wardrobes, other built-in fixed items, alcoves, and vestibules, shall measure 100 square feet in one-bed rooms and 80 square feet per bed in multi-bed rooms. Facilities licensed before January, 1963 shall provide a minimum floor area per bed as follows:

(i) One-bed rooms, 90 square feet per bed;

(ii) two-bed rooms, 80 square feet per bed; and

(iii) three- to four-bed rooms, 70 square feet per bed.

(C) Each resident room shall have direct access to a corridor.

(D) Each bed in a multi-bed room shall have ceiling-suspended curtains that extend around the bed to provide total visual privacy in combination with adjacent walls and curtains.

(E) Curtain material shall be launderable and flame retardant.

(F) Each resident room shall have at least one window that opens for ventilation. The window area shall not be less than 12 percent of the gross floor area of the resident room. Interior window stool height shall not exceed three feet above the floor and shall be at least two feet six inches above exterior grade. Facilities constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to comply with this paragraph.

(G) Each resident room shall have a floor at or above grade level. Any facility constructed before the effective date of these regulations shall not be required to comply with this paragraph.

(H) Room configuration shall be adequate to permit the beds to align parallel to the exterior wall with a minimum of three feet of clearance from the sides and foot of the beds to the nearest fixed obstruction. The room configuration shall be designed so that beds are not located more than two deep from the exterior window wall. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to meet the specifications in this paragraph.

(I) Each resident room shall have a separate bed for each resident. The bed shall be of appropriate size and height and shall contain the following:

- (i) A clean, comfortable mattress; and
- (ii) bedding appropriate to the weather and needs of the resident.

(J) Each resident room shall have functional furniture appropriate to the resident's needs.

(K) The facility shall provide an individual space in a fixed closet or wardrobe with doors for each bed. Closets shall have, for each bed, a minimum floor area of five square feet, a minimum depth of one foot 10 inches, and a separated shelf and hanging rod of not less than two feet six inches. At least one foot three inches of the hanging rod shall have sufficient clearance for full-length garments. The hanging rods and shelves shall be accessible to the resident. Facilities constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide a fixed closet or wardrobe with a shelf and hanging rod accessible to residents.

(2) Toilet facility. A toilet room shall serve not more than four beds and shall be accessible without entry from the general corridor. A toilet room shall contain a toilet and a lavatory, unless a lavatory is provided in each resident room.

(A) The minimum area of a toilet room serving a resident room shall be 30 square feet with sufficient turning radius for a wheelchair.

(B) If a bathing unit is included, the facility shall provide additional space. Space occupied by the bathing unit shall not be included in the minimum dimensions stated in this regulation.

(C) Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide the resident with access to toilet and bathing facilities from the general corridor or shall provide direct access from the resident room to toilet and bathing facilities.

(3) Each resident room in any facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall not be located more than 150 feet from the nursing service areas required by subsection (c) of this regulation. Distance shall be measured from one foot outside the resident room door along the shortest line, in the general corridor where the resident room appears, to within one foot of the designated service area.

(4) Resident call system.



(A) The facility shall provide each resident bed with a resident call button that shall register at the nurses' station with a common audible signal and a visual signal. Any facility constructed after May 1, 1982 shall provide a visual signal indicating the resident room number at the nurses' station.

(B) A visual signal shall be located at the resident room corridor door.

(C) The facility shall provide visual and audible signals in clean and soiled workrooms and in the medication preparation rooms. Any facility constructed before May 1, 1982 shall not be required to provide audible signals in clean and soiled workrooms and medication preparation rooms.

(D) In multi-corridor units, the facility shall install additional visible signals at corridor intersections if the facility was constructed after February 15, 1977.

(E) The facility shall install a resident emergency call button next to each toilet, shower, and bathtub accessible to residents.

(F) In any facility constructed after May 1, 1982, the emergency call system shall be operated by a cord pull that, when activated, turns on a light of a different color from that of the resident call system, over the corridor door at the site of the emergency.

(i) When the emergency call system is activated, it shall produce a rapidly flashing light and a repeating audible signal in the nurses' station, clean workroom, soiled workroom, and medication preparation rooms. Facilities constructed before May 1, 1982 shall not be required to have an audible signal or a rapidly flashing light.

(ii) The signals produced by the emergency call system shall be obviously different from those produced by the resident call system. Facilities constructed before May 1, 1982 shall not be required to have a different signal for the emergency call system.

(iii) The emergency call system shall continue to operate until it is manually reset at the site of origin.

(G) Resident call systems may include two-way voice communication. When a two-way system is used, it shall include all functions required in paragraph (b)(4) of this regulation and shall be equipped with an indicating light at each calling station that lights and remains lighted as long as the value circuit is operating.

(H) Each facility may use a wireless system to meet the requirements of this regulation, if the system meets both of the following criteria:

(i) When the resident call system is activated, an electronic device notifies direct care staff of the location at which the resident call system was activated.

(ii) Each nurses' station is equipped with a system that registers and documents the location of an activated resident call system.

(I) The resident call system selected shall be designed to ensure that staff are notified promptly if a resident is in need of assistance.

(c) Service areas or rooms. The service areas or rooms required in this regulation shall be located in each nursing unit and shall be accessible directly from the general corridor without passage through an intervening room or area, except medication preparation rooms. A service area or room shall not serve more than one nursing unit, except as otherwise indicated. The service areas and rooms specified shall provide space and equipment as prescribed in this regulation.

(1) Nurses' station.

(A) A nurses' station shall provide space for charting, records, a telephone, a resident call system, and an emergency call system signal register for rooms on the nursing unit.

(B) The nurses' station shall be located so that the corridors outside the doors of resident rooms are visible from the nurses' station. The facility may use television cameras and monitors to meet this requirement. Facilities constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to comply with the requirements of this paragraph.

(2) Medication preparation room.

(A) A medication preparation room shall be equipped with the following:

(i) A work counter, lavatory or countertop sink, a refrigerator, and shelf space for separate storage and maintenance of residents' medications;

(ii) a door visible from the nurses' station, except any facility licensed before January, 1963; and

(iii) a door equipped with self-locking hardware and automatic door closures.

(B) The temperature in the medication room shall not exceed 85° F.

(C) Lighting shall be sufficient to provide 100 foot-candles at counter level.

(D) The medication preparation room shall contain a separate, locked, permanently affixed compartment for storage of controlled substances listed in K.S.A. 65-4107, and amendments thereto, and other drugs that, in the opinion of the consultant pharmacist, are subject to abuse.

(E) A medicine preparation room may serve more than 60 beds when a self-contained medication dispensing unit is used. The self-contained medication dispensing unit may be located at the nurses' station, in the clean workroom, in an alcove, or in other space convenient for staff control.

(3) Clean workroom. The facility shall provide a clean workroom for preparation, handling, storage, and distribution of clean or sterile materials and supplies.

(A) The room shall contain a work counter with sink or separate hand-washing lavatory and adequate shelving and cabinets for storage.

(B) Storage and preparation of food and beverages shall not be permitted in the clean workroom.

(C) The facility may store clean linen supplies in the clean workroom if sufficient shelving, cabinets, or cart-parking space is provided.

(D) Minimum room area shall be 80 square feet, with a minimum length or width of six feet. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to meet the requirements of this paragraph.

(E) The facility may provide additional rooms for storage of clean materials or supplies. These additional rooms shall not be required to have a counter or hand-washing facilities.

(4) Soiled workroom. The facility shall provide a soiled workroom for the disposal of wastes, collection of contaminated material, and the cleaning and sanitizing of resident care utensils.

(A) The soiled workroom shall contain a flushing-rim clinic sink, a work counter, a two-compartment sink, a storage cabinet with a lock for sanitizing solutions and cleaning supplies used in the cleaning of resident care equipment, a covered waste receptacle, and a covered soiled linen receptacle. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall have a sink.

(B) Minimum room area shall be 80 square feet with a minimum length or width of six feet. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to comply with the requirements of this paragraph.

(C) The facility shall not store clean supplies, equipment, and materials in the soiled workroom.

(5) Clean linen storage. Clean linen storage shall be provided with adequate shelving, cabinets, or cart space, and may be located in the clean workroom required in paragraph (c)(3) of this regulation.

(6) Nourishment area.

(A) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall provide a nourishment area. The nourishment area shall contain the following:

(i) A sink equipped for hand washing;

(ii) equipment for serving nourishments between scheduled meals; and

(iii) a refrigerator and storage cabinets.

(B) The nourishment area may be located adjacent to the dietetic service area.

(C) One nourishment area may serve more than one nursing unit. When the nourishment area serves more than one nursing unit, the nourishment area shall be centrally located for easy access from each of the nursing areas served.

(7) Equipment storage room. Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall provide an equipment storage room for the storage of resident care equipment.

(A) The room shall have a minimum space of 120 square feet plus one square foot for each resident bed in the nursing unit.

(B) If mechanical equipment or electrical panel boxes are located in the storage room, the facility shall provide additional space for access and servicing of the equipment.

(8) Wheelchair parking space. Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall provide wheelchair parking space, which shall be out of the path of normal traffic. The space shall not be included in determining the minimum required corridor width.

(9) Resident bathing facilities. The facility shall provide resident bathing facilities at the rate of one for each 15 beds that are not otherwise serviced by bathing facilities within resident rooms. A mechanical bathing unit may be counted as two bathing facilities to meet this requirement.

(A) Bathing facilities shall be located in rooms or areas with access to a toilet and lavatory without entering the general corridor system.

(B) The toilet and lavatory shall be accessible to and usable by the physically disabled and may serve physically disabled visitors.

(C) The toilet enclosure shall be in a visually enclosed area for privacy in use.

(D) Bathing facilities on each nursing unit shall include at least one shower, and there shall be at least one mechanical bathing unit in the facility. Any facility constructed before the effective date of this regulation shall not be required to have a mechanical bathing unit.

(E) Each bathing facility shall be located within a visually enclosed area for privacy during bathing, drying, and dressing with space for an attendant and wheelchair. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide space for an attendant.

(F) Each shower shall be at least four feet by four feet without curbs and shall be designed to permit use by a resident in a wheelchair. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall be designed so that showers can be used by a resident in a wheelchair.

(G) The facility shall provide a cabinet with a lock in the bathing area for storage of supplies.

(10) Janitor's closet. The facility shall provide a janitor's closet with a floor receptor or service sink, hot and cold water, a shelf, and provisions for hanging mops. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide at least one janitor's closet in the facility with a floor receptor or service sink, and storage space for janitorial equipment and supplies.

(11) Drinking fountain. The facility shall provide at least one drinking fountain that is accessible to persons in wheelchairs. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide a drinking fountain.

(12) The facility shall provide a staff toilet room with toilet and lavatory. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide a staff toilet room.

(d) Living, dining, and recreation areas.

(1) The facility shall provide space for living, dining, assisted dining, and recreation at a rate of 27 square feet per resident. At least 14 square feet of this space shall be utilized for the dining area.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide space for living, dining, and recreation at a rate of 20 square feet per resident capacity of the facility. At least 10 square feet per resident shall be utilized as dining space.

(3) The facility shall provide window area for living and dining areas at a minimum of 10 percent gross floor area of the living and dining area. The window area requirement shall not be met by the use of skylights. Windowsill height shall not exceed three feet above the floor for at least ½ of the total window area. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to meet the provisions of this paragraph.

(e) Quiet room. Each facility shall provide a quiet room, with a minimum floor area of 80 square feet, unless each resident room in the facility is a one-bed room. Residents shall have access to the quiet room for reading, meditation, solitude, or privacy with family and other visitors. Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide a quiet room.

(f) Examination room. Each facility shall provide an examination room, unless each resident room is a one-bed resident room.

(1) One examination room may serve more than one nursing unit.

(2) Room area shall be a minimum of 120 square feet with a minimum length and width of 10 feet.

(3) The room shall contain either a lavatory or counter and sink equipped for hand washing, an examination table, and a desk or shelf for writing.

(4) The examination room may be located in the rehabilitation therapy room and shall be equipped with cubicle curtains around the space and facilities listed in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(5) If the examination room is located in the rehabilitation therapy room, the facility shall provide additional space appropriate to the functional use of the area.

(6) Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide an examination room.

(g) Rehabilitation therapy room. Each facility shall provide a room for the administration and implementation of rehabilitation therapy.

(1) The facility shall provide a lavatory and an enclosed storage area for therapeutic devices.

(2) Each facility with 60 or fewer beds shall provide a rehabilitation therapy room with a minimum of 200 square feet. Each facility with more than 60 beds shall provide 200 square feet plus two square feet for each additional bed over 60, to a maximum of 655 square feet.

(3) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide a rehabilitation therapy room. The facility shall provide a lavatory and an enclosed storage area for therapeutic devices.

(h) Activities room. Each facility shall provide an activities room or area for crafts and occupational therapy.

(1) The room shall contain a work counter with a sink equipped for hand washing.

(2) When a room is used for multiple purposes, there shall be sufficient space to accommodate all activities and prevent interference between activities.

(3) Each facility with 60 or fewer beds shall provide a room with a minimum of 200 square feet. Each facility with more than 60 beds shall provide 200 square feet plus two square feet for each additional bed over 60.

(4) The facility shall provide lockable cabinets for storage of supplies.

(5) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide an activities area with a work counter and storage cabinet. A hand-washing facility shall be accessible to residents who use this room or area.

(i) Personal care room. Each facility shall provide a separate room or area for hair care and grooming of residents.

(1) The facility shall provide at least one shampoo sink, space for one hair dryer and work space, and a lockable cabinet for supplies.

(2) Each facility shall provide a room with a size appropriate to the number of residents to be served. The facility shall exhaust room air to the outside.

(3) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide a separate room or area for hair care and grooming of residents. The facility shall provide at least one shampoo sink, space for one hair dryer, and work space.

(j) Administrative and public areas.

(1) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall provide the following administrative and public areas:

(A) An entrance at grade level to accommodate persons in wheelchairs;

(B) an entrance sheltered from the weather;

(C) a lobby with communication to the reception area or information desk;

(D) a toilet and lavatory accessible to and usable by a person in a wheelchair;

(E) at least one public toilet for each facility of 60 or fewer beds. Each facility of more than 60 beds shall provide at least two public toilets;

(F) a public telephone accessible to a person in a wheelchair;

(G) an administrator's office; and

(H) storage space for supplies and office equipment.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide the following administrative and public areas:

(A) An entrance at grade level able to accommodate persons in wheelchairs;

(B) one public toilet and lavatory;

(C) one toilet and lavatory accessible to by a person in a wheelchair;

(D) a public telephone accessible to a person in a wheelchair; and

(E) a general office for administration.

(k) General storage.

(1) The facility shall provide a general storage room or rooms concentrated in generally one area. The room or rooms shall have an area of no fewer than five square feet per bed.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall provide a general storage room or rooms.

(l) Outside storage. The facility shall provide a room that opens to the outside or that is located in a detached building for the storage of tools, supplies, and equipment used for yard and exterior maintenance.

(m) Dietary areas. The facility shall provide dietary service areas that are adequate in relation to the size of the facility. New construction, equipment, and installation shall comply with the standards specified in health, education, and welfare (HEW) 1976 publication no. FDA 78-2081, "food service sanitation manual," hereby adopted by reference. The facility shall design and equip food service facilities to meet the requirements of the residents. A facility shall provide the following elements in a size appropriate to the implementation of the type of food service system employed.

(1) There shall be a control station for receiving food supplies.

(2) There shall be a storage space for food for at least four days.

(3) There shall be food preparation facilities. Conventional food preparation systems shall include space and equipment for preparing, cooking, baking, and serving. Convenience food service systems, including frozen prepared meals, bulk-packaged entrees, individually packaged portions, or a system using contractual commissary services, shall include space and equipment for thawing, portioning, cooking, and baking.

(4) There shall be a two-compartment sink for food preparation. Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall be required to have a sink for food preparation.

(5) There shall be a lavatory in the food preparation area.

(6) There shall be space for equipment for resident meal service, tray assembly, and distribution.

(7) There shall be a ware-washing area apart from and located to prevent contamination of food preparation and serving areas. The area shall include commercial-type dishwashing equipment. Space shall be provided for receiving, scraping, sorting, and stacking soiled tableware and for transferring clean tableware to the using area.

(8) There shall be a three-compartment deep sink for manual cleaning and sanitizing.

(9) Exhaust ventilation for the ware-washing room and dietary dry storage area shall conform to K.A.R. 28-39-162c, table 1.

(10) There shall be a sanitizing provision for cans, carts, and mobile tray conveyors in any facility constructed after February 15, 1977.

(11) There shall be a waste storage area in a separate room or an outside area that is readily accessible for direct pickup or disposal.



(12) There shall be office workspace for the dietitian or dietetic services supervisor.

(13) A staff toilet and lavatory shall be accessible to the dietary staff.

(14) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall contain a janitor's closet located within the dietary department, which shall contain a floor receptor or service sink, and storage space for housekeeping equipment and supplies.

(n) On-site laundry.

(1) If the laundry is to be processed on-site, each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall comply with the following provisions.

(A) Doors of the laundry rooms shall not open directly onto the nursing unit.

(B) There shall be a soiled laundry receiving, holding, and sorting room accessible from the service corridor or from the outside and furnished with containers with tight-fitting lids for soiled laundry.

(C) There shall be a laundry processing room with commercial-type equipment and with the capability to process laundry sufficient to meet the residents' needs at all times.

(D) The facility shall provide a lavatory in the processing area.

(E) There shall be a janitor's closet containing either a floor receptor or service sink and storage area for housekeeping equipment and supplies that opens into the laundry processing area.

(F) There shall be a clean laundry handling, storage, issuing, mending, and holding room with egress that does not require passing through the processing or soiled laundry room.

(G) The processing room, soiled laundry room, and clean laundry room shall be physically separate.

(H) The facility shall provide storage space for laundry supplies.

(I) Exhaust ventilation shall conform to K.A.R. 28-39-162c, table 1.

(2) If laundry services are provided on-site in facilities constructed before February 15, 1977, the facility shall comply with the following provisions.

(A) The facility shall provide a laundry processing room with space for receiving, holding, and sorting soiled laundry, and with equipment capable of processing seven days' laundry needs within a regularly scheduled work week. The facility shall keep the soiled and clean laundry functionally separate.

(B) The facility shall provide a space for holding soiled laundry that is exhausted to the outside.

(C) The facility shall provide hand-washing facilities within the laundry area.

(D) The facility shall provide clean laundry processing and storage rooms.

(3) If laundry is to be processed off-site, the following shall be provided:

(A) A soiled laundry holding room that is equipped with containers with tightly fitting lids and that is exhausted to the outside; and

(B) clean laundry receiving, holding, inspection, and storage rooms.

(o) Employees' service areas. Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall provide locker rooms, lounges, toilets, or showers to accommodate the needs of all personnel and volunteers in addition to those required for certain departments.

(p) Janitor's closets. In addition to the janitor's closets required in paragraphs (c)(10) and (m)(1)(E), the facility shall provide sufficient janitor's closets throughout the facility to maintain a clean and sanitary environment.

(1) Each janitor's closet shall contain either a floor receptor or service sink and storage space for housekeeping equipment and supplies.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall have at least one janitor's closet.

(q) Engineering service and equipment areas. Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall be equipped with the following areas:

(1) A maintenance office and shop;

(2) an equipment room or separate building for boilers, mechanical equipment, and electrical equipment; and

(3) a storage room for building maintenance supplies. The storage room may be a part of the maintenance shop in facilities of 120 or fewer beds.

(r) Waste processing services. The facility shall provide space and equipment for the sanitary storage and disposal of waste by incineration, mechanical destruction, compaction, containerization, or removal, or by a combination of these techniques.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended October 8, 1999.)

**PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT, DETAILS AND FINISHES****28-39-162b. Nursing facility physical environment; details and finishes.**

## (a) Details.

(1) The door on any room containing a bathing facility or toilet shall be capable of being opened from the outside.

(2) The doors to each bathing and toileting room with direct access from a resident bedroom shall be capable of opening outward or shall be designed to allow ingress to the room without pushing against a resident who may have collapsed in the room.

(3) The minimum width of each door to rooms needing access for beds or stretchers shall be three feet eight inches.

(4) Each door to resident toilet rooms and other rooms needing access for wheelchairs shall have a minimum width of three feet.

(5) Each door on any opening between corridors and spaces subject to occupancy, except elevator doors, shall be swing-type.

(6) A maximum of five percent of doors from resident bedrooms to the corridor may be "dutch door" cut for physician-prescribed control of disoriented residents. The doors shall meet the requirements for dutch doors prescribed by the national fire protection association, 101, "Life Safety Code" 1991 edition.

(7) The minimum width of each corridor in any resident use area shall be eight feet. The minimum clear width of each corridor in any service area shall be six feet.

(8) The facility shall provide an insect screen for each window and outer door which may be left in an open position. Each window shall be designed to prevent accidental falls when open or shall be equipped with a security screen.

(9) Doors shall not swing into corridors except doors to spaces such as small closets which are not subject to occupancy. Large walk-in closets shall be considered occupiable spaces.

(10) Each door, sidelight, borrowed light, and window in which the glazing is within 18 inches of the floor, thereby creating the possibility of accidental breakage by pedestrian traffic, shall be glazed with safety glass, wire glass, or plastic glazing material that will resist breaking and will not create dangerous cutting edges if broken. The facility shall provide similar materials in wall openings of recreation rooms and exercise rooms unless required otherwise for fire safety.

(11) The facility shall use safety glass or plastic glazing materials as described in paragraph (a)(10) of this regulation for shower doors and bath enclosures.

(12) The facility shall provide grab bars at all residents' toilets, showers, tubs, and sitz baths.

(A) The bars shall have 1 ½ inches clearance to walls and shall have sufficient strength and anchorage to sustain a concentrated load of 250 pounds.

(B) Ends of grab bars shall be returned to the wall at each termination.

(13) If soap dishes are provided in showers and bathrooms, they shall be recessed.

(14) The facility shall provide handrails on both sides of corridors used by residents.

(A) The facility shall provide a clear distance of 1 ½ inches between the handrail and the wall.

(B) Ends of handrails shall be returned to the wall at each termination.

(C) Handrails shall not be considered an obstruction in measuring the clear width of corridors.

(15) The facility shall provide enclosed single-issue paper towel dispensers or mechanical hand-drying devices at all lavatories.

(16) Ceiling heights in facilities constructed after February 15, 1977 shall meet the following requirements.

(A) Boiler rooms shall have ceiling clearances not less than two feet six inches above the main boiler header and connecting piping.

(B) Rooms containing ceiling-mounted equipment shall be of sufficient height to accommodate the proper functioning, repair, and servicing of the equipment.

(C) All other rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than eight feet, except that corridors, storage rooms, toilet rooms, and other minor rooms shall not be less than seven feet eight inches in height. Suspended tracks, rails, and pipes located in the path of normal traffic shall not be less than six feet eight inches above the floor.

(17) Recreation rooms, exercise rooms, and similar spaces where impact noises may be generated shall not be located directly over resident bed areas, unless the facility makes special provisions to minimize these noises. This requirement shall not apply to facilities constructed before February 15, 1977.

(18) Rooms containing heat-producing equipment, such as boiler or heater rooms and laundries, shall be insulated and ventilated to prevent any floor surface above the area from exceeding a temperature of 10° F or 6° C above the ambient room temperature.

(19) Sound transmissions criteria for partitions, floors and ceiling construction in resident areas shall meet the requirements as prescribed in "Guidelines for Construction and Equipment of Hospitals and Medical Facilities," published in 1993 by the American institute of architects press, section 7.28, table 1. This requirement shall apply to each facility constructed after May 1, 1982.

(b) Finishes.

(1) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall have finishes which meet the following requirements.

(A) Floor materials shall be easily cleanable and have wear resistance appropriate for the location involved. Floors in areas used for food preparation or food assembly shall be water-resistant and grease-proof.

(B) Joints in tile and similar material in food areas shall be resistant to food acids.

(C) In areas subject to frequent wet cleaning methods, floor materials shall not be physically affected by germicidal and cleaning solutions.

(D) Floors that are subject to traffic while wet, including showers and bath areas, kitchens and similar work areas, shall have a non-slip surface.

(E) Each wall base in kitchens, soiled workrooms, soiled utility rooms, janitor's closets, laundries, and resident bathrooms shall be made integral and shall be coved with the floor, tightly sealed, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects.

(F) Each wall finish shall be washable and, in the immediate area of plumbing fixtures, shall be smooth and moisture resistant. Finish, trim, and wall and floor construction in dietary and food preparation areas shall be free from spaces that can harbor rodents and insects.

(G) Floor, wall, and ceiling penetrations by pipes, ducts, and conduits shall be tightly sealed to minimize entry of rodents and insects. Joints of structural elements shall be similarly sealed.

(H) Each ceiling shall be easily cleanable. Each ceiling in the dietary, food preparation, and food storage areas shall be washable and shall have a finished ceiling covering all overhead pipes and duct work. Finished ceilings may be omitted in mechanical and equipment spaces, shops, general storage areas, and similar spaces unless required for fire protection purposes.

(I) The facility shall provide sound absorbing materials for ceilings, for corridors in resident areas, nurses' stations, day rooms, recreation rooms, dining areas, and waiting areas.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall meet the following requirements.

(A) Each wall base in kitchens, soiled workrooms, and other areas which is frequently subject to wet cleaning methods shall be tightly sealed, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects.

(B) Each wall finish shall be washable and, in the immediate area of plumbing fixtures, shall be smooth and moisture-resistant. Finish, trim, wall, and floor construction in dietary and food preparation areas shall be free from spaces that can harbor rodents and insects.

(C) Each floor and wall penetration by pipes, ducts, or conduits shall be tightly sealed to minimize entry of rodents and insects. Each joint of structural elements shall be similarly sealed.

(D) Each ceiling in the dietary, food preparation, and food storage areas shall be cleanable by dustless methods such as vacuum cleaning or wet cleaning. These areas shall not have exposed or unprotected sewer lines.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997.)

**MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS****28-39-162c. Nursing facility physical environment; mechanical and electrical requirements.**

(a) Freestanding buildings. Separate freestanding buildings housing the boiler plant, laundry, shops, or general storage may be of unprotected noncombustible construction, protected noncombustible construction, or fire-resistive construction.

(b) Elevators. Throwover capability for elevators shall be provided to allow temporary operation for release of persons trapped between floors.

(c) Inspections and tests. The individual or company installing mechanical equipment shall inspect and test the equipment, and, if applicable, the owner shall be furnished written certification that the installation meets the requirements set forth in K.A.R. 28-39-162c and all applicable safety regulations and codes.

(d) Mechanical requirements. The facility shall meet mechanical requirements that ensure the safety, comfort, and convenience of residents and other occupants.

(1) Each facility constructed or modified on or before May 1, 1982 shall meet the following requirements:

(A) All mechanical systems shall be tested, balanced, and operated to demonstrate to the owner or representative of the owner that the installation and performance of the systems conform to the requirements of the plans and specifications before completion and acceptance by the facility.

(B) Upon completion of the contract, the owner shall have a complete set of manufacturer's operating, maintenance, and preventive maintenance instructions, parts list with numbers, and a description for each piece of equipment.

(C) The owner shall have complete instructions in the use of systems and equipment.

(2) Any facility constructed or modified before May 1, 1982 shall not be required to provide evidence of testing and documentation of mechanical equipment installed before May 1, 1982.

(e) Thermal and acoustical insulation.

(1) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1982 shall provide thermal or acoustical insulation for the following within the building:

(A) Boilers, smoke breeching, and stacks;

(B) steam supply and condensate return piping;

(C) piping for water 120° F or above, and all hot water heaters, generators, and converters;

(D) chilled water, refrigerant, other process piping and equipment operating with fluid temperatures below ambient dew point;

(E) water supply and drainage piping on which condensation may occur; and

(F) air ducts and casing with outside surface temperatures below ambient dew point.

(2) Insulation may be omitted from hot water and steam condensate piping not subject to contact by residents.

(3) Linings in air ducts and equipment in facilities constructed after February 15, 1977 shall meet erosion test methods prescribed in underwriters laboratories publication no. 181, "factory-made air ducts and air connectors," as published on April 6, 1990, and hereby adopted by reference.

(4) Each facility constructed before May 1, 1982 shall provide thermal insulation on all ducts, pipes, and equipment having outside surface temperatures below ambient dew point when in use and shall include an exterior vapor barrier.

(A) The facility shall install insulation on all hot water and steam condensate piping that is subject to contact by residents.

(B) Insulation on cold surfaces shall include an exterior vapor barrier.

(f) Steam and hot water systems.

(1) Each boiler shall have the capacity to supply the normal requirements of all systems and equipment based upon the net ratings established in "I = B = R ratings for boilers, baseboard radiation and finned tube (commercial) radiation," as published on January 1, 1992, by the hydronics institute and hereby adopted by reference.

(2) The number and arrangement of boilers shall ensure that when one boiler breaks down or routine maintenance requires that one boiler be temporarily taken out of service, the capacity of the remaining boiler or boilers shall be at least 70 percent of the total required capacity, except that in areas with a design temperature of 20° F or more, the remaining boiler or boilers shall not be required to include boiler capacity for space heating.

(3) Boiler feed pumps, heating circulating pumps, condensate return pumps, and fuel oil pumps shall be connected and installed to provide normal and standby service.

(4) Supply and return mains of cooling, heating, and process systems shall be valved as required to isolate major sections of each system. Pieces of equipment shall be provided with isolation valves to allow removal of equipment without interfering with the operation of the remainder of the system.



(5) Any facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to comply with K.A.R. 28-39-162c subsection (e).

(g) Heating, air-conditioning, and ventilation systems.

(1) Heating, air-conditioning, and ventilation system design specifications for facilities constructed after February 15, 1977 shall be as follows:

(A) The system shall be designed to maintain a year-round indoor temperature range in resident care areas of 70° F to 85° F. The winter outside design temperature of the facility shall be -10° F dry bulb, and the summer outside design temperature of the facility shall be 100° F dry bulb.

(B) All air-supply and air-exhaust systems shall be mechanically operated. All fans serving exhaust systems shall be located at the discharge end of the system. The ventilation rates shown in Table 1 shall be the minimum acceptable rates and shall not be construed as precluding the use of higher ventilation rates. The system shall meet the following requirements:

(i) Outdoor air intakes shall be located as far as practical and no fewer than 25 feet from exhaust outlets of ventilating systems, combustion equipment stacks, medical-surgical vacuum systems, plumbing vent stacks, or from areas that may collect vehicular exhaust or other noxious fumes. The bottom of outdoor air intakes serving central systems shall be located as high as practical, and no fewer than six feet above ground level or, if installed above the roof, no fewer than three feet above roof level.

(ii) The ventilation system shall be designed to provide the pressure relationship shown in Table 1.

(iii) The bottoms of ventilation openings shall be no fewer than three inches above the floor of any room.

(iv) Corridors shall not be used to supply air to, or exhaust air from any room, except that air from corridors may be used to ventilate bathrooms, toilet rooms, janitors' closets, and small electrical or telephone closets opening directly onto corridors.

(v) All central ventilation or air-conditioning systems shall be equipped with filters having minimum efficiencies of 25 percent. All filter efficiencies shall be average dust spot efficiencies tested in accordance with the American society of heating, refrigeration, and air-conditioning engineers (ASHRAE) standard 52-76, as in effect on July 1, 1981, and hereby adopted by reference. Filter frames shall be durable and carefully dimensioned and shall provide an air-tight fit with the enclosing ductwork. All joints between filter segments and the enclosing ductwork shall be gasketed or sealed to provide a positive seal against air leakage.

(vi) Air-handling duct systems shall meet the requirements of the national fire protection association (NFPA) standard 90 A, as in effect on February 12, 1993, and is hereby adopted by reference.

(vii) Fire and smoke dampers shall be constructed, located, and installed in accordance with the requirements of national fire protection association (NFPA) standard 90 A, as in effect on February 12, 1993, except that all systems, regardless of size, that serve more than one smoke or fire zone, shall be equipped with smoke detectors that shut down fans automatically as delineated in paragraph 4-4.3 of that standard. Access for maintenance shall be provided at all dampers. Supply and exhaust ducts that pass through a required smoke barrier and through which smoke can be transferred to another area shall be provided with dampers at the barrier, controlled to close automatically to prevent the flow of air or smoke in either direction when the fan that moves the air through the duct stops. Dampers shall be equipped with remote control reset devices, except that manual reopening shall be permitted if dampers are conveniently located.

(viii) A return air duct that passes through a required smoke barrier shall be provided with a damper at the barrier that is actuated by a detector of smoke or products of combustion other than heat. The damper shall also be operated by detectors used to activate door-closing devices in the smoke partition or by detectors located to sense smoke in the return air duct from the smoke zone.

(ix) Exhaust hoods in food preparation areas shall have a minimum exhaust rate of 50 cfm per square foot of face area. The face area shall be the open area from the exposed perimeter of the hood to the average perimeter of the cooking surfaces. Hoods over cooking ranges shall be equipped with baffled grease filters and fire-extinguishing systems. Clean-out openings shall be provided every 20 or fewer feet in horizontal exhaust duct systems serving these hoods.

(C) Boiler rooms shall be provided with sufficient outdoor air to maintain combustion rates of equipment and to limit temperatures in working stations to not more than 97° F effective temperature (E.T.).

(D) Air-handling units shall be located to permit access for service and filter maintenance. Mechanically operated air-handling units shall not be located in attics, interstitial space above ceilings, or other difficult access areas.

(2) Heating, air-conditioning, and ventilating systems in facilities constructed before February 15, 1977 shall meet the following requirements:

(A) The system shall be designed to maintain a year-round indoor temperature range in resident care areas of 70° F to 85° F. The winter outside design temperature of the facility shall be -10° F dry bulb, and the summer outside design temperature of the facility shall be 100° F dry bulb.

(B) Insulation shall be installed on all hot water and steam condensate piping that is subject to contact by residents.

(C) The ventilation system shall be designed to provide the pressure relationship shown in table 1.

(h) Plumbing and piping systems.

(1) Plumbing and piping systems in facilities constructed after February 15, 1977 shall meet the following requirements:

(A) The material used for plumbing fixtures shall be of non-absorptive, acid-resistant material.

(B) The water supply spout for lavatories and sinks required in resident care areas shall be mounted so that the discharge point is a minimum distance of five inches above the rim of the fixture.

(C) The water supply spout for lavatories and sinks used by medical and nursing staff shall be trimmed with a valve that can be operated without the use of hands. If blade handles are used, the blades shall not exceed six inches on clinical sinks and 4½ inches in all other areas. This requirement shall not apply to lavatories in resident bedrooms and toilet rooms.

(D) Clinical sinks shall have an integral trap in which the upper portion of a visible trap seal provides a water surface.

(E) The facility shall provide nonslip surfaces in all shower bases and tubs.

(F) Water supply systems shall meet the following requirements:

(i) Systems shall be designed to supply water at sufficient pressure to operate all fixtures and equipment during maximum demand periods.

(ii) Water service mains, branch mains, risers, and branches to groups of fixtures shall be valved. Stop valves shall be provided at fixtures.

(iii) Backflow prevention devices or vacuum breakers shall be installed on hose bibbs, janitors' sinks, and bedpan flushing attachments, and on fixtures to which hoses or tubing can be attached.

(iv) Flush valves installed on plumbing fixtures shall be of a quiet operating type and shall be equipped with silencers.

(v) Water distribution systems shall be arranged to provide hot water at hot water outlets at all times. A maximum variation of 98° F to 120° F shall be acceptable at bathing facilities and lavatories in resident use areas.

(G) Hot water heating equipment shall have sufficient capacity to supply hot water at temperatures and amounts indicated below. Water temperature shall be measured at the hot water point of use or at the inlet to processing equipment.

	Clinical	Dietary	Laundry
Temperature (°F)	120 (Maximum)	120 (Minimum)	120(Minimum)

(H) Building sewers shall discharge into a community sewerage system or a sewerage system having a permit from the department of health and environment.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall comply with the requirements found in paragraphs (h)(1)(E), (F), and (G) of this regulation.

(i) Electrical requirements. Each facility shall meet electrical requirements that ensure the safety, comfort, and convenience of residents and other occupants.

(1) Each facility constructed after February 15, 1977 shall comply with the following requirements:

(A) The facility shall install all materials, including equipment, conductors, controls, and signaling devices, to provide a complete electrical system with the characteristics and capacity to supply electricity to the electrical equipment shown in the specifications or indicated on the plans. All materials shall be listed as complying with available standards of underwriters laboratories, inc. or other nationally recognized testing laboratories.

(B) Switchboards and power panels.

(i) Circuit breakers or fusible switches that provide disconnecting means and overcurrent protection for conductors connected to switchboards and panelboards shall be enclosed or guarded to provide a dead-front type of assembly.

(ii) The main switchboard shall be located in a separate enclosure.

(iii) Switchboards, power panels, safety switches, panelboards, and other electrical distribution equipment shall be located in spaces accessible only to facility-authorized persons, or shall have locking fronts.

(iv) Switchboards shall be convenient for use, readily accessible for maintenance, clear of traffic lanes, and in dry ventilated space, free of corrosive fumes or gases.

(v) Overload protective devices shall be suitable for operating properly in ambient temperature conditions.

(C) Panelboards. Panelboards serving lighting and appliance circuits shall be located on the same floor as the circuits they serve. This requirement shall not apply to emergency system circuits.

(D) Lighting.

(i) Each space occupied by persons, machinery, equipment within the buildings, and approaches to buildings and parking lots shall have lighting.

(ii) Resident rooms shall have general lighting and night lighting. The facility shall provide a reading light for each resident. At least one light fixture for night lighting shall be switched at the entrance to each resident's room. All switches for control of lighting in resident areas shall be of the quiet operating type.

(iii) Minimum lighting intensity levels shall be those levels required in Table 2.

(iv) Portable lamps shall not be an acceptable light source except as specifically permitted in Table 2.

(v) Each corridor and stairway shall remain lighted at all times.

(vi) The facility shall equip each light located in an area accessible to a resident with a shade, globe, grid, or glass panel.

(E) Receptacles.

(i) Each resident bedroom shall have at least one duplex-grounding type receptacle on each side of the head of each bed and another duplex-grounding type receptacle on another wall. A television convenience outlet shall be located on at least one wall.

(ii) Duplex receptacles for general use shall be installed approximately 50 feet apart in all corridors and a maximum of 25 feet from the ends of corridors.

(F) Equipment installation in hydrotherapy areas. The electrical circuit or circuits to fixed or portable equipment in hydrotherapy units shall have five milliampere ground-fault interrupters.

(2) Each facility constructed before February 15, 1977 shall meet the following electrical requirements:

(A) Each space occupied by persons, machinery, and equipment within the buildings, each approach to buildings, and each parking lot shall have lighting.

(B) Resident bedrooms shall have general lighting and night lighting. The facility shall provide a reading light for each resident.

(C) Minimum lighting intensity levels shall be those levels required in Table 2.

(D) Portable lamps shall not be an acceptable light source except as specifically permitted in Table 2.

(E) Each corridor and stairway shall remain lighted at all times.

(F) Each light located in an area accessible to a resident shall be equipped with a shade, globe, grid, or glass panel.

(G) Resident rooms shall have at least one duplex-grounding type receptacle.

(H) The electrical circuit or circuits to fixed or portable equipment in hydrotherapy units shall be provided with five milliampere ground-fault interrupters.

(j) Emergency power. An emergency electrical power system shall supply power adequate for the following:

(1) Lighting all emergency entrances and exits, exit signs, and exit directional lights;

(2) equipment to maintain the fire detection, fire alarm, and fire extinguishing systems;

(3) exterior door monitors;

(4) life support systems in the event that the normal electrical supply is interrupted.

When life support systems are used, the facility shall provide emergency electrical power with an emergency generator as defined in national fire protection association (NFPA) 99, standard for health care facilities, as in effect on February 12, 1993, that is located on the premises;

(5) a resident call system;

(6) a fire pump, if installed;

(7) general illumination and selected receptacles in the vicinity of the generator set; and

(8) a paging or speaker system if the system is intended for communication during an emergency.

(9) Facilities constructed before February 15, 1977 shall not be required to provide emergency electrical power to the resident call system.

(k) Space and equipment. The facility shall provide sufficient space and equipment in dining, health services, recreation, and program areas to enable staff to provide residents with needed services as required by these regulations and as identified in each resident's plan of care.

(l) The facility shall install an electrical monitoring system on any door that is accessible to residents and that meets one of the following criteria:

(A) The door opens to the exterior of the building.

(B) The door opens into an area of the building licensed as an assisted living or a residential health care facility.

(C) The door opens into an area of the building that is not licensed.

(2) An electrical monitoring system shall not be required at a door that opens into an assisted living or residential health care facility when all doors to the exterior of the building are equipped with a monitoring system meeting the requirements specified in paragraph (m) (3).

(3) The electrical monitoring system shall meet the following provisions:

(A) Alerts personnel that a monitored door has been opened; and

(B) remains activated until manually reset by facility staff.

(4) The monitoring system may be operated to permit total or selective disabling during daylight hours when there is visual control of the door by facility staff.

(5) The electrical monitoring system selected shall be designed to prevent residents who wander from leaving the building without awareness of the staff.

(m) Any ice dispenser accessible to residents shall dispense ice directly into a container.

(n) Preventive maintenance program.

(1) The facility shall implement a preventive maintenance program to ensure all of the following:

(A) Electrical and mechanical equipment is maintained in good operating condition.

(B) The interior and exterior of the building are safe, clean, and orderly.

(C) Resident care equipment is maintained in a safe, operating, and sanitary condition.

(p) Building and equipment supplies shall be stored in areas not accessible to residents.

(q) Housekeeping services.

(1) The facility shall provide housekeeping services to maintain a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment for residents and to help prevent the development or transmission of infections.

(2) The facility shall be kept free of insects, rodents, and vermin.

(3) The grounds shall be free from accumulation of rubbish and other health or safety hazards.

(4) Wastebaskets shall be located at all lavatories.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended October 8, 1999.)

**Table 1****Pressure Relationships and Ventilation of Certain Areas****Long-Term Care Facilities**

Area Designation	Pressure Relationship to Adjacent Areas	Minimum Air Changes of Outdoor Air Per Hour Supplied to Room	Minimum Total Air Changes Per Hour Supplied to Room	All Air Exhausted Directly to Outdoors	Recirculated Within Room Units
Resident Room	Equal	2	2	Optional	Optional
Resident Area Corridor	Equal	Optional	2	Optional	Optional
Examination and Treatment Room	Equal	2	6	Optional	Optional
Physical Therapy	Negative	2	6	Optional	Optional
Activities Room	Negative	2	6	Optional	Optional
Soiled Workroom	Negative	2	10	Yes	No
Medicine Preparation and Clean Workroom	Positive	2	4	Optional	Optional
Toilet Room	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Bathroom	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Janitors' Closets	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Linen and Trash Chute Rooms	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Food Preparation Center	Equal	2	10	Yes	No
Warewashing Room	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Dietary Dry Storage	Equal	Optional	2	Yes	No
Laundry, Processing Room	Equal	2	10	Yes	No
Soiled Linen Sorting and Storage	Negative	Optional	10	Yes	No
Clean Linen Storage	Positive	Optional	2	Optional	Optional
Personal Care Room	Negative	2	6	Yes	No
Designated Smoking Area	Negative	Optional	20	Yes	No



## ARTIFICIAL LIGHT REQUIREMENTS

**Table 2**

Place	Light Measured in Foot-Candles	Where Measured
Kitchen and other food preparation and serving areas	70	Counter level
Dining Room	25	Table level
Living room and/or recreation room General	15	Three feet above floor
Reading and other specialized areas (may be portable lamp)	90	Chair or table level
Nurse's station and office General	20	Three feet above floor
Desk and charts	50	Desk level
Clean workroom	30	Counter level
Medication room	100	Counter level
General bath and showers	30	Three feet above floor
Resident's room General	10	Three feet above floor
Bed	30	Mattress top level, at bed wall to 3'-0" out from bed wall
Laundry	30	Three feet above floor
Janitor's closet	15	Three feet above floor
Storage room General	5	Three feet above floor
Disinfectant or cleaning agent storage area	15	Three feet above floor
Corridors	10	Floor level
Stairways	20	Step level
Exists	5	Floor level
Heating plant space	5	Floor level

**ADMINISTRATION****28-39-163. Administration.**

Each nursing facility shall be administered in a manner that enables it to use its resources effectively and efficiently to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(a) Governing body.

(1) Each facility shall have a governing body or shall designate a group of people to function as a governing body. The governing body shall be legally responsible for establishing and implementing policies regarding the management and operation of the facility.

(2) The governing body shall appoint an administrator who meets the following criteria:

(A) Is licensed by the state; and

(B) has full authority and responsibility for the operation of the facility and compliance with licensing requirements.

(3) The licensee shall adopt a written position description for the administrator that includes responsibility for the following:

(A) Planning, organizing, and directing the operation of the facility;

(B) implementing operational policies and procedures for the facility; and

(C) authorizing, in writing, a responsible employee 18 years old or older to act on the administrator's behalf in the administrator's absence.

(4) Each facility may request approval from the department for an administrator to supervise more than one nursing facility. Each request shall be submitted, in writing, by the governing bodies of the facilities on a form approved by the department. Each facility shall meet all of the following conditions:

(A) The facilities are in a proximate location that would facilitate on-site supervision daily, if needed.

(B) The combined resident capacity does not exceed 120 residents.

(C) The administrator appointed to operate the facilities has had at least two years of experience as an administrator of a nursing facility and has demonstrated the ability to assure the health and safety of residents.

(D) When a change in administrator occurs, the facilities submit the credentials of the proposed new administrator for approval by the department.

(b) Policies and procedures.

(1) Each licensee shall adopt and enforce written policies and procedures to ensure all of the following:

(A) Each resident attains or maintains the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being.

(B) Each resident is protected from abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

(C) The rights of residents are proactively assured.

(2) The facility shall revise all policies and procedures as necessary and shall review all policies and procedures at least annually.

(3) Policies and procedures shall be available to staff at all times. Policies and procedures shall be available, on request, to any person during normal business hours. The facility shall post a notice of availability in a readily accessible place for residents.

(c) Power of attorney and guardianship. Anyone employed by or having a financial interest in the facility, unless the person is related by marriage or blood within the second degree to the resident, shall not accept a power of attorney, a durable power of attorney for health care decisions, guardianship, or conservatorship.

(d) Reports. Each administrator shall submit to the licensing agency, not later than 10 days following the period covered a semiannual report of residents and employees. The administrator shall submit the report on forms provided by the licensing agency. The administrator shall submit any other reports as required by the licensing agency.

(e) Telephone. The facility shall maintain at least one non-coin-operated telephone accessible to residents and employees on each nursing unit for use in emergencies. The facility shall post adjacent to this telephone the names and telephone numbers of persons or places commonly required in emergencies.

(f) Smoking. If smoking is permitted, there shall be designated smoking areas.

(1) The designated areas shall not infringe on the rights of nonsmokers to reside in a smoke-free environment.

(2) The facility shall provide areas designated as smoking areas both inside and outside the building.

(g) Staff development and personnel policies. The facility shall provide regular performance review and in-service education of all employees to ensure that the services and procedures assist residents to attain and maintain their highest practicable level of physical, mental, and psychosocial functioning.

(1) The facility shall regularly conduct and document an orientation program for all new employees.

(2) Orientation of direct care staff shall include review of the facility's policies and procedures and evaluation of the competency of the direct care staff to perform assigned procedures safely and competently.

(3) The facility shall provide regular, planned in-service education for all staff.

(A) The in-service program shall provide all employees with training in fire prevention and safety, disaster procedures, accident prevention, resident rights, psychosocial needs of residents, and infection control.

(B) The facility shall provide direct care staff with in-service education in techniques that assist residents to function at their highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial level.

(C) Direct care staff shall participate in at least 12 hours of in-service education each year. All other staff shall participate in at least eight hours of in-service education each year.

(D) The facility shall maintain documentation of in-service education offerings. Documentation shall include a content outline, resume of the presenter, and record of staff in attendance.

(E) The facility shall record attendance at in-service education in the employee record of each staff member.

(h) Professional staff qualifications.

(1) The facility shall employ on a full-time, part-time, or consultant basis any professionals necessary to carry out the requirements of these regulations.

(2) The facility shall document evidence of licensure, certification, or registration of full-time, part-time, and consultant professional staff in employee records.

(3) The facility shall perform a health screening, including tuberculosis testing, on each employee before employment or not later than seven days after employment.

(i) Use of outside resources. Arrangements or agreements pertaining to services furnished by outside resources shall specify in writing that the facility assumes responsibility for the following:

(1) Obtaining services that meet professional standards and principles that apply to professionals providing services; and

(2) assuring the timeliness of the services.

(j) Medical director.

- (1) The facility shall designate a physician to serve as medical director.
- (2) The medical director shall be responsible for the following:
  - (A) Implementation of resident care policies reflecting accepted standards of practice;
  - (B) coordination of medical care in the facility; and
  - (C) provision of consultation to the facility staff on issues related to the medical care of residents.

(k) Laboratory services. The facility shall provide or obtain clinical laboratory services to meet the needs of its residents. The facility shall be responsible for the quality and timeliness of the services.

(1) If the facility provides its own clinical laboratory services, it shall meet all of the following requirements:

(A) The services shall meet applicable statutory and regulatory requirements for a clinical laboratory.

(B) The facility staff shall follow manufacturer's instructions for performance of the test.

(C) The facility shall maintain a record of all controls performed and all results of tests performed on residents.

(D) The facility shall ensure that staff who perform laboratory tests do so in a competent and accurate manner.

(2) If the facility does not provide the laboratory services needed by its residents, the facility shall have written arrangements for obtaining these services from a laboratory as required in 42 CFR 483.75(j), as published on October 1, 1993, and hereby adopted by reference.

(3) All laboratory services shall be provided only on the order of a physician.

(4) The facility shall ensure that the physician ordering the laboratory service is notified promptly of the findings.

(5) The facility shall ensure that the signed and dated clinical reports of the laboratory findings are documented in each resident's clinical record.

(6) The facility shall assist the resident, if necessary, in arranging transportation to and from the source of laboratory services.

(l) Radiology and other diagnostic services. The facility shall provide or obtain radiology and other diagnostic services to meet the needs of its residents.

(1) If the facility provides its own radiology and diagnostic services, the services shall meet applicable statutory and regulatory requirements for radiology and other diagnostic services.

(2) If the facility does not provide the radiology and diagnostic services needed by its residents, the facility shall have written arrangements for obtaining these services from a licensed provider or supplier.

(3) All radiology and diagnostic services shall be provided only on the order of a physician.

(4) The facility shall ensure that the physician ordering the radiology or diagnostic services is notified promptly of the findings.

(5) The facility shall document signed and dated clinical reports of the radiological or diagnostic findings in the resident's clinical record.

(6) The facility shall assist the resident, if necessary, in arranging transportation to and from the source of radiology or diagnostic services.

(m) Clinical records.

(1) The facility shall maintain clinical records on each resident in accordance with accepted professional standards and practices. The records shall meet the following criteria:

(A) Be complete;

(B) be accurately documented; and

(C) be systematically organized.

(2) Clinical records shall be retained according to the following schedule:

(A) At least five years following the discharge or death of a resident; or

(B) for a minor, five years after the resident reaches 18 years of age.

(3) Resident records shall be the property of the facility.

(4) The facility shall keep confidential all information in the resident's records, regardless of the form or storage method of the records, except when release is required by any of the following:

(A) Transfer to another health care institution;

(B) law;

(C) third party payment contract;

(D) the resident or legal representative; or

(E) in the case of a deceased resident, the executor of the resident's estate, or the resident's spouse, adult child, parent, or adult brother or sister.

(5) The facility shall safeguard clinical record information against loss, destruction, fire, theft, and unauthorized use.

(6) The clinical record shall contain the following:

(A) Sufficient information to identify the resident;

(B) a record of the resident's assessments;

(C) admission information;

(D) the plan of care and services provided;

(E) a discharge summary or report from the attending physician and a transfer form after a resident is hospitalized or transferred from another health care institution;

(F) physician's orders;

(G) medical history;

(H) reports of treatments and services provided by facility staff and consultants;

(I) records of drugs, biologicals, and treatments administered; and

(J) documentation of all incidents, symptoms, and other indications of illness or injury, including the date, the time of occurrence, the action taken, and the results of action.

(7) The physician shall sign all documentation entered or directed to be entered in the clinical record by the physician.

(8) Documentation by direct care staff shall meet the following criteria:

(A) List drugs, biologicals, and treatments administered to each resident;

(B) be an accurate and functional representation of the actual experience of the resident in the facility;

(C) be written in chronological order and signed and dated by the staff person making the entry;

(D) include the resident's response to changes in condition with follow-up documentation describing the resident's response to the interventions provided;

(E) not include erasures or use of white-out. Each error shall be lined through and the word "error" added. The staff person making the correction shall sign and date the error. An entry shall not be recopied; and

(F) in the case of computerized resident records, include a system to ensure that when an error in documentation occurs, the original entry is maintained, and the person making the correction enters the date and that person's electronic signature in the record.

(9) Clinical record staff.

(A) The facility shall assign overall supervisory responsibility for maintaining the residents' clinical records to a specific staff person.

(B) The facility shall maintain clinical records in a manner consistent with current standards of practice.

(C) If the clinical record supervisor is not a qualified medical record practitioner, the facility shall provide consultation through a written agreement with a qualified medical record practitioner.

(n) Disaster and emergency preparedness.

(1) The facility shall have a detailed written emergency management plan to meet potential emergencies and disasters, including, fire, flood, severe weather, tornado, explosion, natural gas leak, lack of electrical or water service, and missing residents.

(2) The plan shall be coordinated with area governmental agencies.

(3) The plan shall include written agreements with agencies that will provide needed services, including providing a fresh water supply, evacuation site, and transportation of residents to an evacuation site.

(4) The facility shall ensure disaster and emergency preparedness by the following means:

(A) Orienting new employees at the time of employment to the facility's emergency management plan;

(B) periodically reviewing the plan with employees; and

(C) annually carrying out a tornado or disaster drill with staff and residents.

(5) The emergency management plan shall be available to staff, residents, and visitors.

(o) Transfer agreement. The facility shall have in effect a written transfer agreement with one or more hospitals that reasonably assures both of the following:



(1) Residents will be transferred from the facility to the hospital, and timely admitted to the hospital, when transfer is medically appropriate, as determined by the attending physician.

(2) Medical and other information needed for care and treatment of residents will be exchanged between the institutions.

(p) Quality assessment and assurance.

(1) The facility shall maintain a quality assessment and assurance committee consisting of these individuals:

(A) The director of nursing services;

(B) a physician designated by the facility; and

(C) at least three other members of the facility's staff.

(2) The quality assessment and assurance committee shall perform the following:

(A) Meet at least quarterly to identify issues with respect to what quality assessment and assurance activities are necessary; and

(B) develop and implement appropriate plans of action to correct identified quality deficiencies and prevent potential quality deficiencies.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective Nov. 1, 1993; amended Feb. 21, 1997; amended October 8, 1999)

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**NURSING AIDE**

**KANSAS**

**ADMINISTRATIVE**

**REGULATIONS**

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**DEFINITIONS****28-39-164. Definitions.**

(a) “Adult care home” means any facility that meets the definition specified in K.A.R. 28-39-144.

(b) “Clinical instruction” means training in which the trainee demonstrates knowledge and skills while performing tasks on an individual under the direct supervision of the course instructor. Clinical instruction may be performed in any of the following settings:

- (1) An adult care home;
- (2) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or
- (3) a simulated laboratory.

(c) “Department” means Kansas department of health and environment.

(d) “Direct care” means assistance provided in activities of daily living. These activities shall include grooming, eating, toileting, transferring, and ambulation.

(e) “Direct supervision” means that the supervisor is on the facility premises and is readily accessible for one-on-one consultation, instruction, and assistance, as needed.

(f) “Eligible for employment”, when describing a certified nurse aide, means that the certified nurse aide meets the following criteria:

(1) Has been employed to perform nursing or nursing-related services for at least eight hours in the preceding 24 months;

(2) has no record of abuse, neglect, and exploitation; and

(3) is not prohibited from employment based upon criminal convictions pursuant to K.S.A. 39-970, and amendments thereto.

(g) “Instructor” means an individual who has been approved by the secretary to teach nurse aide, home health aide, or medication aide training courses.

(h) “Licensed nursing experience” means experience as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(i) “Nurse aide trainee I” means an individual in the process of completing part I of a 90-hour nurse aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(j) “Nurse aide trainee II” means an individual who has successfully completed part I of a 90-hour nurse aide course specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 or whose training has been endorsed as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167.

(k) “Secretary” means secretary of the Kansas department of health and environment.

(l) “Simulated laboratory” means an enclosed area that is in a school, institution, adult care home, or other facility and that is similar to an adult care home residential room. In a simulated laboratory, trainees practice and demonstrate basic nurse aide skills while an instructor observes and evaluates the trainees.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

**NURSE AIDE TRAINING PROGRAM****28-39-165. Nurse aide training program.**

(a) Requirements. Unlicensed employees who provide direct individual care to residents shall be required to perform the following:

(1) Successfully complete at least a 90-hour nurse aide course that has been approved by the secretary; and

(2) pass a state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168.

(b) Certification. Each person shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary and shall be listed on a public registry upon completion of the requirements specified in subsection (a).

(c) Employment as a trainee.

(1) Each nurse aide trainee I in an approved 90-hour course shall be required to successfully complete part I of the course to demonstrate initial competency before being employed or used as a nurse aide trainee II. A nurse aide trainee II may provide direct care to residents only under the direct supervision of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(2) Each nurse aide trainee II in an approved 90-hour course shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary, upon completion of the requirements specified in subsection (a), within four months from the beginning date of the initial course in order to continue employment providing direct care. Nurse aide trainee II status for employment shall be for one four-month period only.

(d) 90-hour nurse aide course.

(1) Each nurse aide course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines established by the department in the “Kansas certified nurse aide curriculum guidelines (90 hours),” including the appendices, dated May 2008, and the “Kansas 90-hour certified nurse aide sponsor and instructor manual,” pages 1 through 20 and the appendices, dated May 2008, which are hereby adopted by reference.

(2) Each nurse aide course shall consist of a combination of didactic and clinical instruction. At least 50 percent of part I and part II of the course curriculum shall be provided as clinical instruction.

(3) Each nurse aide course shall be sponsored by one of the following:

(A) An adult care home;

(B) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or

(C) a postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents.

(4) Clinical instruction shall be conducted in one or a combination of the following locations:

- (A) An adult care home;
- (B) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or
- (C) a simulated laboratory.

(5) An adult care home shall not sponsor or provide clinical instruction for a 90-hour nurse aide course if that adult care home has been subject to any of the sanctions under the medicare certification regulations listed in 42 C.F.R. 483.151(b)(2), as in effect on October 1, 2007.

(e) Correspondence courses. No correspondence course shall be approved as a nurse aide course.

(f) Other offerings. Distance-learning offerings and computer-based educational offerings shall meet the standards specified in subsection (d).

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

**NURSE AIDE COURSE INSTRUCTOR****28-39-166. Nurse aide course instructor.**

(a) Approval and qualifications.

(1) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit a completed instructor approval application form to the department at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.

(2) Each course instructor shall be a registered nurse with a minimum of two years of licensed nursing experience, with at least 1,750 hours of experience in either or a combination of an adult care home or long-term care unit of a hospital. Each course instructor shall have completed a course in teaching adults, shall have completed a professional continuing education offering on supervision or adult education, or shall have experience in teaching adults or supervising nurse aides.

(b) Course instructor and course sponsor responsibilities.

(1) Each course instructor and course sponsor shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:

(A) A completed course approval application form shall be submitted to the department at least three weeks before offering a course. Approval shall be obtained from the secretary at the beginning of each course whether the course is being offered initially or after a previous approval. Each change in course location, schedule, or instructor shall require approval by the secretary.

(B) All course objectives shall be accomplished.

(C) Only persons in health professions having the appropriate skills and knowledge shall be selected to conduct any part of the training. Each person shall have at least one year of experience in the subject area in which that person is providing training.

(D) Each person providing a part of the training shall do so only under the direct supervision of the course instructor.

(E) The provision of direct care to residents by a nurse aide trainee II during clinical instruction shall be limited to clinical experiences that are for the purpose of learning nursing skills under the direct supervision of the course instructor.

(F) When providing clinical instruction, the course instructor shall perform no other duties but the direct supervision of the nurse aide trainees.

(G) Each nurse aide trainee in the 90-hour nurse aide course shall demonstrate competency in all skills identified on the part I task checklist before the checklist is signed and dated by the course instructor as evidence of successful completion of part I of the course.



(H) The course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines in the “Kansas certified nurse aide curriculum guidelines (90 hours)” and the “Kansas 90-hour certified nurse aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(2) Any course instructor or course sponsor who does not meet the requirements of this regulation may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

**OUT OF STATE AND ALLIED HEALTH TRAINING  
ENDORSEMENT FOR NURSE AIDE**

**28-39-167. Out-of-state and allied health training endorsement for nurse aide.**

(a) Each person whom the secretary has determined to have successfully completed training or passed a test, or both, that is equivalent to the training or test required by this state may be employed without taking this state's test.

(b) Each person whom the secretary has determined not to be exempt from examination pursuant to subsection (a) but who meets any one of the following requirements shall be deemed to have met the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 if that person passes a state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168:

(1) Each person who has received nurse aide training in another state, is listed on another state's registry as a nurse aide, and is eligible for employment as a nurse aide shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168. Each person whose training in another state is endorsed and who has passed the state test shall be issued a nurse aide certificate.

(2) Each person who meets any of the following criteria shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168:

(A) Has completed training deemed equivalent to the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165;

(B) is currently licensed in Kansas or another state to practice as a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed mental health technician, with a license that has not been suspended or revoked; or

(C) has a license to practice as a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed mental health technician that has expired within the 24-month period before applying for equivalency, but has not been suspended or revoked.

(3) Each person who has received training from an accredited nursing or mental health technician training program within the 24-month period before applying for equivalency and whose training included a basic skills component comprised of personal hygiene, nutrition and feeding, safe transfer and ambulation techniques, normal range of motion and positioning, and a supervised clinical experience in geriatrics shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168.

(c) Each person qualified under subsection (a) shall receive written notification from the department of exemption from the requirement to take this state's test and the fact that the person is eligible for employment.

(d) Each person qualified under subsection (b) shall receive written approval from the department or its designated agent to take the state test. Upon receiving written approval from the department or its designated agent to take the state test, that person may be employed by an adult care home as a nurse aide trainee II to provide direct care under the direct supervision of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. Each person employed as a nurse aide trainee II shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary, upon completion of the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165, within one four-month period starting from the date of approval, in order to continue employment providing direct care.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

**STATE NURSE AIDE TEST****28-39-168. State nurse aide test.**

(a) Composition of state nurse aide test. The state test shall be comprised of 100 multiple-choice questions. A score of 75 percent or higher shall constitute a passing score.

(b) State nurse aide test eligibility.

(1) Only persons who have successfully completed an approved 90-hour nurse aide course or completed education or training that has been endorsed or deemed equivalent as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167 shall be allowed to take the state test.

(2) Each person shall have a maximum of three attempts within 12 months from the beginning date of the course to pass the state test after completing an approved 90-hour course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(3) If the person does not pass the state test within 12 months after the starting date of taking an approved 90-hour course, the person shall retake the entire course.

(4) If a person whose education or training has been endorsed or deemed equivalent as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167 and the person does not pass the state test on the first attempt, the person shall successfully complete an approved 90-hour nurse aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 to retake the state test. Each person whose training was endorsed or deemed equivalent, who failed the state test, and who has successfully completed an approved nurse aide course shall be eligible to take the test three times within a year after the beginning date of the course.

(c) Application fee.

(1) Each nurse aide trainee shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$20.00 before taking the state test. A nonrefundable application fee shall be required each time the test is scheduled to be taken. Each person who is scheduled to take the state test, but fails to take the state test, shall submit another fee before being scheduled for another opportunity to take the test.

(2) Each course instructor shall collect the application fee for each nurse aide candidate eligible to take the state test and shall submit the fees, class roster, application forms, and accommodation request forms to the department or its designated agent.

(d) Each person who is eligible to take the state test and who has submitted the application fee and application form shall be issued written approval, which shall be proof of eligibility to sit for the test.

(e) Test accommodation.

(1) Any reasonable test accommodation or auxiliary aid to address a disability may be requested by any person who is eligible to take the state test. Each request for reasonable accommodation or auxiliary aid shall be submitted each time a candidate is scheduled to take the test.

(2) Each person requesting a test accommodation shall submit an accommodation request form along with an application form to the instructor. The instructor shall forward these forms to the department or its designated agent at least three weeks before the desired test date. Each instructor shall verify the need for the accommodation by signing the accommodation request form.

(3) Each person whose second language is English shall be allowed to use a bilingual dictionary while taking the state test. Limited English proficiency shall not constitute a disability with regard to accommodations. An extended testing period of up to two additional hours may be offered to persons with limited English proficiency.

(f) This regulation shall not apply to any person who meets the requirement of K.A.R. 28-39-167(a).

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2) and 39-936; implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

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**MEDICATION AIDE**  
**KANSAS**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE**  
**REGULATIONS**

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**MEDICATION AIDE**

**28-39-169a. Medication aide.**

(a) Each medication aide candidate shall be either a nurse aide who has been issued a certificate by the licensing agency or a qualified mental retardation professional as defined in 42 C.F.R. 483.430(a), revised October 1, 2001 and hereby adopted by reference, and shall meet the following requirements.

(1) Has completed a course in medication administration approved by the licensing agency; and

(2) has passed a state test as approved by the licensing agency.

(b) Each person who has met one of the following requirements shall be eligible to enroll in a medication aide course.

(1) Is a nurse aide who has a Kansas nurse aide certificate and who has been screened and tested for reading comprehension at an eighth-grade level; or

(2) is a qualified mental retardation professional employed by an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.

(c) A qualified mental retardation professional who is not a nurse aide, who has completed a course in medication administration as approved by the licensing agency, and who has passed the state test shall be allowed to administer medications only to residents in an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.

(d)(1) Each medication aide course shall meet the following requirements:

(A) Consist of a minimum of 75 total hours, which shall include a minimum of 25 hours of clinical instruction;

(B) be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the licensing agency and follow the content outlined in the "Kansas medication aide curriculum," dated April 1, 2003, and the "Kansas medication aide sponsor and instructor manual," pages 1 through 17, dated November 13, 2003, which are hereby adopted by reference and

(C) be sponsored by one of the following:

(i) A postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents;

(ii) a state-operated institution for the mentally retarded; or

(iii) a professional health care association approved by the licensing agency.

(2) No correspondence course shall be approved as a medication aide course.



(3) Distance-learning and computer-based educational offerings shall be required to meet the requirements specified in this subsection.

(e) Each medication aide course instructor shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit an instructor approval application form to the licensing agency at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall be required to receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.

(2) Each instructor shall be a registered nurse with a current Kansas license and two years of clinical experience as a registered nurse. Any Kansas-licensed pharmacist actively working in the pharmacy field may conduct part of the training under the supervision of an approved instructor.

(f) Each course sponsor and course instructor shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:

(1) Only persons who meet the qualifications specified in subsection (b) of this regulation shall be eligible to take the course.

(2) Each trainee shall be screened and tested for comprehension of the written English language at an eighth-grade reading level before enrolling in the course.

(3) The course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines and follow the content in the “Kansas medication aide curriculum,” and the “Kansas medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in subsection (d) of this regulation.

(4) The clinical instruction and skills performance involving the administering of medications shall be under the direct supervision of the course instructor.

(5) During the clinical instruction and skills performance, the course instructor shall perform no other duties than the provision of direct supervision to the trainees.

(g) Any course instructor or course sponsor who does not fulfill the requirements of this regulation may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.

(h) Any person whose education or training has been deemed equivalent to the medication aide course by an approved sponsor as specified in paragraph (d)(1)(C) may apply to take the state test to become certified as a medication aide. Before requesting a determination of equivalency for a person’s education or training, that person shall be a Kansas-certified nurse aide and shall meet one of the following conditions:

(1) The person is currently credentialed to administer medications in another state. The licensing agency or the designated agent shall evaluate that state’s credentialed training for equivalency in content and skills level to the requirements for certification as a medication aide in Kansas.

(2) The person is currently enrolled in an accredited practical nursing or professional nursing program and has completed a course of study in pharmacology with a grade of C or better.

(3) The person is currently licensed in Kansas or another state, or has been licensed within 24 months from the date of application, as a licensed mental health technician, and there are no pending or current disciplinary actions against the individual's license.

(4) The person has been licensed in Kansas or another state, within 24 months from the date of application, as a licensed practical nurse whose license is inactive or a registered nurse whose license is inactive, and there are no pending or current disciplinary actions against the individual's license.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 65-1124; effective Dec. 29, 2003.)

**STATE MEDICATION AIDE TEST****28-39-169b. State medication aide test.**

(a) The state test shall be administered by the licensing agency or the designated agent and in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the licensing agency as outlined in the “test administration manual for proctors of the medication aide tests,” dated October 17, 2002, which is hereby adopted by reference.

(1) Each person who has completed the medication aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a shall have a maximum of two attempts to pass the state test within 12 months after the first day of the course. If the person does not pass the test within this 12-month period, the course shall be retaken. Each time the person successfully completes the course, the person shall have two attempts to pass the state test within 12 months after the first day of the course. The number of times a person may retake the course shall be unlimited.

(2) Each person who is a Kansas-certified nurse aide and whose training has been deemed equivalent to the Kansas medication aide course shall have a maximum of one attempt to pass the test within 12 months after the date the equivalency is approved. If the person does not pass the test within this 12-month period, the person shall be required to take the medication aide course.

(3) There shall be three different forms of the state test. The different forms of the test shall be used on an alternating basis. Each of the three forms shall be comprised of 85 multiple-choice questions. The passing scores for the three forms of the test shall be as follows:

(A) A score of 57 or higher shall constitute a passing score for form 1 of the state test.

(B) A score of 61 or higher shall constitute a passing score for form 2 of the state test.

(C) A score of 63 or higher shall constitute a passing score for form 3 of the state test.

(4) Only persons who have met the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a(a)(1) and (h) shall be eligible to take the state test.

(5) Each person whose second language is English shall be allowed to use a bilingual dictionary while taking the state test. Limited English proficiency shall not constitute a disability with regard to accommodation. An extended testing period of up to two additional hours may be offered to persons with limited English proficiency.

(b) Each person shall be issued a medication aide certificate by the licensing agency and shall be listed on a public nurse aide registry upon successful completion of the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a(a) and (h).

(c) The course instructor shall submit to the licensing agency a course roster of names, an application form, and a nonrefundable application fee of \$20.00 for each medication aide who has completed the course and passed the state test.

(d) A replacement medication aide certificate for a medication aide whose certification is current shall be issued by the licensing agency upon the receipt and processing of a certificate replacement form and a nonrefundable fee of \$20.00.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1,121 and K.S.A. 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 65-1, 121 and 65-1124; effective Dec. 29, 2003.)

**MEDICATION AIDE CONTINUING EDUCATION****28-39-169c. Medication aide continuing education.**

(a) Each person who has a certificate of completion for a medication aide training course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a and who wishes to maintain the certificate shall complete, every two years, a program of 10 hours of continuing education approved by the licensing agency.

(b) The continuing education requirement shall include one or more of the following topics:

(1) Classes of drugs and new drugs;

(2) new uses of drugs;

(3) methods of administering drugs;

(4) alternative treatments, including herbal drugs and their potential interaction with traditional drugs;

(5) safety in the administration of drugs; or

(6) documentation.

(c) Each program of continuing education shall be sponsored by one of the following:

(1) A postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents;

(2) an adult care home;

(3) a long-term care unit of a hospital;

(4) a state-operated institution for the mentally retarded; or

(5) a professional health care association approved by the licensing agency.

(d) Each course instructor shall be a registered nurse with a current Kansas license and two years of clinical experience as a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse. Any Kansas-licensed pharmacist actively working in the pharmacy field may be selected to conduct part of the training under the supervision of the instructor.

(e) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit an instructor approval application form to the licensing agency at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall be required to receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.

(f) Each sponsor and course instructor of continuing education shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:

(1) The course shall be prepared and administered as prescribed by regulation and the “Kansas medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in K.A.R. 28-39-169a.

(2) A course approval application form shall be submitted to the licensing agency at least three weeks before offering a course, and course approval shall be required to be received before beginning the course.

(3) A course roster of names, a renewal application form, and a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00 for each medication aide who has completed the course shall be submitted to the licensing agency.

(4) If clinical instruction in administering medications is included in the program, each student administering medications shall be under the direct supervision of the registered nurse instructor.

(g) Any sponsor or instructor who does not fulfill the requirements specified in subsections (d), (e), and (f) of this regulation may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.

(h) College credits or vocational training may be approved by the licensing agency as substantially equivalent to medication aide continuing education. The instructor or nursing program coordinator shall submit a department-approved form attesting that the course content is substantially equivalent to the topics listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (6) of this regulation.

(i) Each certified medication aide shall be responsible for notifying the licensing agency of any change in the aide’s address or name.

(j) No correspondence course shall be approved for a medication aide continuing education course.

(k) Distance-learning educational offerings and computer-based educational offerings shall meet the requirements specified in subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this regulation.

(l) Each medication aide certificate shall be renewed upon the department’s receipt from the course instructor of the following:

(1) Verification of the applicant’s completion of 10 hours of approved continuing education;

(2) a renewal application form; and

(3) a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00.

(m) Each medication aide certificate or renewed certificate shall be valid for two years from the date of issue.

(n) Each applicant for renewal of certification shall have completed the required number of hours of documented and approved continuing education during each certification period immediately preceding renewal of the certificate. Approved continuing education hours completed in excess of the requirement shall not be carried over to a subsequent renewal period.

(o) Each medication aide certificate that has been expired for three or fewer years shall be reinstated upon the department's receipt of the following:

(1) Verification of the applicant's completion of 10 hours of approved continuing education. This continuing education shall have been completed within the three-year period following expiration of the certification;

(2) a renewal application form; and

(3) a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00.

(p) Each lapsed certificate renewed within the three-year period specified in subsection (o) shall be valid for two years from the date of issuance.

(q) Each person whose medication aide certification has been expired for more than three years shall be required to retake the 75-hour medication aide course.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1,121 and K.S.A. 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 65-1,121 and 65-1124; effective Dec. 29, 2003.



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