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1416. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Nursing Home Administrators' Act.

1416.1. There is hereby established in the State Department of Health Services a Nursing Home Administrator Program (NHAP), which shall license and regulate nursing home administrators.

1416.2. (a) The following definitions shall apply to this chapter:

(1) "Department" means the State Department of Health Services.
(2) "NHAP" or "Program" means the Nursing Home Administrator Program.
(3) "State" means California, unless applied to the different parts of the United States. In this latter case, "state" includes the District of Columbia and the territories.
(4) "Nursing home" means any institution, facility, place, building, or agency, or portion thereof, licensed as a skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, or intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled, as defined in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250). "Nursing home" also means an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative, intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled-nursing, or congregate living health facility, as defined in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1250), if a licensed nursing home administrator is charged with the general administration of the facility.
(5) "Nursing home administrator" means an individual educated and trained within the field of nursing home administration who carries out the policies of the licensee of a nursing home and is licensed in accordance with this chapter. The nursing home administrator is charged with the general administration of a nursing home, regardless of whether he or she has an ownership interest and whether the administrator's function or duties are shared with one or more other individuals.
(6) "Administrator-in-Training Program" or "AIT Program" means a program that is approved by the NHAP in which qualified persons participate under the coordination, supervision, and teaching of a preceptor, as described in Section 1416.57, who has obtained approval from the NHAP.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow the program to have jurisdiction over an administrator of an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled-nursing or an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative, if the administrator of the facility is not using licensure under this chapter to qualify as an administrator in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 1276.5.
(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to define an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled-nursing or an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative as a nursing home for purposes other than the licensure of nursing home administrators under this chapter.

1416.4. The program shall adopt rules and regulations that are reasonably necessary to carry out this chapter. The rules and regulations shall be adopted, amended, and repealed in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. To the extent that the regulations governing the nursing home administrator program that are in effect prior to January 1, 2002, are not in conflict with this chapter, they shall remain in effect until new regulations are implemented for purposes of this chapter.

1416.6. (a) It shall be a misdemeanor for any person to act or serve in the capacity of a nursing home administrator, unless he or she is the holder of an active nursing home administrator’s license issued in accordance with this chapter. Persons carrying out functions and duties delegated by a licensed nursing home administrator shall not be acting in violation of this chapter.

(b) (1) This chapter shall not apply to any person who serves as an acting administrator as provided in this subdivision when a licensed administrator is not available because of death, illness, or any other reason.

(2) A person who is acting as an administrator shall notify the program in writing within five days of acting in this capacity and provide factual information and specific circumstances necessitating the use of an acting administrator.

(3) No person shall act as an administrator for more than 10 days unless arrangements have been made for part-time supervision of his or her activities by a nursing home administrator who holds a license or provisional license under this chapter. Supervision shall include at least 8 hours per week of direct onsite supervision by the licensed administrator. The program shall be notified in writing of the nature of this arrangement. No person shall act as an administrator for more than two months without the written approval of the program. The program shall not approve a person to act as an administrator for more than six months.

(4) If the acting administrator is an administrator in training, then the supervision required by paragraph (3) may be counted towards the total hours of supervised training required by subdivision (f) of Section 1416.57.

Authority for Regulations

Acting Administrator
(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), an individual acting as an administrator for more than 10 days must have management experience in a health facility.

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTION 1416.10-1416.12

1416.10. In conformity with the requirements of Section 1908(c) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396g(c)), the program shall have all of the following powers and duties:

(a) To develop, impose, and enforce standards that shall be met by individuals in order to receive a license as a nursing home administrator. At a minimum, the standards shall be designed to ensure that nursing home administrators shall be individuals who have not committed acts or crimes constituting grounds for denial of licensure and who are qualified by training or experience in the field of institutional administration to serve as nursing home administrators.

(b) To develop and apply procedures, including examinations and investigations, for determining whether an individual meets the standards.

(c) To issue licenses to individuals who have been determined to meet the standards, and to revoke or suspend licenses where grounds exist for those actions.

(d) To establish and carry out procedures designed to ensure that individuals licensed as nursing home administrators will, during any period that they serve as an administrator, comply with the required standards.

(e) To receive, investigate, and take appropriate action with respect to any charge or complaint filed with the program alleging that an individual licensed as a nursing home administrator has failed to comply with the required standards.

(f) To conduct studies of the administration of nursing homes within the state, with a view to the improvement of the standards imposed for the licensing of nursing home administrators, and of procedures and methods for the enforcement of standards with respect to administrators of nursing homes who have been licensed under this chapter.

(g) To receive and administer all funds and grants as are made available to the program in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(h) To encourage qualified educational institutions and other qualified organizations to establish, provide, and conduct training and instruction programs and courses that will enable all otherwise qualified individuals to attain the qualifications necessary to meet the standards set by the program for licensed nursing home administrators, and to enable licensed nursing home administrators to meet the continuing education requirements for the renewal of their licenses.

Article 2 – Administration – Program Authority
(i) To consult with and seek the recommendations of the appropriate statewide professional societies, associations, institutional organizations, and educational institutions in the development of educational programs.

(j) To give due consideration to the recommendations of the National Advisory Council on Nursing Home Administration, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (f) of Section 1908 of Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396g(f)).

1416.12. The following enforcement actions taken by the department against a facility and the name of the licensed administrator of the facility shall be reported to the program.

(a) Temporary suspension orders.

(b) Final decertification from the Medi-Cal or Medicare programs based on failure to meet certification requirements.

(c) Service of an accusation to revoke a facility's license.

(d) All class "AA" citations and three class "A" citations issued to a facility with the same administrator within a one-calendar year period. The department shall notify the program in the event that citations are overturned or modified in citation review conference, through binding arbitration, or on appeal.

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE   SECTION 1416.20-1416.50

1416.20. (a) The nursing home administrator licensing examination shall cover the broad aspects of nursing home administration.

(b) Unless otherwise provided in this article, every applicant for an initial license as a nursing home administrator shall pass a nursing home administrator licensing examination, which shall consist of a state and national examination. The state examination shall be held at least four times a year, at a time and place determined by the program. The national examination is computer-based and shall be scheduled by the applicant after the applicant is notified by the program of his or her eligibility to take the examination.

“AA” – “A” Citations

Article 3 – Licensing Examination
(c) If an applicant for licensure under this article, submits an endorsement certificate from another state indicating that he or she scored at least 75 percent on the national examination, the applicant shall be required to take only the California state part of the licensing examination. If the applicant scored less than 75 percent on the national examination, he or she shall take both the state and national examination.

1416.22. (a) To qualify for the licensing examination, an applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be a citizen of the United States or a legal resident, be of reputable and responsible character, demonstrate an ability to comply with this chapter, and comply with at least one of the following requirements:

1. Have a master's degree in nursing home administration or a related health administration field. The master's program in which the degree was obtained must have included an internship or residency of at least 480 hours in a skilled nursing facility or intermediate care facility.

2. (A) With regard to applicants who have a current valid license as a nursing home administrator in another state and apply for licensure in this state, meet the minimum education requirements that existed in this state at the time the applicant was originally licensed in the other state.

(B) The minimum education requirements that have existed in California are as follows:

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<tr>
<td>Prior to 7/1/73</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 7/1/73 to 6/30/74</td>
<td>30 semester units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 7/1/74 to 6/30/75</td>
<td>45 semester units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 7/1/75 to 6/30/80</td>
<td>60 semester units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 7/1/80 to 1/1/02</td>
<td>Baccalaureate degree</td>
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3. A doctorate degree in medicine and a current valid license as a physician and surgeon with 10 years of recent work experience, and the completion of a program-approved AIT Program of at least 1,000 hours.

4. A baccalaureate degree, and the completion of a program-approved AIT Program of at least 1,000 hours.

5. Ten years of recent full-time work experience, and a current license, as a licensed registered nurse, and the completion of a program-approved AIT Program of at least 1,000 hours. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a supervisory or director of nursing position.

U.S.CitizenOrLegalResident
(6) Ten years of full-time work experience in any department of a skilled nursing facility, an intermediate care facility, or an intermediate care facility developmentally/disabled with at least 60 semester units (or 90 quarter units) of college or university courses, and the completion of a program-approved AIT Program of at least 1,000 hours. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a position as a department manager.

(7) Ten years of full-time hospital administration experience in an acute care hospital with at least 60 semester units (or 90 quarter units) of college or university courses, and the completion of a program-approved AIT Program of at least 1,000 hours. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a supervisory position.

(8) If the applicant and the preceptor provide compelling evidence that previous work experience of the applicant directly relates to nursing home administrator duties, the program may accept a waiver exception to a portion of the AIT program that requires 1,000 hours.

(b) The applicant shall submit an official transcript that evidences the completion of required college and university courses, degrees, or both. An applicant who applies for the licensing examination on the basis of work experience shall submit a declaration signed under penalty of perjury, verifying his or her work experience. This declaration shall be signed by a licensed nursing home administrator, physician and surgeon, chief of staff, director of nurses, or registered nurse who can attest to the applicant's work experience.

416.24. (a) An application for a nursing home administrator license shall be submitted to the program on a form provided by the program, with the appropriate nonrefundable fee for any required examination, the application, and licensure. The application shall contain information the program deems necessary to determine the applicant's qualifications and a statement whether the individual has been convicted of any crime other than a minor traffic violation. Each applicant shall meet the current requirements for any required examination and licensure. Applicants for licensure shall submit evidence of electronic transmission of fingerprints or fingerprint cards to the program.

(b) A completed application package, together with the examination application, and licensure fees must be received by the program at least 30 days prior to the examination date.

(c) (1) The withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the department shall not, unless the department consents in writing to the withdrawal, deprive the department of its authority to institute or continue a proceeding against the applicant for the denial of the license upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license upon that ground.

Application
(2) The suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by the department, the suspension, forfeiture, or cancellation by order of the department or a court of law of a license, or the surrender without the written consent of the department of a license, shall not deprive the department of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the licensee on any grounds.

(d) An application that is submitted to the program is valid for only one year after the date of receipt. An applicant who fails to meet all requirements for licensure, including successfully passing the national and state examinations during that one-year period, shall be required to submit another application and appropriate application and examination fees to the program before attempting further examinations.

(e) The program may extend the one-year period described in subdivision (d) upon a showing of good cause. For purposes of this subdivision, good causes shall include, but shall not be limited to, delays in the processing of the application, or delays in applying for and taking the examination caused by illness, accident, or other extenuating circumstances.

(f) An applicant shall submit documentation and evidence to the program of his or her eligibility for licensure.

(g) At the time of the examination, the applicant shall read and sign the Examination Security Agreement and comply with its terms.

1416.26. (a) As part of the application process for a nursing home administrator license, an applicant shall submit to the department two sets of completed fingerprint cards for a criminal record clearance through the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. As an alternative, the applicant may also provide proof of electronic transmission of fingerprints to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Upon receipt of the fingerprints, the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall notify the department of the criminal record information. If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall provide the department with a statement of that fact.

(b) This criminal record clearance shall be completed prior to issuing a license. Applicants shall be responsible for any costs associated with the criminal record clearance. The fee to cover the processing costs of the Department of Justice, not including the costs associated with rolling the fingerprint cards, shall not exceed thirty-two dollars ($32) per card for state fingerprints, and shall not exceed twenty-four dollars ($24) per card for federal fingerprints.

Fingerprints
1416.28. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, the program shall at the time of application, issuance, or renewal of a nursing home administrator license require that the applicant or licensee provide his or her federal employer identification number or his or her social security number.

(b) Any applicant or licensee failing to provide his or her federal identification number or social security number shall be reported by the program to the Franchise Tax Board and, if failing to provide after notification pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be subject to the penalty provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(c) In addition to the penalty specified in subdivision (b), the program may not process any application, original license, or renewal of a license unless the applicant or licensee provides his or her federal employer identification number or social security number where requested on the application.

(d) The program shall, upon request of the Franchise Tax Board, furnish to the Franchise Tax Board the following information with respect to every licensee:

1. Name.
2. Address or addresses of record.
3. Federal employer identification number or social security number.
4. Type of license.
5. Effective date of license or renewal.
6. Expiration date of license.
7. Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
8. Whether license is new or a renewal.

(e) The reports required under this section shall be filed on magnetic media or in other machine-readable form, according to standards furnished by the Franchise Tax Board.

(f) The program shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board the information required by this section at a time that the Franchise Tax Board may require.

(g) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the social security number and federal employer identification number furnished pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to be a public record and shall not be open to the public for inspection.

(h) Any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of the program described in this chapter, any former officer or employee, or other individual who in the course of his or her employment or duty has or has had access to the information required to be furnished under this chapter, may not disclose or make known in any manner that information, except as provided in this section to the Franchise Tax Board or as provided in subdivision (j).
(i) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to utilize the social security account number or federal employer identification number for the purpose of establishing the identification of persons affected by state tax laws and for purposes of compliance with Section 17520 of the Family Code and, to that end, the information furnished pursuant to this section shall be used exclusively for those purposes.

(j) If the program utilizes a national examination to issue a license, and if a reciprocity agreement or comity exists between California and the state requesting release of the social security number, any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of the program described in this chapter may release a social security number to an examination or licensing entity, only for the purpose of verification of licensure or examination status.

1416.30. (a) The program shall require compliance with any judgment or order for support prior to issuance or renewal of a license.

(b) Each applicant for the issuance or renewal of a nursing home administrator license, who is not in compliance with a judgment or order for support shall be subject to Section 11350.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(c) "Compliance with a judgment or order of support" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 11350.6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

1416.32. (a) Prior to admission to the licensing examination, the applicant shall read and sign an examination security agreement and comply with its terms.

(b) The program may deny, suspend, revoke, or otherwise restrict the license of an applicant or a licensee for any of the following acts:

(1) Having or attempting to have an impersonator take the examination on one's behalf.

(2) Impersonating or attempting to impersonate another to take the examination on that person's behalf.

(3) Communicating or attempting to communicate about the examination content with another examinee or with any person other than the examination staff. This includes divulging the content of specific written examination items to examination preparation providers.

(4) Copying questions or making notes of examination materials or revealing the content of the examination to others who are preparing to take the NHAP examination or who are preparing others to take such examination.

(5) Obstructing or attempting to obstruct the administration of the examination in any way.
(c) It is a misdemeanor for any person to engage in any conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert any licensing examination or the administration of an examination, including, but not limited to, the following conduct:

(1) Conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, removing from the examination room any examination materials without authorization, the unauthorized reproduction by any means of any portion of the actual licensing examination, aiding by any means the unauthorized reproduction of any portion of the actual licensing examination, paying or using professional or paid examination-takers for the purpose of reconstructing any portion of the licensing examination, obtaining examination questions or other examination material, except by specific authorization either before, during, or after an examination, using or purporting to use any examination questions or materials that were improperly removed or taken from any examination for the purpose of instructing or preparing any applicant for examination, or selling, distributing, buying, receiving, or having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered licensing examination.

(2) Communicating with any other candidate during the administration of a licensing examination, copying answers from another examinee or permitting one's answers to be copied by another examinee, having in one's possession during the administration of the licensing examination any books, equipment, notes, written or printed materials, or data of any kind, other than the examination materials distributed, or otherwise authorized to be in one's possession during the examination, or impersonating any examinee or having an impersonator take the licensing examination on one's behalf.

(d) Nothing in this section shall preclude prosecution under the authority provided for in any other provision of law.

(e) In addition to any other penalties, a person found guilty of violating this section, shall be liable for the actual damages sustained by the agency administering the examination not to exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000) and the costs of litigation.

(f) The proceedings under this section shall be governed by Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 525) of Title 7 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(g) The remedy provided for by this section shall be in addition to, and not a limitation on, the authority provided for in any other provision of law.
1416.34. (a) (1) In order to have a passing score on either the national or state examination, an examinee shall earn a score of at least 75 percent.

(2) An applicant who fails to pass either the national or state examination shall retake the entire national or state examination.

(3) An applicant who fails to pass either the state or national examination after three attempts shall receive additional training as outlined by the program from a program-approved preceptor, prior to participating in another examination.

(b) The examination shall be administered and evaluated by either of the following:

(1) The department.

(2) A contractor or vendor pursuant to a written agreement with the program or department.

(c) The results of the examination shall be provided to each applicant in a timely manner, not to exceed 90 days from the date of the examination.

(d) The program shall issue a license to an applicant who successfully passes the required examination and has satisfied all other requirements for licensure.

(e) A license shall be effective for a period of two years from the date of issuance.

(f) The program shall issue a provisional license to candidates who meet the provisional licensure requirements established by this chapter.

(g) The program shall replace a lost, damaged, or destroyed license certificate upon receipt of a written request from a licensee and payment of the duplicate license fee. A licensee shall complete a request for a duplicate license on the required program form, and then submit it to the program.

(h) A licensee shall inform the program of the licensee's current home address, mailing address, and if employed by a nursing facility, the name and address of that employer. A licensee shall report a change in any of this information to the program within 30 calendar days. Failure of the licensee to provide timely notice to the program may result in a citation penalty. A licensee shall provide to the program an address to be included in the public files.

(i) A licensee shall display his or her license and show to anyone upon request in order to inform patients or the public as to the identity of the regulatory agency that they may contact if they have questions or complaints regarding the licensee.

1416.36. (a) The fees prescribed by this chapter are as follows:

(1) The application fee for reviewing an applicant's eligibility to take the examination shall be twenty-five dollars ($25).

(2) The application fee for persons applying for reciprocity consideration licensure under Section 1416.40 shall be fifty dollars ($50).

ExaminationRequirements–AddressChange
Fees
(3) The application fee for persons applying for the AIT Program shall be one hundred dollars ($100).

(4) The examination fees shall be:

(A) Two hundred seventy-five dollars ($275) for an automated national examination.

(B) Two hundred ten dollars ($210) for an automated state examination or one hundred forty dollars ($140) for a written state examination.

(5) The fee for an initial license shall be one hundred ninety dollars ($190).

(6) The renewal fee for an active or inactive license shall be one hundred ninety dollars ($190).

(7) The delinquency fee shall be fifty dollars ($50).

(8) The duplicate license fee shall be twenty-five dollars ($25).

(9) The fee for a provisional license shall be two hundred fifty dollars ($250).

(10) The fee for endorsement of credentials to the licensing authority of another state shall be twenty-five dollars ($25).

(11) The preceptor certification fee shall be fifty dollars ($50) for each three-year period.

(12) The biennial fee for approval of a continuing education provider shall be one hundred fifty dollars ($150).

(13) The biennial fee for approval of a continuing education course shall be not more than fifteen dollars ($15).

(b) Commencing July 1, 2002, fees provided in this section shall be adjusted annually, as directed by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act. The proposed adjustment in the examination fees shall not exceed the increase in the California Consumer Price Index, except as provided in subdivision (d). The department shall provide an annual fiscal year program fee report to the Legislature each April 1, commencing on April 1, 2002.

(c) The department shall, by July 30 of each year, publish a list of actual numerical fee charges as adjusted pursuant to this section. This adjustment of fees and the publication of the fee list shall not be subject to the requirements of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(d) If the revenue projected to be collected is less than the projected costs for the budget year, the department may propose that fees be adjusted by not more than twice the increase in the Consumer Price Index.

1416.38. (a) The Nursing Home Administrator's State License Examining Board Fund in the Professions and Vocations Fund in the State Treasury is hereby renamed the Nursing Home Administrator's State License Examining Fund and continued in existence in the State Treasury.

(b) Within 10 days after the beginning of every month, all fees collected by the program for the month preceding, under this chapter,

Funding
shall be paid into the Nursing Home Administrator's State License Examining Fund.

(c) The funding paid into the Nursing Home Administrator's State License Examining Fund shall be continuously appropriated to the program for expenditures in the manner prescribed by law to defray the expenses of the program and in carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

1416.40. (a) For purposes of this chapter, "reciprocity applicant" means any applicant who holds a current license as a nursing home administrator in another state has been licensed and in good standing, has passed the national examination, and the applicant is otherwise qualified.

(b) An applicant who holds a current valid license as a nursing home administrator in another state may be issued a one-year provisional license as a reciprocity applicant pursuant to this section. The provisional license authorizes the holder to work in this state at a licensed nursing facility during the one-year licensure period.

(c) The applicant shall obtain an application form from the program, complete the form accurately, and, under penalty of perjury, certify the experience, education, and criminal record history information supplied in the application. The applicant shall submit the application to the program, along with any supporting documents to substantiate the application and the applicable provisional, examination, and licensure fees.

(d) The provisional license may be granted to a reciprocity applicant who complies with all of the following informational requirements:

1. Provides a statement of health consistent with an ability to perform the duties of a nursing home administrator.

2. Discloses the fact of and the circumstances surrounding any of the following:
   (A) Conviction of any criminal law violation of any country, state, or municipality, except minor traffic violations. The applicant shall submit appropriate criminal record information for purposes of this subparagraph.
   (B) Any discipline affecting nursing home administrator licensure in any state.
   (C) Any pending investigations or disciplinary actions concerning, or surrender of, nursing home administrator licensure in any state. The applicant shall submit an endorsement certificate to verify state licensure and substantiate if he or she has no pending investigation, disciplinary action, or surrender under this subparagraph.

3. Submits official transcripts as evidence of completed college or university courses and degrees.

4. Provides satisfactory evidence of current or recent employment experience within the last five years as a licensed nursing home administrator.

5. Submits proof that the applicant is at least 18 years of age.

Reciprocity–Provisional
(e) The reciprocity applicant who holds a provisional license as authorized by this section shall be required to pass the state examination. If the provisional licensee fails to pass the state examination within the one-year provisional licensure period, the provisional license shall expire and no further reciprocity accommodations shall be allowed. The provisional license may not be renewed or extended. At the expiration of the provisional license the applicant may seek licensure in this state through standard procedures.

1416.42. (a) Except for provisional licenses issued pursuant to Section 1416.40, each license issued pursuant to this chapter shall expire 24 months from the date of issuance.

(b) To renew an unexpired license the licensee shall, at least 30 days prior to the expiration of the license, submit an application for renewal on a form provided by the program, accompanied by the renewal fee. An applicant may request either an active license or an inactive license. If an applicant requests an active license, he or she shall submit proof of completion of the required hours of program-approved continuing education.

(c) A delinquency fee is payable for license renewals not received by the program one day after the license expires.

(d) A license which has expired may be reinstated within three years following the date of expiration. The licensee shall apply for reinstatement on a form provided by the program and submit the completed form together with the current fee for license renewal. If the licensee requests an active license, he or she shall furnish proof of completion of the required hours of continuing education. The reinstatement shall be effective on the date that the completed application, including required fees, is submitted and approved.

1416.44. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a licensee who permitted his or her license to expire while serving in any branch of the armed services of the United States during a period of war, as defined in subdivision (e), may, upon application, reinstate his or her license without examination or penalty if the following conditions are met:

1. His or her license was valid at the time he or she entered the armed services.

2. The application for reinstatement is made while serving in the armed services, not later than one year from the date of discharge from active service or return to inactive military status, or within three years following the license date of expiration whichever is the most recent time period.
(3) The application for reinstatement is accompanied by an affidavit showing the date of entrance into the service, whether still in the service or date of discharge, and the renewal fee for the current renewal period in which the application is filed is paid.

(4) The application for reinstatement indicates no criminal convictions while absent from the profession.

(b) If application for reinstatement is filed more than one year after discharge or return to inactive status, the applicant, in the discretion of the licensing program, may be required to pass an examination and pay additional fees.

(c) Unless otherwise specifically provided by law, any licensee who, either part time or full time, practices in this state the nursing home administrator profession shall be required to maintain his or her license in good standing even though he or she is in military service.

(d) For the purposes in this section, time spent by a licensee in receiving treatment or hospitalization in any veterans' facility during which he or she is prevented from practicing his or her profession or vocation shall be excluded in determining the periods specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

(e) As used in this section, "war" means any of the following circumstances:

(1) Whenever Congress has declared war and peace has not formally been restored.

(2) Whenever the United States is engaged in active military operations against any foreign power, whether or not war has been formally declared.

(3) Whenever the United States is assisting the United Nations, in actions involving the use of armed force, to restore international peace and security.

1416.45. A licensee may not engage in licensed activity while his or her license is suspended or revoked, or after it has expired.

1416.46. (a) A revoked license may not be renewed.

(b) A licensee whose license has been revoked may petition the program for reinstatement after a period of not less than one year has elapsed from the effective date of the decision or from the date of the denial of a similar petition. The petitioner shall be afforded an opportunity to present either oral or written argument before the program. The program shall decide the petition and the decision shall include the reasons therefor, and any terms and conditions that the program reasonably deems appropriate to impose as a condition of reinstatement.

Revocation
1416.48. A licensee who does not intend to engage in activity requiring nursing home administrator licensure may file a request to place his or her license in inactive status. An inactive license is subject to all requirements for renewal, including payment of fees, but completion of continuing education is not required to renew an inactive license. However, proof of completion of 40 continuing education credits during the last two years shall be submitted together with an application for reinstatement of an active license.

1416.50. (a) For purposes of this chapter, "continuing education" means any course of study offered by an educational institution, association, professional society, or organization for the purpose of providing continuing education for nursing home administrators. (b) This section shall govern the continuing education requirements needed by a nursing home administrator to renew his or her nursing home administrator license. (c) In order to renew a license, the applicant shall provide evidence satisfactory to the program that he or she has completed 40 hours of program-approved continuing education courses, of which at least 10 total hours shall be specifically in the area of aging or patient care. (d) The continuing education courses to be approved for credit toward the continuing education requirements may include the following subject areas offered by accredited colleges, universities, community colleges, or a training entity approved by the department.

(1) Resident care. (2) Personnel management. (3) Financial management. (4) Environmental management. (5) Regulatory management. (6) Organizational management. (7) Patient care and aging. (e) No continuing education credit shall be allowed for courses failed according to the institution's grading determination. (f) If the program finds that programs of training and instruction conducted within the state are not sufficient in number or content to enable nursing home administrators to meet requirements established by law and this chapter, the program may approve courses conducted within and without this state as sufficient to meet educational requirements established by law and this chapter. For the purposes of this subdivision, the program shall have the authority to receive funds in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal government.
ContinuingEducation(CE)
HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE   SECTION  
1416.55-1416.57

1416.55. (a) An Administrator-in-Training Program (AIT Program) shall be developed by the NHAP, in consultation with representatives from the long-term care industry and advocacy groups. The AIT Program shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following areas of instruction:

1. Orientation.
2. Administration and business office.
3. State and federal regulations governing long-term care facilities.
4. Residents’ rights and abuse prevention.
5. Staffing requirements and workforce retention.
6. Nursing services.
7. Resident activities.
8. Resident care.
9. Social services.
10. Dietary management.
11. Environmental care, including housekeeping, laundry, and maintenance.
12. Financial management.
15. Legal management.
16. Personnel management and training.
17. Consultants and contracts.
18. Medical records.
19. Public relations and marketing.

(b) A person who seeks to satisfy requirements for admission to licensure examinations through participation in an AIT Program shall first receive approval to begin the AIT Program. An applicant shall successfully complete the AIT Program in a program-approved facility under the coordination, supervision, and teaching of a preceptor who has obtained certification from the program and continues to meet the qualifications set forth in the rules and regulations of the program.

(c) In order to be eligible for the AIT Program, an applicant shall submit an application package on forms provided by the NHAP, and pay the applicable fees established by this chapter. The applicant shall be at least 18 years of age.

Article 4 – Training – Administrator-In-Training (AIT)
In addition to the requirements in subdivision (c), the applicant shall meet one or a combination of the following requirements to be eligible for the AIT Program:

1. A doctorate degree in medicine and a current valid license as a physician and surgeon with at least 10 years of recent work experience.

2. A baccalaureate degree.

3. Ten years of full-time work experience and a current valid license as a registered nurse. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a supervisory or director of nursing position.

4. Ten years of full-time work experience in any department of a skilled nursing facility, an intermediate care facility, or an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled with at least 60 semester units (or 90 quarter units) of college or university courses. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a position as a department manager.

5. Ten years of full-time hospital administration experience in an acute care hospital with at least 60 semester units (or 90 quarter units) of college or university courses. At least the most recent five years of the 10 years of work experience shall be in a supervisory position.

(e) The applicant shall submit an official transcript that evidences the completion of required college or university courses, degrees, or both. An applicant who qualifies for the AIT Program on the basis of work experience shall submit a declaration signed under penalty of perjury verifying his or her work experience. This declaration shall be signed by a licensed nursing home administrator, physician and surgeon, chief of staff, director of nurses, or registered nurse who can attest to the applicant’s work experience.

1416.57. (a) An individual may, upon compliance with the requirements of this section, be approved by the program to be a preceptor who is authorized to provide a training program in which the preceptor coordinates, supervises, and teaches persons seeking to meet specified requirements to qualify for the licensing examination under this chapter. The approval obtained under this section shall be effective for a period of two years, after which the preceptor is required to renew his or her preceptor status and attend a preceptor training course provided by the program.

(b) In order to qualify to be a preceptor, a person shall meet all of the following conditions:

1. Be a current active California licensed nursing home administrator.

2. Have no pending disciplinary actions.

3. Have served for at least two years as the designated administrator of a California licensed nursing home or for at least four years as the designated assistant administrator of a California licensed nursing home.

4. Have gained experience in all administrative functions of a nursing home.

Preceptor
(c) The applicant seeking approval to be a preceptor shall submit an application form provided by the program that requires the applicant's name, address, birth date, the states and dates of issuance of all professional licenses, including those as a nursing home administrator, and any other information required by the program.

(d) At the time of application, for purposes of substantiating that the conditions specified in subdivision (b) have been met, the applicant shall provide satisfactory evidence of his or her education, experience, and knowledge that qualifies him or her to supervise the training of an AIT Program participant and verification that the facilities at which the applicant has had direct management control as an administrator had a continuous operating history, free from major deficiencies, during the period of the applicant's administration.

(e) An applicant shall not be approved as a preceptor until the applicant attends a preceptor's training seminar provided or approved by the program.

(f) (1) For purposes of this section, "AIT" means Administrator-in-Training.

(2) The following requirements shall apply to a preceptor approved pursuant to this section:
(A) The preceptor shall provide a directly supervised training program that will include a minimum of 20 hours per week and a maximum of 60 hours per week and be available at least by telephone at all other times. There shall be regular personal contact between the preceptor and the AIT during the training program. For purposes of this subparagraph, "a directly supervised training program" means supervision by a preceptor of an AIT during the performance of duties authorized by this section. The preceptor shall be available during the AIT's performance of those duties.
(B) The preceptor shall be the designated administrator of the facility where the training is conducted.
(C) The preceptor may not supervise more than two AIT trainees during the same time period.
(D) The preceptor shall inform the NHAP of any significant training program changes dealing with his or her specific AIT.
(E) The preceptor shall rate the AIT's training performance and complete an AIT evaluation report at the end of the AIT's training.
(F) The preceptor shall be evaluated by the program based on the examination success and failure history of his or her AIT trainees and the program may revoke or suspend preceptor certificates as appropriate.
1416.60. Each licensee shall, within 30 days, after each appointment as the designated administrator of a nursing home and after any termination of that appointment, notify the program. Each notification shall include the name of the administrator, the nursing home administrator number assigned, the name and address of the facility or facilities involved, and the date of the appointment or termination. All information provided pursuant to this section shall be public information.

1416.62. The program shall maintain a current list of nursing home administrators who have been placed on probation or had their licenses suspended or revoked within the last three years. The program shall provide the current list of these administrators to licensed nursing homes and the department district offices every six months. The current list shall also be available to the general public upon request.

1416.64. (a) The program shall maintain a record of enforcement actions reported to the program, pursuant to Section 1416.12. The program shall routinely review the citation logs and files of nursing home administrators whose facilities have received citations from the department to determine if remedial or disciplinary action against the administrator is warranted based on the administrator's involvement or culpability in the citations. Regardless of the facility's performance record, the program may initiate disciplinary action against an administrator who violates any statute or regulation governing licensed nursing home administrators.

(b) Following receipt of reports on temporary suspension orders, service of an accusation for facility license revocations, or final decertification of a facility from participation in the Medi-Cal or Medicare programs, due to failure to meet certification standards, the program shall make a determination as to whether the evidence available warrants remedial or disciplinary action against the administrator or constitutes grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation pursuant to Section 1416.76.

(c) If the program determines that action against the administrator is not warranted, the program shall document in the file the reasons and specific circumstances for not taking remedial or disciplinary action against the administrator's license.
(d) The program shall consider all of the following prior to making a determination to initiate disciplinary action:

(1) Any information provided to the program by the administrator pursuant to this section.

(2) Whether the administrator was in fact the designated administrator of the facility when the violation occurred, or the designated administrator of the facility during the period of time the citation covered.

(3) Whether the administrator should have or could have prevented the violation or violations that occurred.

(e) Prior to making a final determination to initiate action against an administrator, the program shall notify the administrator that the program is considering action and provide the administrator with an opportunity to show just cause why remedial or disciplinary action should not be initiated.

(f) If the program determines that grounds for remedial or disciplinary action exist, the program may initiate either or both of the following actions, as warranted:

(1) Remedial action, including, but not limited to, a conference with the administrator, a letter of warning, or both.

(2) Disciplinary action, including, but not limited to, citations, fines, formal letters of reprimand, probation, denial, suspension, revocation of the administrator's license, or any combination of these actions.

1416.66. (a) The program shall develop and make available a form that may be utilized at the nursing home administrator's option to provide the program with relevant information, documentation, and background on any actions reported to the program pursuant Section 1416.12.

(b) Any reports received pursuant to Section 1416.12 shall remain in the administrator's file for five years, unless the program is notified that the action has been modified or overturned. Any modification of an action shall be noted and documented in the administrator's file.

1416.68. (a) It is the responsibility of the nursing home administrator as the managing officer of the facility to plan, organize, direct, and control the day-to-day functions of a facility and to maintain the facility's compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

(b) The administrator shall be vested with adequate authority to comply with the laws, rules, and regulations relating to the management of the facility.

Administrator Responsibilities
(c) No licensee shall be cited for any violation caused by any person licensed pursuant to the Medical Practice Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code) if the person is independent of, and not connected with, the facility and the licensee shows that he or she has exercised reasonable care and diligence in notifying these persons of their duties to the patients in the nursing facility.

(d) The delegation of any authority by a licensee shall not diminish the responsibilities of that licensee.

1416.69. (a) Within 24 hours after the nursing home administrator acquires actual knowledge or credible information that any of the events specified in subdivision (b) has occurred, the nursing home administrator shall notify the department's district office for licensing and certification of that knowledge or information. This notification may be in written form if it is provided by telephone facsimile or overnight mail, or by telephone with a written confirmation within five calendar days. The information provided pursuant to this subdivision may not be released to the public by the department unless its release is needed to justify an action taken by the department or it otherwise becomes a matter of public record. A violation of this section may result in a citation.

(b) All of the following occurrences shall require notification pursuant to this section as long as the administrator has actual knowledge of the occurrence:

(1) The licensee of a facility receives notice that a judgment lien has been levied against the facility or any of the assets of the facility or the licensee.

(2) A financial institution refuses to honor a check or other instrument issued by the licensee to its employees for a regular payroll.

(3) The supplies, including food items and other perishables, on hand in the facility fall below the minimum specified by any applicable statute or regulation.

(4) The financial resources of the licensee fall below the amount needed to operate the facility for a period of at least 45 days based on the current occupancy of the facility.

(5) The licensee fails to make timely payment of any premiums required to maintain required insurance policies or bonds in effect, or any tax lien levied by any government agency.

1416.70. (a) The program shall establish a system for the issuance of citations to licensees, examinees, or participants of any program activity offered or approved by the program. The citations may contain an order of abatement, an order to pay an administrative fine assessed by the program chief, or both, where the licensee, examinee, or participant is in violation of any state or federal statute or regulation governing licensed nursing home administrators.

Program Requirements
(b) The system shall contain all of the following provisions:

(1) Citations shall be in writing and shall describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including specific reference to the provision of law determined to have been violated.

(2) Where appropriate, the citation shall contain an order of abatement fixing reasonable time for abatement of the violation.

(3) (A) Administrative fines assessed by the program shall be separate from and shall not preclude the levying of any other fines or any civil or criminal penalty.

(B) In no event shall the administrative fine assessed by the program be less than fifty dollars ($50) or exceed two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) for each violation. The total assessment shall not exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000) for each investigation or for counts involving fraudulent billings submitted to insurance companies, Medi-Cal, or Medicare programs.

(4) In assessing a fine, the program shall give due consideration to the appropriateness of the amount of the fine with respect to factors such as the gravity of the violation, the good faith effort of the licensee, examinee, or participant, the unprofessional conduct, including, but not limited to, incompetence and negligence in the performance of the duties and responsibilities of an administrator, the extent to which the cited person has mitigated or attempted to mitigate any damage or injury caused by his or her violation, whether the violation was related to patient care, the history of any previous violations, and other matters as may be appropriate.

(5) A citation or fine assessment issued pursuant to a citation shall inform the licensee, examinee, or participant, that if he or she desires a hearing to contest the finding of a violation, the hearing shall be requested by written notice to the program within 30 days after the date of issuance of the citation or assessment. A licensee may, in lieu of contesting a citation pursuant to this section, transmit to the state department 75 percent of the amount specified in the citation for each violation within 15 business days after the issuance of the citation.

(6) Failure of a licensee, examinee, or participant to pay a fine within 30 days of the date of the assessment, unless the citation is being appealed, may result in further disciplinary action being taken by the program. Where a citation is not contested and a fine is not paid, the full amount of the assessed fine, along with any accrued penalty interest, shall be added to the fee for renewal of the license. A license shall not be renewed without payment of the renewal fee, fine, and accrued interest penalty. A citation may be issued without the assessment of an administrative fine.

(c) Assessment of administrative fines may be limited to only particular violations of the applicable licensing act. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, where a fine is paid to satisfy an assessment based on the finding of a violation, payment of the fine shall be represented as satisfactory resolution of the matter for purposes of public disclosures. Administrative fines collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Nursing Home Administrator's State License Examining Fund.
1416.72. (a) The program may issue a citation to any person who holds a license from the program and who violates any statute or regulation governing licensed nursing home administrators.

(b) Any licensee served with a citation may contest the citation by appeal to the program within 30 days of service of the citation. Appeals shall be conducted pursuant to Section 100171.

(c) In addition to requesting a hearing before an administrative law judge, the licensee may, within 10 days after service of the citation, notify the department in writing of his or her request for an informal conference with the department regarding the violations cited in the citation. At the time of requesting an informal conference, the licensee shall inform the department whether he or she shall be represented at the informal conference by legal counsel. Failure to notify the department of legal representation shall not result in forfeiture of the right to have legal counsel present. Unless the request for an informal hearing is made within the 10-day period, the licensee's right to an informal hearing is deemed waived.

(d) The department shall hold an informal conference with the licensee and, if applicable, his or her legal counsel or authorized representatives. At the conclusion of the informal conference, the department may affirm, modify, or dismiss the citation, including any administrative fine levied, or order of abatement issued.

(e) The licensee does not waive his or her request for a hearing to contest a citation by requesting an informal conference. If the citation is dismissed after the informal conference, the request for a hearing on the matter of the citation shall be deemed to be withdrawn. If the citation, including any administrative fine levied or order of abatement, is modified or affirmed, the citation shall be upheld and the licensee shall, within 15 working days from the date the citation review conference decision was rendered, notify the director or the director's designee that he or she wishes to appeal the decision through the procedures set forth in Section 100171.

1416.74. (a) The time allowed for abatement of violation shall begin the first day after the order of abatement has been served or received. If a licensee who has been issued an order of abatement is unable to complete the correction within the time set forth in the citation because of conditions beyond his or her control after the exercise of reasonable diligence, the licensee may request from the program an extension of time in which to complete the correction. The request shall be in writing and made within the time set for abatement.

Failure to Pay A Fine – Informal Conference

Abatement
(b) An order of abatement shall either be personally served upon the licensee or mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(c) When an order of abatement is not contested, or if the order is appealed and the licensee does not prevail, failure to abate the violation cited within the time specified in the citation shall constitute a violation and failure to comply with the order of abatement. Where a licensee has failed to correct a violation within the time specified in the citation the department shall assess the licensee a civil penalty in the amount of fifty dollars ($50) for each day that the violation continues beyond the date specified in the citation. If the licensee disputes a determination by the department regarding alleged failure to correct a violation or regarding the reasonableness of the proposed deadline for correction, the licensee may request an informal conference to contest the determination.

(d) Any unpaid administrative fine shall begin accruing a 7-percent interest penalty on the unpaid balance due. This interest shall continue to accrue until the administrative fine and interest are paid in full.

1416.75. The program may deny, or may suspend or revoke, a license upon any of the following grounds:

(a) Gross negligence.
(b) Incompetence.
(c) The conviction of any crime involving dishonesty or which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a nursing home administrator. A conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section.
(d) Using fraud or deception in applying for a license or in taking the examination provided for in this chapter.
(e) Treating or attempting to treat any physical or mental condition without being currently licensed to do so.
(f) Violating Section 650 of the Business and Professions Code, any provision of this chapter, or any rule or regulation of the program adopted pursuant to this chapter.
(g) Lack of any qualification requirement for the license.
(h) Failure to report under Section 1416.60 to the program, without just cause.

1416.76. (a) The program may deny a nursing home administrator applicant or licensee, a license, based on one of the following grounds:

(1) Conviction of a crime. A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction

Denial Suspension Revocation
Conviction - Rehabilitation
following a plea of nolo contendere. The program may take action following the establishment of a conviction after the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code.

(2) Commits any act involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit with the intent to substantially benefit himself or herself or another, or substantially injure another.

(3) Commits any act which, if done by a licentiate, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of license. The program may deny a license pursuant to this subdivision only if the crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a nursing home administrator.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, no person shall be denied a license solely on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a felony if he or she has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation under Section 4852.01 of the Penal Code, or that he or she has been convicted of a misdemeanor and has met all applicable requirements of the criteria of rehabilitation developed by the program pursuant to subdivision (f).

(c) The program may deny a nursing home administrator license on the ground that the applicant knowingly made a false statement of fact required to be revealed in the application for the license.

(d) The program may suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the applicant or licensee has been convicted of a crime, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), if the crime is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a nursing home administrator.

(e) The program shall develop criteria to use to determine whether a crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a nursing home administrator, and shall use the criteria when considering the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license.

(f) The program shall develop criteria to be used by the program to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when considering the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this section.

(g) The program shall take into account all competent evidence of rehabilitation furnished by the applicant or licensee pursuant to the evaluation process set forth in subdivision (f).

1416.77. The program may deny, or may suspend or revoke, a nursing home administrator license or participation in specific training program areas under this chapter upon any of the following grounds:

(a) Misappropriation of funds or property of the facility, the patients, or of others.

(b) Using fraud, deception, or misrepresentation in applying for the AIT Program, the examination for licensure, or any other program functions provided for in this chapter.

(c) Procuring a nursing home license by fraud, deception, or misrepresentation.
(d) Impersonating any applicant or acting as a proxy for an applicant in an examination.

(e) Impersonating any licensed nursing home administrator.

(f) Treating or attempting to treat any physical or mental condition without having a valid license to do so.

(g) Violating Section 650 of the Business and Professions Code, any provisions of this chapter, or any rule or regulation of the program adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(h) Lack of any qualification requirement for a license, participation in the AIT Program or preceptor program.

(i) A pattern of failure to report changes under Section 1416.60 to the program without just cause.

(j) Failure to comply with this chapter or the laws, rules, and regulations relating to health facilities.

(k) The commission of any dishonest, corrupt, or fraudulent act or any act of physical or mental, including sexual, abuse of any person in connection with the administration of, or any patient in, a nursing home.

(l) Violation by the licensee of any of the provisions of this chapter or of the rules and regulations promulgated under this chapter.

(m) Aiding, abetting, or conspiring with another person to violate provisions of this chapter or of the rules and regulations promulgated under this chapter.

(n) Violation of the examination security agreement.

1416.78. (a) The program may place a nursing home administrator license on probation in lieu of formal action to suspend or revoke the license if the department determines that probation is the appropriate action. Upon successful completion of the probation period, the license shall be restored to regular status.

(b) The probationary license shall be based upon an agreement entered into between the licensee and the program that specifies terms and conditions of licensure during the probationary period. The terms and conditions shall be related to matters, including, but not limited to, work performance, rehabilitation, training, counseling, progress reports, and treatment programs.

(c) The term of the probationary license shall not exceed two years. If the licensee successfully completes the term of probation, as determined by the department, no further action shall be taken upon the allegations that were the basis for the probationary license. If the licensee fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the probationary license agreement, the department may proceed with a formal action to suspend or revoke the license.

Probation
1416.80. Upon the determination to deny application for licensure for grounds specified in Section 1416.77, the program shall immediately notify the applicant in writing by certified mail. A petition for an administrative hearing must be received by the program within 20 business days of receipt of notification. Upon receipt, the department shall set the matter for administrative hearing, pursuant to procedures specified in Section 100171.

1416.82. (a) Proceedings to suspend or revoke licensure for grounds specified in Section 1416.77 shall be conducted in accordance with Section 100171. In the event of conflict between this chapter and Section 100171, Section 100171 shall prevail.

(b) (1) The program may temporarily suspend any license prior to any hearing if the action is necessary to protect the public welfare. The program shall notify the licensee of the temporary suspension and the effective date. Upon receipt of a notice of defense by the licensee, the department shall set the matter within 15 days. The administrative hearing conducted in accordance with Section 100171 shall be held as soon as possible but not later than 30 days after receipt of the notice. The temporary suspension shall remain in effect until the hearing is completed and the department has made a final determination on the merits. However, the temporary suspension shall be deemed vacated if the department fails to make a final determination on the merits of the action within 60 days after the original hearing has been completed. If the provisions of this chapter or the rules or regulations promulgated by the director are violated by a licensee, the director may suspend the license for the violation.

(2) If the program determines that the temporary suspension shall become an actual suspension, the department shall specify the period of the suspension, not to exceed two years. The program may determine that the suspension shall be stayed, and place the licensee on probation for a period that shall not exceed two years.

(c) The program may suspend or revoke a license prior to any hearing when immediate action is necessary in the judgment of the director to protect the public welfare. Proceedings for immediate revocation shall be conducted in accordance with Section 100171. The department shall set the matter for hearing within 15 days and hold the administrative hearing as soon as possible but not later than 30 calendar days from receipt of the request for a hearing. A written hearing decision upholding or setting aside the action shall be sent by certified mail to the licenseholder within 30 calendar days of the hearing.
1416.84. Whenever any person has engaged, or is about to engage, in any acts or practices that constitute, or will constitute, a violation of this chapter, the superior court in and for the county in which those acts or practices take place, or are about to take place, may issue an injunction or other appropriate order, restraining the conduct, on application of the program, to the Attorney General, or the district attorney.

1416.86. If any provision of this chapter, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are declared to be severable.